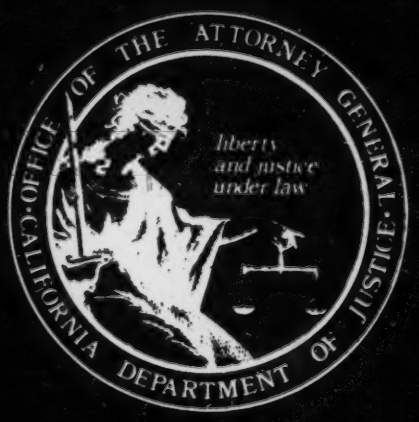
S0910-1-U(A)

Crime and Delinquency in California, 1986

John K. Van de Kamp, Attorney General

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE/DIVISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT
CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION AND INFORMATION BRANCH
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS



State of California

Department of Justice

JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General

CRIME AND DELINQUENCY IN CALIFORNIA, 1986

Prepared by
Division of Law Enforcement
Criminal Identification and Information Branch
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS AND SPECIAL SERVICES

4949 Broadway
P. O. Box 903427
Sacramento, CA 94203-4270

87030 9/87 3.5M

Illustrations in this publication are from "DAUMIER 120 Great Lithographs", published by Dover Publications, Inc., New York. They are used with the publishers' permission.

The thing that hath been, it is that which shall be;
and that which is done is that which shall be done:
and there is no new thing under the sun.

Ecclesiastes 1:9

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S RESEARCH ADVISORY COUNCIL

Chairman
Brian Taugher, Special Assistant Attorney General
Office of the Attorney General

Richard A. Berk, Professor of Sociology
Social Process Research Institute
University of California, Santa Barabara

Floyd Feeney
Center of Administration of Criminal Justice
University of California, Davis

Malcolm Feeley
Center for Study of Law and Society
University of California, Berkeley

Peter Greenwood, Senior Researcher
Criminal Justice Research Program, The Rand Corporation

Steve Kolodney, Director
Office of Information Technology, Department of Finance

Barry Krisberg, President
National Council on Crime and Delinquency

Sheldon L. Messinger, Professor
School of Law, Center for Study of Law and Society
University of California, Berkeley

Lincoln Moses, Professor
Department of Statistics
Stanford University, Palo Alto

The role of the Bureau of Criminal Statistics is:

- To collect, analyze, and report statistical data which provide valid measures of crime and the criminal justice process;
- To examine these data on an ongoing basis to better describe crime and the criminal justice system;
- To promote the responsible presentation and use of crime statistics.

BUREAU OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS AND SPECIAL SERVICES

R. James Rasmussen, Chief

Joan Costello..... Publication Coordinator, Crimes, Adult Corrections, Expenditures and Personnel Sections
Ron Lai ..... Design and Publication Consultant

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS CENTER

Steve Crawford ..... Program Manager
Dennis Bartholomew ..... Section Manager, Operations
Linda Nance..... Arrests Section
Adele Spears..... Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions and Juvenile Justice System Sections
Ted Olsen..... Editor
Charlotte Rhea..... Special Requests
Vicki Louie
Bonnie Collins
Robert Livingston..... Section Manager, Program Support
Rebecca Bowe..... Senior Graphic Artist
Donnette Orsi..... Composing Technician
Elaine Thordsen..... Word Processing Technician
Margaret Jackson..... Data Technician
Shirley Anderson..... Data Technician
Betty Pultz..... Data Technician

STATISTICAL DATA CENTER

Sandi Grout ..... Program Manager
Quint Hegner ..... Section Manager, Uniform Crime Reporting
Ann Kelly
Deborah Miyai
Don Peri
George Scarborough
Noel Durham .....Section Manager, Courts/Corrections Statistical Systems
Josie Allen
Michele Azevedo
Tom Bakke
Fabian Favila
Del McGuire
Myrna Naughton

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S

Crime in California in 1986, as measured by the California Crime Index (CCI), made a sharp 7.5 percent jump over the previous year. Increases were noted in every crime category of the CCI except burglary. The CCI consists of the violent crimes of willful homicide, forcible rape, aggravated assault, robbery and the property crimes of burglary and motor vehicle theft. By far the biggest contributor to the rise was the aggravated assault rate increase of 35.6 percent. This sizeable change, however, is primarily the result of a shift in law enforcement procedures and reporting practices in domestic violence cases. On the bright side, the burglary crime rate is down for the fifth year in a row — down 24 percent since 1981. The series of sanctions targeting burglary offenders appear to be bearing fruit.

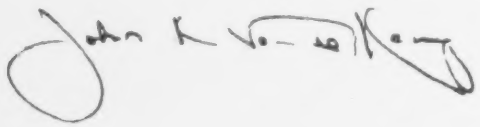
Increased California law enforcement action resulted in a 2 percent rise in the total arrest rate. This growth represents nearly 80,000 more arrestees entering the California criminal justice system over the previous year. The biggest increases again this year were in drug law violations, especially arrests for narcotic offenses. Narcotic arrests have increased about 200 percent since

ESSAGE . . . . . .

81 with almost half of the increase occurring between 85 and 1986. Narcotic arrests of juveniles are also coming more frequent. Since last year, the rate of adult rcotic arrests increased almost 39 percent, while the venile narcotic arrest rate increased about 88 percent.

A look at court processing of offenders shows that we are convicting nearly 79 percent of those arrested for felonies and for whom a complaint was filed. Additionally, for those convicted, 85 percent receive an incarcerative sentence, either jail or prison. While these figures reflect sound prosecutions and a responsive criminal justice system, the resulting pressure on the state's correctional system has reached critical levels.

Our criminal justice system in California has responded well to the increasing demands placed upon it. However, despite these efforts, criminal justice resources are being stretched to the limit by the rapidly growing menace of substance abuse in our society. The magnitude of the problem calls for new initiatives and a focused and united effort by California's public and private institutions if we are to make any meaningful headway soon.



CONTENTS

Page

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S MESSAGE ii
HIGHLIGHTS vi

CRIMES 2
California Crime Index 5
Violent Crimes 6
Willful Homicide 7
Forcible Rape 9
Robbery 10
Aggravated Assault 12
Property Crimes 13
Burglary 14
Motor Vehicle Theft 16
Larceny-theft 18
Stolen and Recovered Property 20
Arson 22
Clearances 24

ARRESTS 28
Total Arrests 30
Felony Arrests 33
Violent Crime Arrests 35
Property Crime Arrests 42
Drug Law Violation Arrests 49
Misdemeanor Arrests 55
Personal Characteristics of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrestees 62
Discussion of Changes in Arrest Rates Based on Different At-Risk Populations 66

ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS 72
Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions 74
Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted 76
Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Violent Crimes 78
Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Property Crimes 80
Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Drug Law Violations 82
A Word About Conviction Rates 84

CONTENTS

Page

88 ADULT CORRECTIONS
89 Adults Under State and Local Supervision
90 Adults Under State Supervision
91 Adults Under Local Supervision
92 Adult Probation Caseload
93 Adults Placed on and Removed from Probation
94 Adults Committed to State Institutions

98 JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM
100 Juvenile Arrests
102 Law Enforcement Dispositions of Juvenile Arrests
104 Probation Department Dispositions of New Referrals
105 Juvenile Court Dispositions of New Petitions
107 Probation Department Dispositions of Subsequent Referrals
108 Juvenile Court Dispositions of Subsequent Petitions
110 Juvenile Probation Caseload
112 Juveniles in County-Operated Detention Facilities
114 First Commitments to the California Youth Authority from Juvenile Court

116 CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES AND PERSONNEL
118 Expenditures
120 Personnel

123 APPENDIX
124 Citizens' Complaints Against Peace Officers
125 Domestic Violence
126 Known Data Limitations
127 Criminal Justice Glossary

135 DATA SECTION

HIGHLIGHTS

A change in law enforcement procedures for dealing with domestic violence incidents accounted for a 35.6 percent change in the aggravated assault crime rate. This is the most significant factor driving the CCI rate up 7.5 percent in 1986.

The annual increase in the motor vehicle theft crime rate for 1986 is nearly twice that of 1985 (13.3 and 6.8 percent, respectively).

Since 1983, felony arrest rates have increased 18.4 percent, while misdemeanor rates decreased slightly (down 1.9 percent).

A 1986 law change affecting assault arrests was the most significant factor driving the violent crime arrest rate up 25.0 percent.

HIGHLIGHTS

Juvenile motor vehicle theft arrest rates are on the rise with a considerable increase of 63.9 percent from 1984 to 1985.

The overall rate increase in total drug law violation arrests is primarily due to the increase in narcotic arrests (up 182.6 percent from 1981).

The percentage of drug law convictions which resulted in sentences to state institutions in 1985 has more than doubled since 1981 (7.1 and 15.5 percent, respectively).

The rate increase, from 1985 to 1986, in adults under state supervision is more than three times greater than that of local supervision (11.5 and 3.6 percent, respectively).

From 1985 to 1986, the number of juveniles referred to probation departments increased 5.4 percent, although juvenile arrests increased only 2.1 percent.

It is characteristic of wisdom not to do desperate things.

Henry David Thoreau
(1854)

CRIMES

CRIMES

WHAT IS A CRIME?

A crime is an act specifically prohibited by law, or failure to perform an act specifically required by law, for which punishment is prescribed.

- **Felonies** are serious crimes for which the offender can be sentenced to state prison.
- **Misdemeanors** are less serious crimes for which the offender can be sentenced to various combinations of probation, county jail, fine, etc.
- **Infractions** are the least serious crimes and are usually punishable by a fine.

HOW ARE CRIMES COUNTED?

All crimes are not counted on a nationwide, or in California on a statewide, scale. Instead, there are two methods used as indicators of the scope of crime and its fluctuations.

Victimization Studies have been conducted regularly by the Federal Government since 1972. The method is similar to public polling, in which a representative sample of households and commercial organizations is selected and their occupants interviewed to determine the crimes which have been committed against them and/or their premises. The amount of crime is determined by the responses of the representative sample, expressed in percentages of the entire population.

The **Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program** was inaugurated over 50 years ago and is administered on the national level by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It provides criminal statistics for use in law enforcement administration, operation, and management. In California, this program is administered by the Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS).

As part of this program, law enforcement agencies throughout the state report summary information to BCS on "selected" offenses. Offenses reported are classified by UCR definitions designed to eliminate differences among various states in penal code definitions of crimes. This information is not only incorporated in this Crime and Delinquency report; it is processed and forwarded to the FBI for use in its annual publication, *Crime in the United States.*

The offenses, selected because of their seriousness, frequency of occurrence, and likelihood of being reported to the police, are: willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Except for larceny-theft, UCR does not count misdemeanors and infractions.

BCS differs slightly from the FBI in presentation of crime data. The **California Crime Index** (CCI) comprises willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. These crimes are all felony offenses. When a 1983 law raised the lower limit of felony theft from $200 to over $400, BCS dropped theft ($200 and over) from its measure of crime. Arson data have been collected only since 1980. Therefore, to maintain long-term felony trend data in the CCI, only six offenses are included.

CRIMES

In 1982, the Federal Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) and the FBI initiated a joint study of the National UCR Program which has been operational since 1930. The study was completed in 1985 and published as the "Blueprint For The Future Of The Uniform Crime Reporting Program." The Blueprint recommended the summary UCR system be redesigned as an **Incident-Based Reporting** (IBR) system. The Blueprint recommendations were endorsed by the U.S. Department of Justice in late 1985.

Under an IBR system, law enforcement agencies would submit a separate record on each criminal incident including data describing the event, all offenses which occurred, and information on the victim and the offense. An IBR system would then be able to provide legislators, administrators, and planners with data that would more accurately measure the total number of crimes occurring in society, the severity of those crimes, and who gets victimized.

With the Blueprint as a model, the FBI began the implementation phase of IBR in 1986. A contractor was hired to write the implementation guidelines and the state of South Carolina was selected as a test site for a demonstration project. Data collection for the project started early in 1987. In April 1987 limited federal grant funds were made available to thirteen other state UCR programs to begin work on pilot projects to implement IBR. California was included in the thirteen states selected. In mid-1987, the California UCR Program will begin a study to evaluate the feasibility of a conversion to IBR.

WHAT IS A CRIME RATE?

Crime rates describe the number of events reported to the police per 100,000 population. In effect, the number of crimes is divided by the total population. For instance, in 1986 there were 92,513 robberies in California and the population was 26,980,800, equalling a robbery crime rate per 100,000 population of 342.9.

$$\frac{92{,}513}{26{,}980{,}800} = .003429 \times 100{,}000 = 342.9$$

CLEARANCE RATE

Clearance rates are determined by dividing the number of clearances reported by the number of crimes reported. For instance, in 1986 there were 1,887 clearances for willful homicide crimes and 3,030 willful homicides reported, equalling a willful homicide clearance rate of 62.3.

$$\frac{1{,}887}{3{,}030} = .6228 \times 100 = 62.3$$

WHY SERIOUS CRIME IS UNDERCOUNTED

The UCR Program does not account for all crimes. For example, not all crimes reported to the police are counted in the UCR system and some crimes, narcotic sales and prostitution, for instance, are under-reported. Some Index crimes go undetected and therefore unreported.

CRIMES

Another reason for underreporting of serious crime is the **hierarchy rule**. Most offenses occur singly as opposed to many crimes being committed simultaneously. However, if several offenses are committed at the same time, only one is reported through UCR. For example, if a person were to enter a bar, rob eight patrons, and kill the bartender, only the homicide would be reported.

The **hierarchy rule** assigns a value to each of the crimes and requires that only the single most serious offense be reported. Arson is the exception. Since arson frequently occurs in conjunction with other crimes reported in the UCR system, it was felt that valuable information would be lost using the hierarchy rule.

The UCR system collects information in summary form which shows one count for each offense reported. No distinction can be made as to the range of seriousness that can be present in most offenses.

CAN JURISDICTIONAL COMPARISONS BE MADE WITH UCR DATA?

UCR data are collected nationwide in a manner that standardizes the definitions of offenses. However, a number of factors can influence crime counts in particular jurisdictions. These factors should be considered when using UCR crime statistics, especially for comparison purposes.

- Variations in composition of the population, particularly age structure.
- Population density and size of locality and its surrounding area.
- Stability of population with respect to residents' mobility and transient factors.
- Economic conditions, including job availability.
- Cultural conditions, such as education, recreation, and religious characteristics.
- Climate.
- Effective strength of law enforcement agencies.
- Administrative and investigative emphases of law enforcement.
- Policies of other components of the criminal justice system (i.e., prosecutorial, judicial, correctional, and probational).
- Attitudes of citizenry toward crime.
- Crime-reporting practices of citizenry.

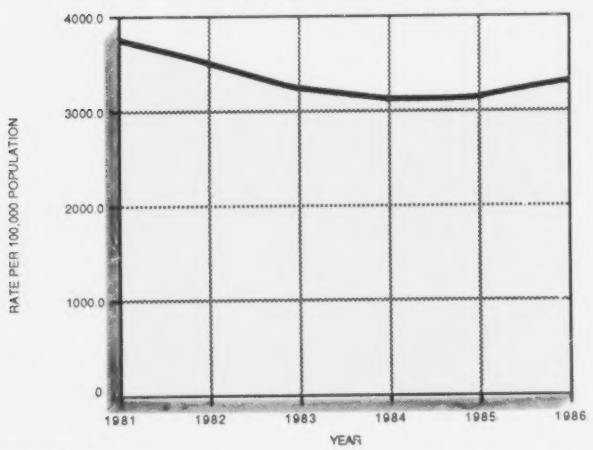
WHAT IS THE VALUE OF THE UCR PROGRAM?

Since its inception in 1930, UCR has become a nationwide Program. All California law enforcement agencies report UCR data. Quality control surveys conducted by BCS staff since the mid-1970s have shown a high level of compliance with UCR reporting standards. The number of participants and the amount of data collected under the stringent rules of the system make it a prime indicator of the amount and fluctuation of serious crime.

WHAT IT ALL MEANS

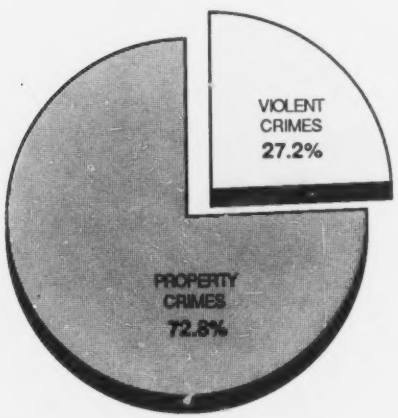
It means crime is not an easy thing to measure. In California, however, due to the high quality of its police agencies and their close cooperation with the State Department of Justice, UCR is, and has been for many years, an extremely good *indicator* of the extent and fluctuation in crimes reported to the police.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX, 1986
By Category



Source: Table 2.

California Crime Index, 1981-1986

The California Crime Index (CCI) comprises willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, and motor vehicle theft.

From 1981 to 1986:

- California Crime Index offenses reported decreased 10.2 percent in rate per 100,000 population.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The California Crime Index increased 7.5 percent in rate.

In 1986, of 911,697 California Crime Index offenses reported:

- Violent crimes accounted for 27.2 percent (248,352).
- Property crimes accounted for 72.8 percent (663,345).

A change in law enforcement procedures for dealing with domestic violence incidents accounted for a 35.6 percent change in the aggravated assault crime rate. This is the most significant factor driving the CCI rate up 7.5 percent in 1986.

Violent Crimes, 1981-1986

Violent crimes are willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

From 1981 to 1986:

- Violent crimes reported increased 7.0 percent in rate.

From 1985 to 1986:

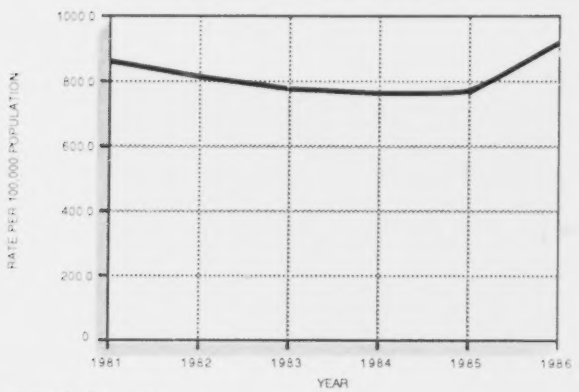
- The violent crime rate increased 20.1 percent.

In 1986, of 248,352 violent crimes reported:

- Willful homicide accounted for 1.2 percent (3,030).
- Forcible rape accounted for 4.9 percent (12,118).
- Robbery accounted for 37.3 percent (92,513).
- Aggravated assault accounted for 56.6 percent (140,691).

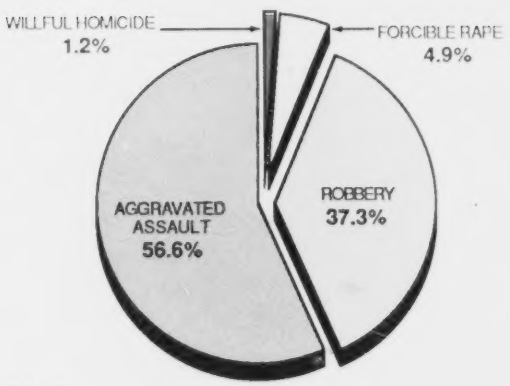
While all violent crime categories registered increases in 1986, eighty-five percent of the numeric increase is attributed to the rise in aggravated assault crimes.

VIOLENT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

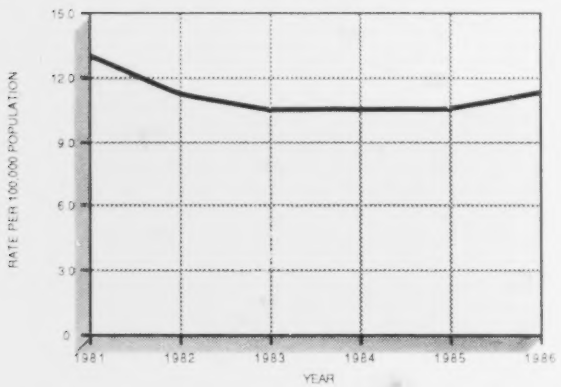
VIOLENT CRIMES, 1986
By Offense



Source: Table 2.

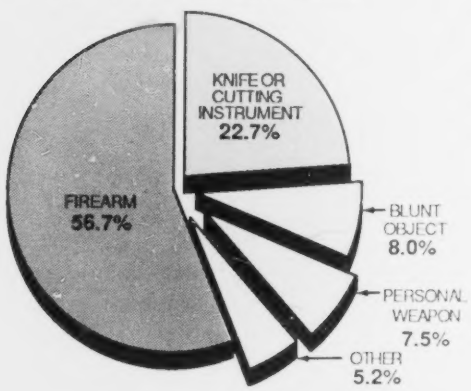
Willful Homicide, 1981-1986

WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1986
Known Type of Weapon Used



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 3.

Willful Homicide - *The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.*

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of willful homicides reported decreased 13.8 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Willful homicides increased 6.7 percent in rate.

In 1986, of 3,030 willful homicides reported, the type of weapon used was known in 3,005 cases (99.2 percent). Of these:

- Firearms accounted for 56.7 percent (1,703).
- Knives or cutting instruments accounted for 22.7 percent (681).
- Other weapons, such as blunt objects, personal weapons (hands, fists, feet), and "other" accounted for 20.7 percent (621).

The 6.7 percent increase in 1986 brought the willful homicide rate up to the 1982 rate (11.2 per 100,000 population).

Homicides Involving Peace Officers, 1977-1986

Because of the relatively small numbers of both peace officers killed in the line of duty and justifiable homicides by peace officers each year, annual percent changes are unreliable for detecting meaningful trends. Consequently, these data have been analyzed over two five-year periods.

Peace officers killed in the line of duty

From 1977 - 1981 to 1982 - 1986:

- There was a 40.4 percent decrease in the number of peace officers killed in the past five years compared to those killed in the previous five years (31 and 52, respectively).

From 1985 to 1986:

- The number of peace officers killed increased from 4 to 6.

Justifiable homicides by peace officers

From 1977 - 1981 to 1982 - 1986:

- There was a 12.8 percent decrease in the number of justifiable homicides by peace officers in the past five years compared to those in the previous five years (389 and 446, respectively).

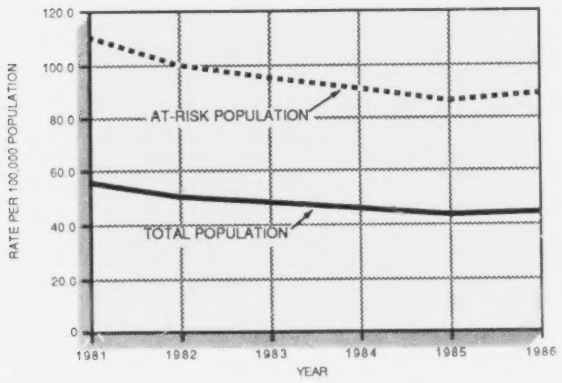
From 1985 to 1986:

- The number of justifiable homicides by peace officers decreased from 91 to 85.

HOMICIDES INVOLVING PEACE OFFICERS, 1977-1986

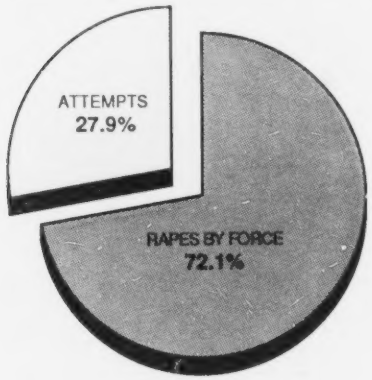
Year	Peace officers killed	Killed by peace officers in line of duty
TOTAL	83	835
Total	31	389
1986	6	85
1985	4	91
1984	6	64
1983	9	78
1982	6	71
Total	52	446
1981	8	68
1980	7	92
1979	12	102
1978	12	87
1977	13	97

FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Total and At-Risk Population



Source: Tables 1 and 4.

FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1986



Source: Table 4.

Forcible Rape, 1981- 1986

Forcible Rape - *The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included.*

Forcible rape crimes are included in both the violent crime category and the California Crime Index. The crime rates for these two measures of crime are calculated using the total (general) population. Since the UCR definition of forcible rape states that only females can be victims, the forcible rape crime rate has been added using the female (at-risk) population. Although both rates are shown on the trend chart, only the at-risk rate is discussed in the narrative.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The at-risk rate of forcible rapes reported decreased 19.3 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Forcible rapes increased 2.5 percent in at-risk rate.

In 1986, of 12,118 forcible rapes reported:

- Rapes by force accounted for 72.1 percent (8,733).
- Attempts to commit forcible rape accounted for 27.9 percent (3,385).

The forcible rape crime rate increased for the first time since 1981.

Robbery, 1981- 1986

Robbery - *The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.*

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of robberies reported decreased 11.4 percent.

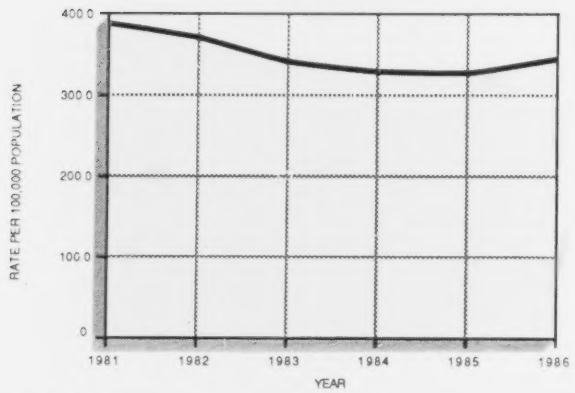
From 1985 to 1986:

- Robberies increased 4.6 percent in rate.

In 1986, of 92,513 robberies reported:

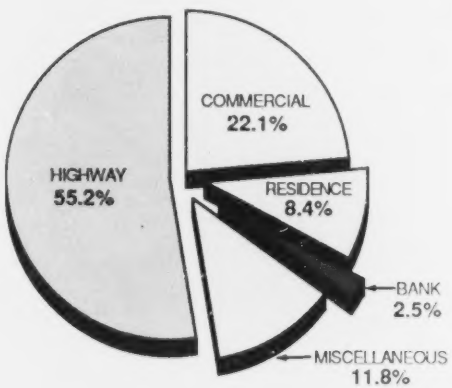
- Highway robberies (streets, parks, parking lots, etc.) accounted for 55.2 percent (51,022).
- Commercial robberies accounted for 22.1 percent (20,458).
- Residential robberies accounted for 8.4 percent (7,759).
- Bank robberies accounted for 2.5 percent (2,331).
- Miscellaneous robberies (churches, schools, trains, etc.) accounted for 11.8 percent (10,943).

ROBBERY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

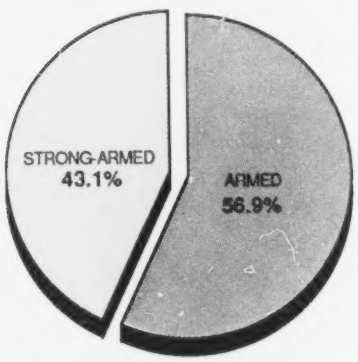
ROBBERY CRIMES, 1986
By Location



Source: Table 5.

Robbery (continued)

ROBBERY CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Robbery



In 1986, of all robberies reported:

- Armed robberies accounted for 56.9 percent (52,644).
- Strong-armed robberies accounted for 43.1 percent (39,869).

Of the 52,644 armed robberies reported:

- Firearms were involved in 57.5 percent (30,256).
- Knives or cutting instruments were involved in 24.5 percent (12,904).
- Other dangerous weapons were involved in 18.0 percent (9,484).

ARMED ROBBERY CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Weapon

- FIREARM
- KNIFE OR CUTTING INSTRUMENT
- OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON

Source: Table 5.

The proportion of robberies with a weapon (armed) has decreased each year for the last five years.

Aggravated Assault, 1981-1986

Aggravated Assault - An unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of aggravated assaults reported increased 28.9 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

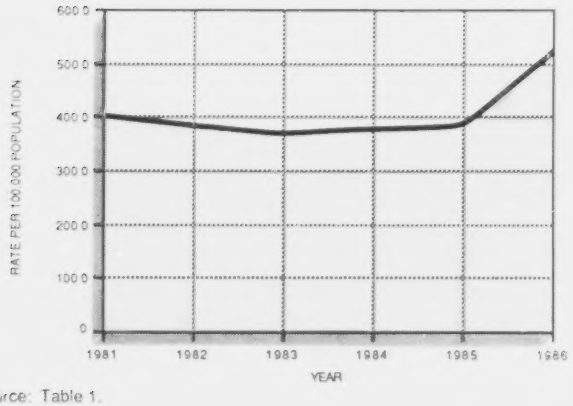
- Aggravated assaults increased 35.6 percent in rate.

In 1986, of 140,691 aggravated assaults reported:

- Firearms were involved in 16.5 percent (23,176).
- Knives or cutting instruments were involved in 15.5 percent (21,774).
- Other dangerous weapons were involved in 30.5 percent (42,917).
- Hands, fists, feet, etc. were involved in 37.5 percent (52,824).

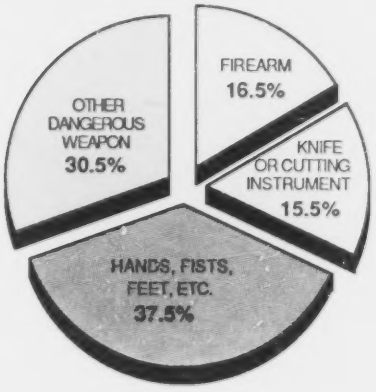
The increase in aggravated assault is attributed to the change in police procedures for handling domestic violence incidents as alleged criminal conduct.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Weapon



Source: Table 6

Property Crimes, 1981-1986

Property crimes are burglary and motor vehicle theft.

From 1981 to 1986:

- Property crimes reported decreased 15.3 percent in rate.

From 1985 to 1986:

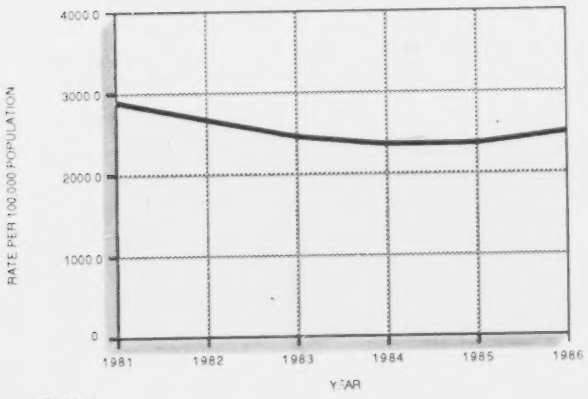
- The property crime rate increased 3.5 percent.

In 1986, of 663,345 property crimes reported:

- Burglary accounted for 69.0 percent (457,743).
- Motor vehicle theft accounted for 31.0 percent (205,602).

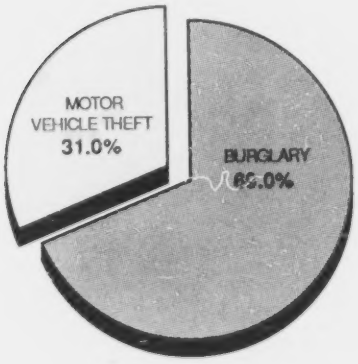
The increase in property crimes can be greatly attributed to motor vehicle theft, up 13. 6 percent.

PROPERTY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

PROPERTY CRIMES, 1986
By Offense



Source: Table 2.

Burglary, 1981-1986

Burglary - *The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.*

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of burglaries reported decreased 24.0 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

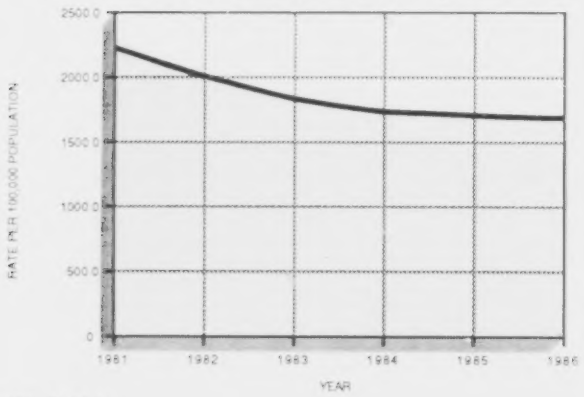
- Burglaries decreased .4 percent in rate.

In 1986, of 457,743 burglaries reported:

- Entry or attempted entry of a structure by force accounted for 68.8 percent (314,734).
- Entry of a structure without force (unlawful entry) accounted for 31.2 percent (143,009).

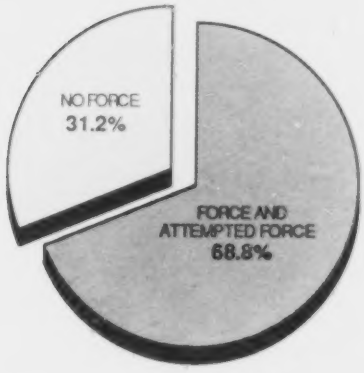
Burglary was the only crime to register a decrease in 1986 (down .4 percent) and a remarkable 24.0 percent decrease since 1981.

BURGLARY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

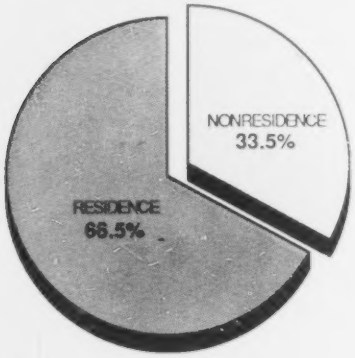
BURGLARY CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Entry



Source: Table 7.

Burglary (continued)

BURGLARY CRIMES, 1986
By Location



Source: Table 7

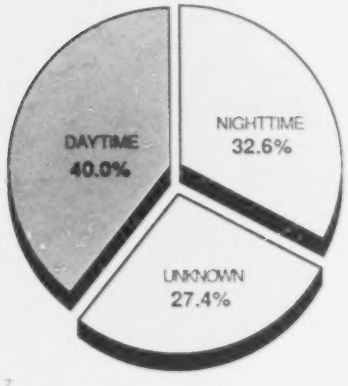
And,

- Residential burglaries accounted for 66.5 percent (304,264).
- Nonresidential burglaries accounted for 33.5 percent (153,479). Included in this category are commercial establishments, public buildings, etc.

And,

- Daytime burglaries accounted for 40.0 percent (183,127).
- Nighttime burglaries accounted for 32.6 percent (149,046).
- Burglaries occurring during an unknown hour accounted for 27.4 percent (125,570).

BURGLARY CRIMES, 1986
By Time of Day



Source: Table 7

Motor Vehicle Theft, 1981- 1986

Motor Vehicle Theft - *The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.*

From 1981 to 1986:

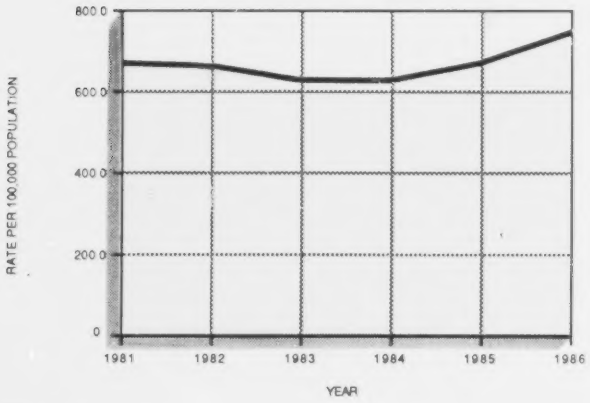
- The rate of motor vehicle thefts reported increased 13.6 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Motor vehicle thefts increased 13.3 percent in rate.

The annual increase in the motor vehicle theft rate for 1986 is nearly twice that of 1985 (13.3 and 6.8 percent, respectively).

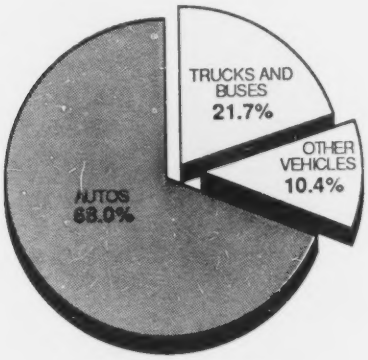
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

Motor Vehicle Theft (continued)

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Vehicle



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 8.

In 1986, of 205,602 motor vehicle thefts reported:

- Autos accounted for 68.0 percent (139,745).
- Trucks and buses accounted for 21.7 percent (44,541). Included in this category are vans and motor homes.
- Other vehicles accounted for 10.4 percent (21,316). Included in this category are motorcycles, snowmobiles, motor scooters, and trail bikes.

Larceny-theft, 1981-1986

Larceny-theft - *The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another (except embezzlement, fraud, forgery, and worthless checks).*

A 1983 law raised the lower limit of felony theft from $200 to over $400. In order to maintain trend data, theft was removed from the BCS measure of crime (formerly Seven Major Offenses and now California Crime Index). A high-volume crime, larceny-theft comprises almost 50 percent of the FBI Crime Index.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of total larceny-theft crimes reported decreased 11.0 percent.

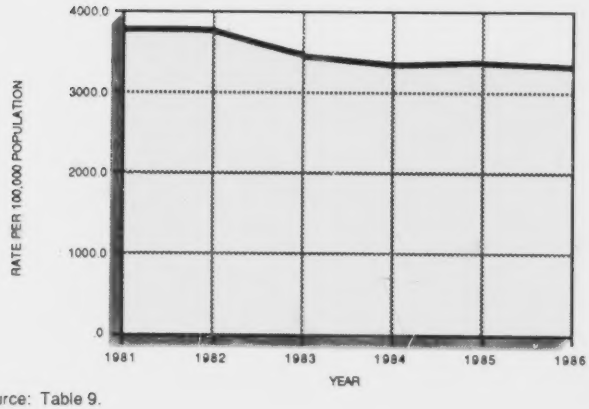
From 1985 to 1986:

- Total larceny-theft crimes showed no change in rate.

In 1986, of 913,057 larceny-theft crimes reported:

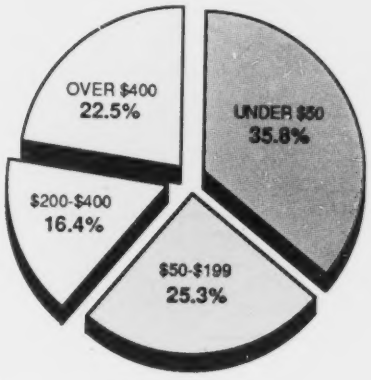
- Theft under $50 in value accounted for 35.8 percent (326,721).
- Theft $50 to $199 in value accounted for 25.3 percent (230,641).
- Theft $200 to $400 in value accounted for 16.4 percent (149,824).
- Theft over $400 in value accounted for 22.5 percent (205,871).

LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



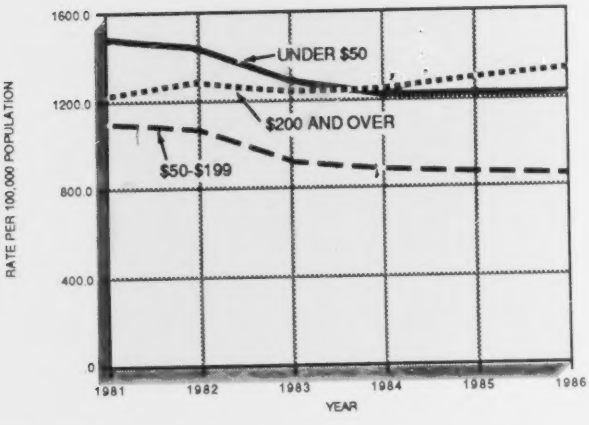
Source: Table 9.

LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1986
By Value of Loss



Source: Table 10.

LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Value of Loss
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 9.

Larceny-theft (continued)

From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of larceny-theft under $50 in value decreased 18.0 percent.
- The rate of larceny-theft $50-$199 in value decreased 22.0 percent.
- The rate of larceny-theft $200 and over in value increased 7.3 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Larceny-theft under $50 in value decreased 1.2 percent in rate.
- Larceny-theft $50-$199 in value decreased 1.2 percent in rate.
- Larceny-theft $200 and over in value increased 1.8 percent in rate.
- The rate of larceny-theft over $400 in value decreased .8 percent, while larceny-theft $200-$400 increased 5.6 percent (Table 9, page 142).

Stolen and Recovered Property, 1985-1986

As part of the UCR Program, law enforcement agencies submit monthly reports to the Bureau of Criminal Statistics of the estimated dollar value of property stolen and property recovered. In these reports, type of property is categorized in a uniform manner. However, agencies do not report these data consistently and frequently vary in their methods of estimating the dollar value of stolen property. Furthermore, property stolen and property recovered in any given time period are not identical. For these reasons, dollar values of such property must be viewed as rough estimates.

As shown in Table 11 (page 143),

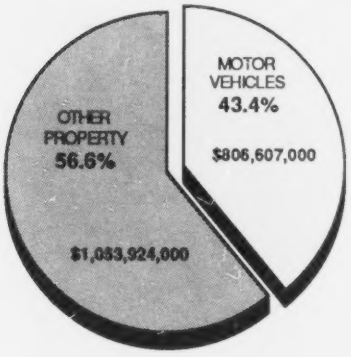
From 1985 to 1986, it was found that:

- There was a 10.3 percent increase in the dollar value of all property reported stolen.
- There was a 22.2 percent increase in the dollar value of motor vehicles reported stolen.
- There was a 2.7 percent increase in the dollar value of other property reported stolen.

And,

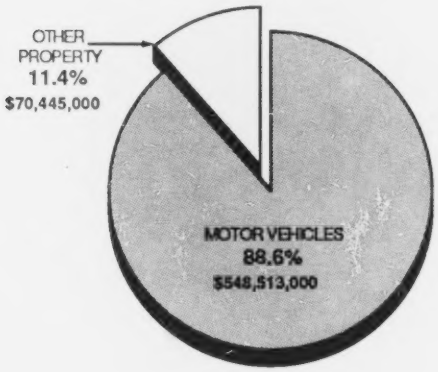
- There was a 14.4 percent increase in the dollar value of all property reported recovered.
- There was an 18.6 percent increase in the dollar value of stolen motor vehicles reported recovered.
- There was a 10.3 percent decrease in the dollar value of other stolen property reported recovered.

STOLEN PROPERTY, 1986
By Type and Dollar Value



Source: Table 11.

RECOVERED PROPERTY, 1986
By Type and Dollar Value



Source: Table 11.

Stolen and Recovered Property (continued)

In 1986, of the total dollar value of all property reported stolen:

- Stolen motor vehicles accounted for 43.4 percent.
- Other property accounted for 56.6 percent.

And, of the total dollar value of property reported recovered,

- Stolen motor vehicles accounted for 88.6 percent.
- Other property accounted for 11.4 percent.

When the dollar value of property recovered in 1986 was related to that of property stolen in 1986, it was found that:

- The recovery ratio of all property stolen was 33.3 percent.
- The recovery ratio of stolen motor vehicles was 68.0 percent.
- The recovery ratio of other property stolen was 6.7 percent.

Despite the limitations of law enforcement agency data discussed earlier, the recovery ratios of 1986 were similar to those of earlier years.

Arson, 1981-1986

Arson - *Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.*

Law enforcement agencies began submitting arson crimes data in 1979; however, 1980 was the first year of complete reporting. Improvements in reporting procedures may influence year-to-year comparability.

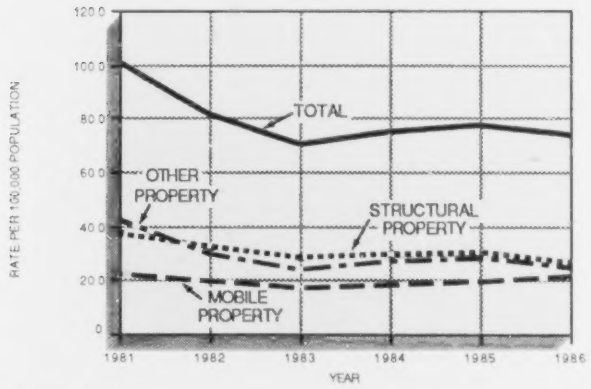
From 1981 to 1986:

- The rate of arson crimes reported decreased 27.9 percent.
- The rate of arson of structural property decreased 28.3 percent.
- The rate of arson of mobile property decreased 4.5 percent.
- The rate of arson of other property decreased 40.0 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Arson crimes decreased 5.8 percent in rate.
- Arson of structural property decreased 11.3 percent in rate.
- Arson of mobile property increased 9.3 percent in rate.
- Arson of other property decreased 10.4 percent in rate.

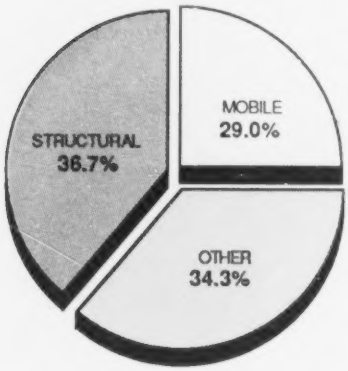
ARSON CRIMES, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 13

Arson (continued)

ARSON CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Property



Source: Table 13.

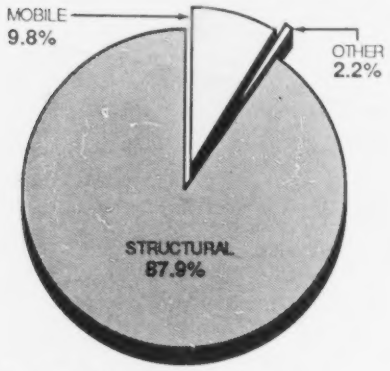
In 1986, of 19,722 arsons reported:

- Structural property accounted for 36.7 percent (7,234).
- Mobile property accounted for 29.0 percent (5,720).
- Other property accounted for 34.3 percent (6,768). Included in this category are crops, timber, fences, signs, etc.

In 1986, of the total dollar value of all property damaged:

- Structural property accounted for 87.9 percent.
- Mobile property accounted for 9.8 percent.
- Other property accounted for 2.2 percent.

ARSON CRIMES, 1986
Value of Property Damage



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 13.

Clearances, 1981-1986

Crimes are cleared by arrests or exceptional means. An offense is cleared or "solved" for crime reporting purposes when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of the offense, and turned over to the court for prosecution or cited to juvenile authorities. In certain situations a clearance may be counted by "exceptional" means when the police definitely know the identity of the offender, have enough information to support an arrest, and know the location of the offender but for some reason cannot take the offender into custody.

The clearance rate is the ratio of clearances to crimes reported. The statewide clearance rate has remained consistent from year to year; however, individual agency data may vary because of local policies.

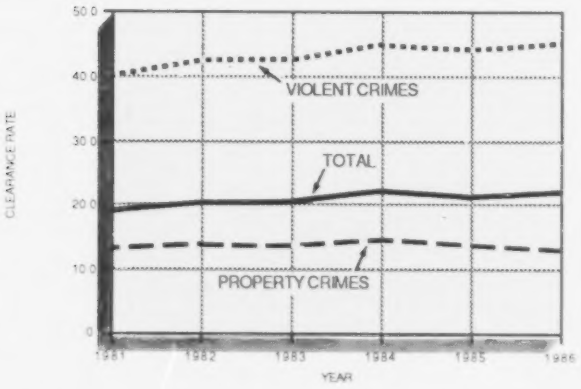
From 1981 to 1986:

- The clearance rate for the California Crime Index offenses increased 13.5 percent.
- The violent crime clearance rate increased 13.2 percent.
- The property crime clearance rate showed no change.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The clearance rate for the California Crime Index offenses increased 3.3 percent.
- The violent crime clearance rate increased 2.9 percent.
- The property crime clearance rate decreased 3.6 percent.

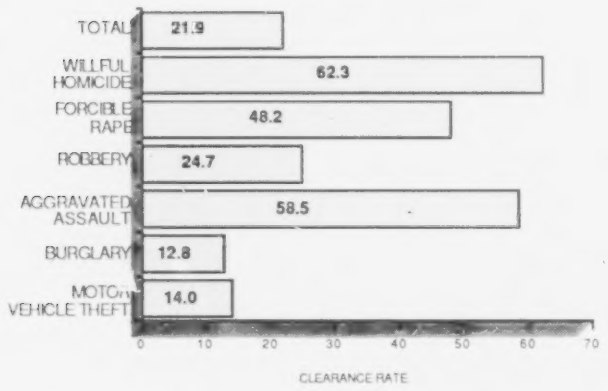
CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED, 1981-1986
Clearance Rate of Crimes Reported



Source: Table 14.

Clearances, 1981-1986 (continued)

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES, 1986
Clearance Rate of Crimes Reported



Source: Table 14

In 1986,

- The clearance rate for the California Crime Index was 21.9. Clearance rates for individual offenses were:

Willful homicide	62.3
Forcible rape	48.2
Robbery	24.7
Aggravated assault	58.5
Burglary	12.8
Motor vehicle theft	14.0

Actus non facit reum, misi mens sit rea.
(The act is not criminal unless the intent is criminal).

Anonymous

ARRESTS

ARRESTS

WHAT IS AN ARREST?

Arrests occur when persons are taken into custody because they are believed to have violated the law. Not all arrests result in persons being placed in jail. If not released by the arresting agency, many arrestees either post bail or are released on their own recognizance to appear in court at a later date. Others are issued citations, much like traffic tickets, which direct them to appear in court at a later date.

Arrests are divided into two major groups: adult arrests (18 years of age and older) and juvenile arrests. Adults and juveniles may be arrested for either felony-level or misdemeanor-level offenses. A **felony**-level offense typically results in a sentence to state prison if the offender is convicted as an adult. A **misdemeanor**-level offense typically results in a sentence of up to one year in a county jail, and/or fine, accompanied by probation.

Juveniles, because of their status, may also be arrested for truancy, incorrigibility, runaway, and curfew violations. These are commonly referred to as **status** offenses.

HOW ARE ARRESTS REPORTED?

Unlike crimes, which are classified by nationwide Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) standards, arrests are reported by California statute definition of the offense (i.e., Penal Code, Vehicle Code, etc.). This may cause some differences in the definition of certain crimes and the arrests for that crime. For instance, theft from a locked automobile is a burglary by California Penal Code definition. The crime would be classified and reported as a theft under UCR definition.

All California law enforcement agencies report arrest and citation information to the Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS) on the "Monthly Arrest and Citation Register," which lists each arrestee; includes information on age, sex, and race/ethnic group; and specifies the "most serious" arrest offense and law enforcement disposition. Both arrest and citation information are included in BCS arrest statistics.

ARREST RATES

Most data basic to this section of the report are presented in Tables 15, 21, and 23. Arrest rates are based on the number of arrests per 100,000 population at risk for each year (see Table 67). For instance, in 1986 there were 2,736 adult arrests for homicide and the adult population was 19,720,387 equalling a homicide arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk of 13.9.

$$\frac{2{,}736}{19{,}720{,}387} = .0001387 \times 100{,}000 = 13.9$$

ARRESTS

LAW CHANGES

On January 1, 1986, police procedures regarding the handling of domestic violence incidents were changed with the implementation of Penal Code Section 13701. The law provides that law enforcement agencies handle reports of domestic violence as alleged criminal conduct. A sizeable increase in assault is attributed primarily to this change.

On January 1, 1983, a law change raised the lower limit of **felony theft** from $200 to over $400. This law was last changed in 1923, when the lower limit was raised from $50 to $200.

On January 1, 1982, the law was changed to include **driving under the influence of a drug** with **driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor** or a **combination of liquor and drugs** (23152 and 23153 V.C.). Prior to 1982, driving under the influence of drugs was included in "other drug law violations." This change has little impact on counts within offense groupings.

Total Arrests, 1981-1986

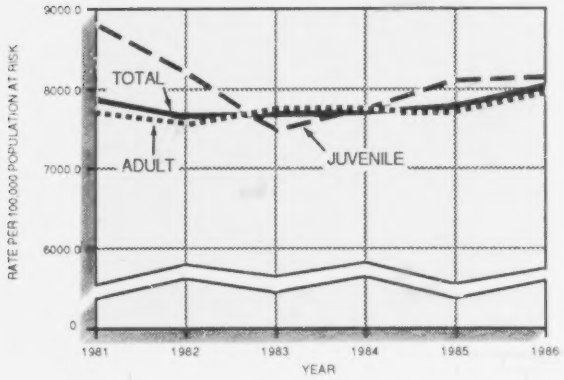
From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 1.0 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 2.6 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 7.4 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 2.0 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 2.2 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a .6 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

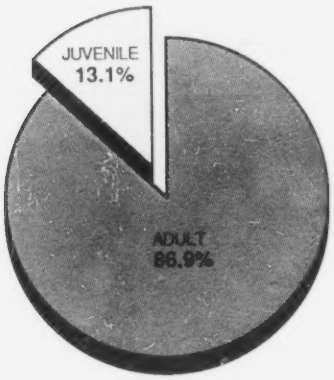
TOTAL ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 15.

Total Arrests (continued)

TOTAL ARRESTS, 1986
By Type of Arrest



Source: Table 16.

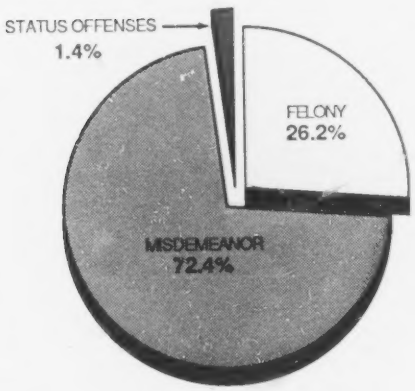
In 1986, of 1,794,481 arrests reported:

- Adult arrests accounted for 86.9 percent (1,558,601).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 13.1 percent (235,880).

And,

- Felony arrests accounted for 26.2 percent (469,982).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 72.4 percent (1,299,222).
- Status offense arrests accounted for 1.4 percent (25,277).

TOTAL ARRESTS, 1986
By Level of Arrest



Source: Table 16.

The total arrest rate has remained fairly stable with the largest increase occurring in 1986 (up 2.0 percent).

Total Arrests (continued)

Felony, Misdemeanor, and Status Offense Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

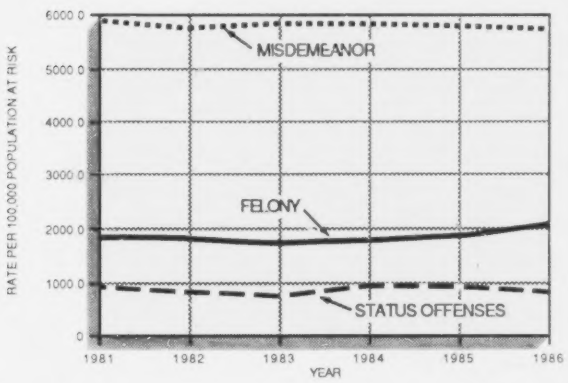
- There was an 11.8 percent increase in the rate of felony arrests.
- There was a 2.1 percent decrease in the rate of misdemeanor arrests.
- There was a 3.9 percent decrease in the rate of status offense arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 10.8 percent rate increase in felony arrests.
- There was an .8 percent rate decrease in misdemeanor arrests.
- There was a 3.4 percent rate decrease in arrests for status offenses.

Since 1983, felony arrest rates have increased 19.4 percent, while misdemeanor rates decreased slightly (down 1.9 percent).

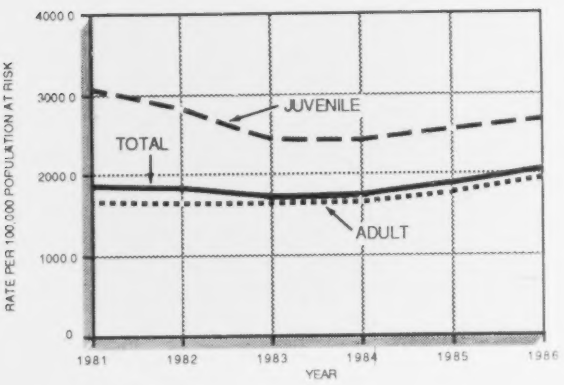
TOTAL ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Level of Arrest
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 15.

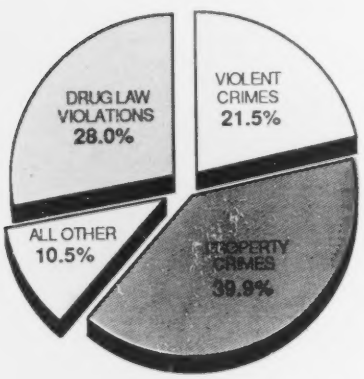
Felony Arrests, 1981-1986

FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 15.

FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
By Category



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 17.

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was an 11.8 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 20.9 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 14.5 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 10.8 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 12.7 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 2.1 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 469,982 felony arrests reported:

- Violent crimes accounted for 21.5 percent (101,143).
- Property crimes accounted for 39.9 percent (187,679).
- Drug law violations accounted for 28.0 percent (131,672).
- "All other" offenses accounted for 10.5 percent (49,488). "All other" offenses include weapon offenses, driving under the influence, sex law violations, etc.

From 1981 to 1986 the adult felony arrest rate increased 20.9 percent while the juvenile rate decreased 14.5 percent.

Felony Arrests (continued)

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

Of the 469,982 arrests reported:

- Adult arrests accounted for 83.8 percent (393,790).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 16.2 percent (76,192).

Of the 101,143 arrests for violent crimes:

- Adult arrests accounted for 87.6 percent (88,602).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 12.4 percent (12,541).

Of the 187,679 arrests for property crimes:

- Adult arrests accounted for 75.3 percent (141,402).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 24.7 percent (46,277).

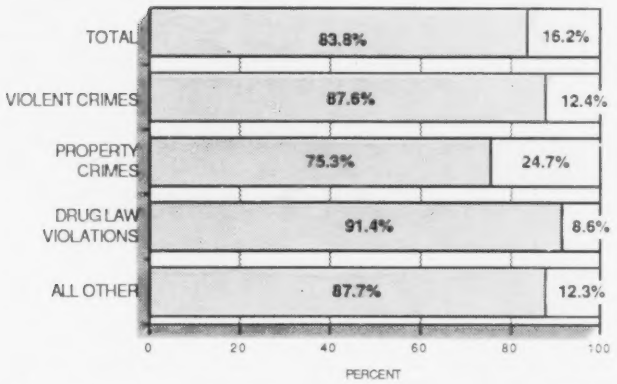
Of the 131,672 arrests for drug law violations:

- Adult arrests accounted for 91.4 percent (120,365).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 8.6 percent (11,307).

Of the 49,488 arrests for "all other" offenses:

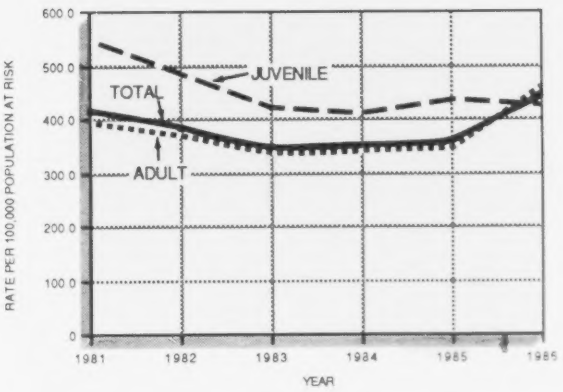
- Adult arrests accounted for 87.7 percent (43,421).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 12.3 percent (6,067).

FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by Category



Source: Table 17.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
VIOLENT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Violent Crime Arrests, 1981-1986

Violent crime arrests include felony arrests for homicide, forcible rape, robbery, assault, and kidnapping.

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 7.7 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 14.4 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 20.8 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 25.0 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 29.7 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a .5 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

A 1986 law change affecting assault arrests was the most significant factor driving the violent crime arrest rate up 25.0 percent.

Violent Crime Arrests (continued)

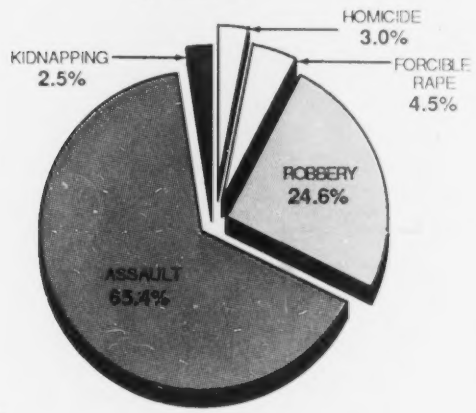
In 1986, of 101,143 felony arrests for violent crimes:

- Homicide accounted for 3.0 percent (3,032).
- Forcible rape accounted for 4.5 percent (4,523).
- Robbery accounted for 24.6 percent (24,929).
- Assault accounted for 65.4 percent (66,130).
- Kidnapping accounted for 2.5 percent (2,529).

And,

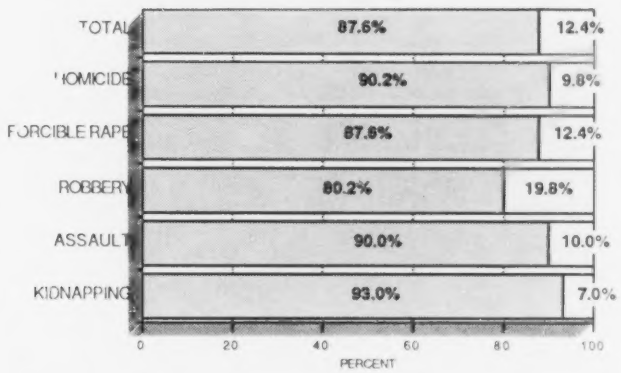
- Adult arrests accounted for 87.6 percent (88,602).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 12.4 percent (12,541).

FELONY ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES, 1986
By Offense



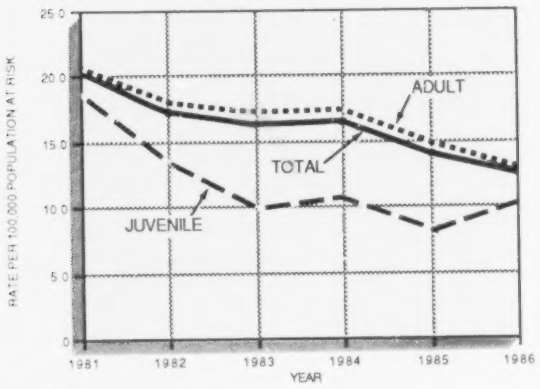
Source: Table 19.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES, 1986
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by Offense



Source: Table 18.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Homicide Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 34.3 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 32.9 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 45.2 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 5.0 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 7.3 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 22.9 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 3,032 arrests for homicide:

- Adult arrests accounted for 90.2 percent (2,736).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 9.8 percent (296).

The 1986 homicide arrest rate of 13.4 is the lowest rate for the years shown.

Forcible Rape Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 4.3 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 5.2 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a .5 percent increase in the rate of juvenile arrests.

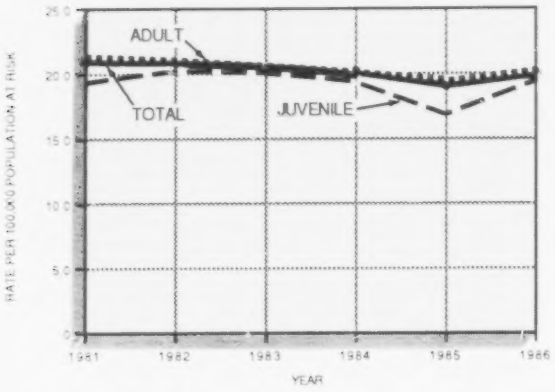
From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 4.7 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 3.6 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 14.8 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 4,523 arrests for forcible rape:

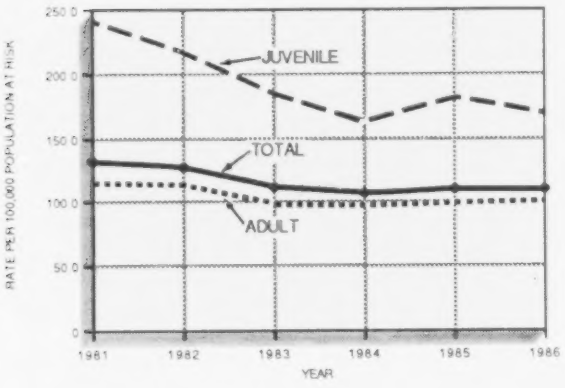
- Adult arrests accounted for 87.6 percent (3,962).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 12.4 percent (561).

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
ROBBERY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Robbery Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 17.0 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was an 11.4 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 29.2 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a .2 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 2.1 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 6.3 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 24,929 arrests for robbery:

- Adult arrests accounted for 80.2 percent (20,005).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 19.8 percent (4,924).

Assault Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 27.5 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 35.0 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 13.2 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

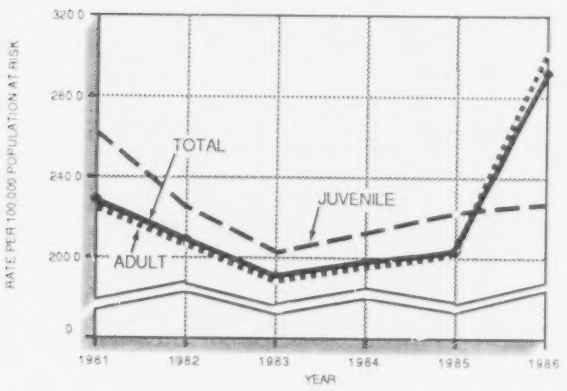
- There was a 43.1 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 49.9 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 1.9 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 66,130 arrests for assault:

- Adult arrests accounted for 90.0 percent (59,547).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 10.0 percent (6,583).

A change in law enforcement procedures for dealing with domestic violence incidents accounted for the sudden sharp increase in the assault arrest rate (up 43.1 percent).

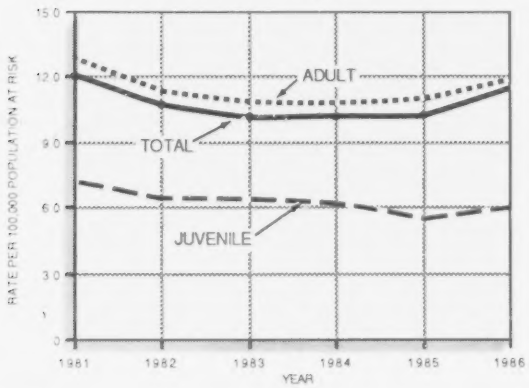
FELONY ARRESTS FOR ASSAULT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Kidnapping Arrests

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
KIDNAPPING CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 6.7 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 7.8 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 15.3 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was an 8.7 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was an 8.2 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 10.9 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 2,529 arrests for kidnapping:

- Adult arrests accounted for 93.0 percent (2,352).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 7.0 percent (177).

Property Crime Arrests, 1981-1986

Property crime arrests include felony arrests for burglary; theft; motor vehicle theft; forgery, checks, and credit card offenses; and arson offenses.

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

From 1981 to 1986:

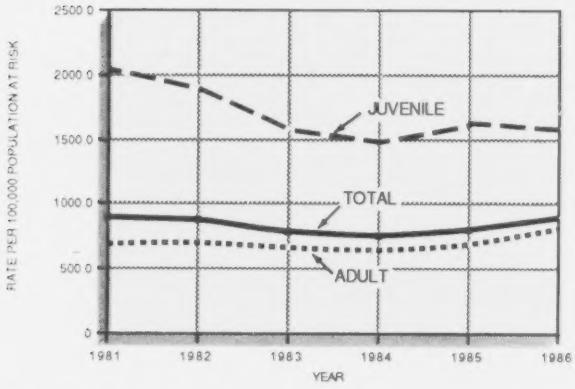
- There was a 6.6 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 3.8 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 22.0 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 3.5 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 5.1 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a .7 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

Juvenile property crime arrest rates continued their downward trend (down .7 percent) while adult rates increased (up 5.1 percent).

FELONY ARRESTS FOR PROPERTY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Property Crime Arrests (continued)

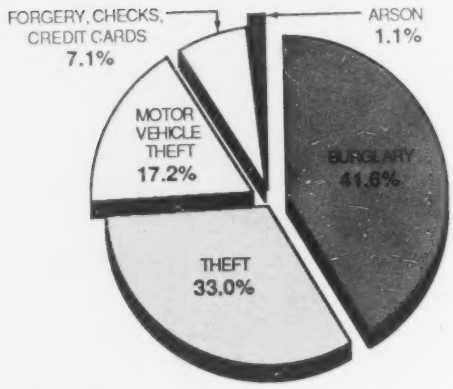
In 1986, of 187,679 felony arrests for property crimes:

- Burglary accounted for 41.6 percent (78,089).
- Theft accounted for 33.0 percent (61,899).
- Motor vehicle theft accounted for 17.2 percent (32,234).
- Forgery, checks, and credit cards accounted for 7.1 percent (13,381).
- Arson accounted for 1.1 percent (2,076).

And,

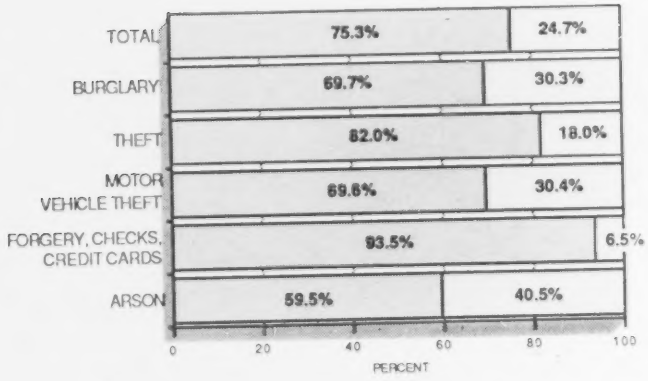
- Adult arrests accounted for 75.3 percent (141,402).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 24.7 percent (46,277).

FELONY ARRESTS FOR PROPERTY CRIMES, 1986
By Offense



Source: Table 19.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR PROPERTY CRIMES, 1986
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by Offense



Source: Table 18.

Burglary Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 17.3 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 4.5 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 30.2 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

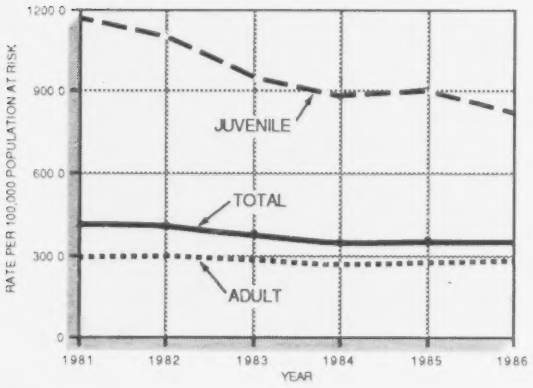
- There was a 3.1 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a .7 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 10.4 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 78,089 arrests for burglary:

- Adult arrests accounted for 69.7 percent (54,458).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 30.3 percent (23,631).

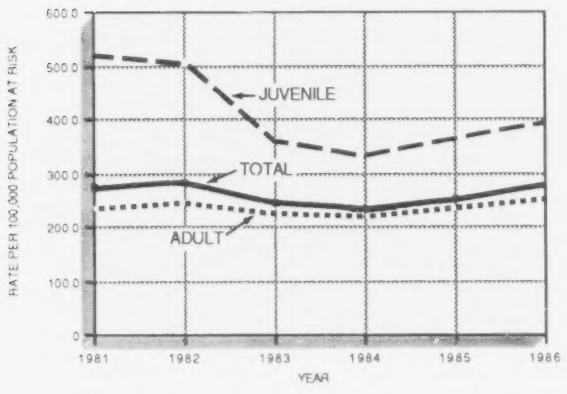
While the adult burglary arrest rate remained fairly stable, the juvenile arrest rate continued its downward trend by decreasing 10.4 percent in 1986.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
BURGLARY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Theft Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a .4 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 10.5 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 26.2 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was an 8.0 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was an 8.6 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 5.5 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 61,899 arrests for theft:

- Adult arrests accounted for 82.0 percent (50,750).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 18.0 percent (11,149).

Motor Vehicle Theft Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 13.1 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 15.9 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 16.7 percent increase in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

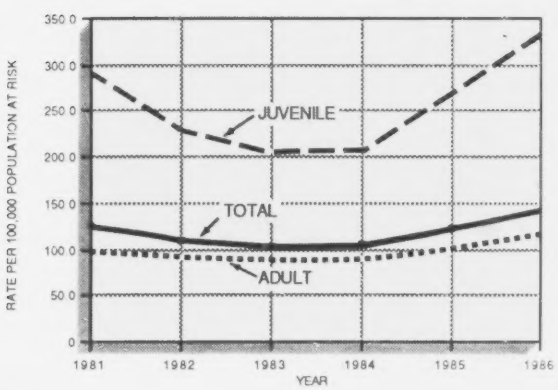
- There was a 16.0 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 12.5 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 26.3 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 32,234 arrests for motor vehicle theft:

- Adult arrests accounted for 69.6 percent (22,443).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 30.4 percent (9,791).

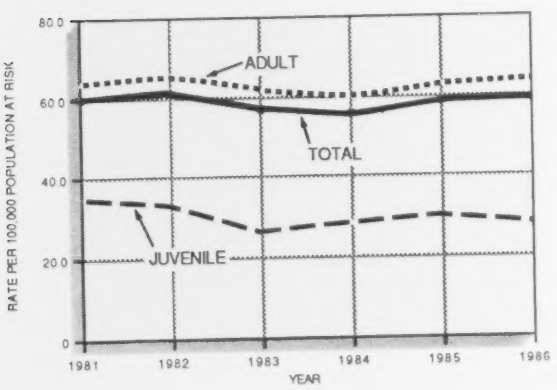
Juvenile motor vehicle theft arrest rates are on the rise with a considerable increase of 63.9 percent from 1984 to 1986.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR FORGERY, CHECKS, AND CREDIT CARD CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

Forgery, Checks, and Credit Card Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 1.2 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a .9 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 15.1 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a .5 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a .6 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a .7 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 13,381 arrests for forgery, checks, and credit cards:

- Adult arrests accounted for 93.5 percent (12,516).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 6.5 percent (865).

Arson Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 10.7 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 3.1 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and an 11.9 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

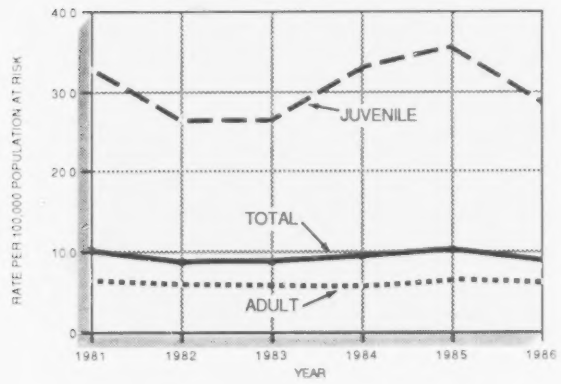
From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 10.7 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 3.1 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and an 18.5 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 2,076 arrests for arson:

- Adult arrests accounted for 59.5 percent (1,235).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 40.5 percent (841).

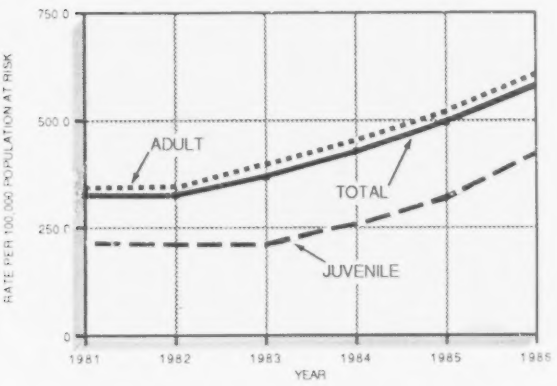
FELONY ARRESTS FOR
ARSON CRIMES, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

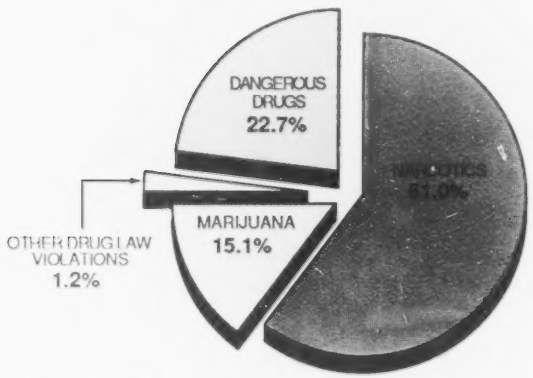
Drug Law Violation Arrests, 1981-1986

FELONY ARRESTS FOR DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1986
By Offense



Source: Table 19.

Drug law violations include narcotics (heroin, cocaine, etc.), marijuana, dangerous drugs (barbiturates, phencyclidine, etc.), and other drug law violations.

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 79.4 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 78.3 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 78.3 percent increase in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was an 18.1 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 17.5 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 24.1 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 131,672 felony arrests for drug law violations:

- Narcotic arrests accounted for 61.0 percent (80,256).
- Marijuana arrests accounted for 15.1 percent (19,938).
- Dangerous drug arrests accounted for 22.7 percent (29,915).
- Other drug law violation arrests accounted for 1.2 percent (1,563).

Both adult and juvenile arrest rates for drug law violations have experienced dramatic increases since 1981 (up 78.3 percent each).

Drug Law Violation Arrests (continued)

Of 131,672 felony arrests for drug law violations:

- Adult arrests accounted for 91.4 percent (120,365).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 8.6 percent (11,307).

Of the 80,256 felony arrests for narcotic offenses:

- Adult arrests accounted for 91.8 percent (73,640).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 8.2 percent (6,616).

Of the 19,938 felony arrests for marijuana offenses:

- Adult arrests accounted for 87.1 percent (17,367).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 12.9 percent (2,571).

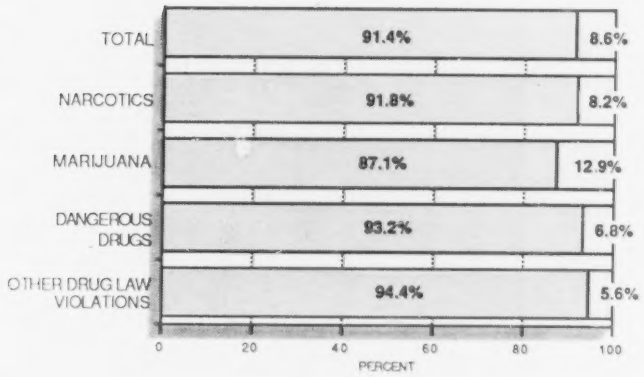
Of the 29,915 felony arrests for dangerous drug offenses:

- Adult arrests accounted for 93.2 percent (27,883).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 6.8 percent (2,032).

Of the 1,563 felony arrests for other drug law violations:

- Adult arrests accounted for 94.4 percent (1,475).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 5.6 percent (88).

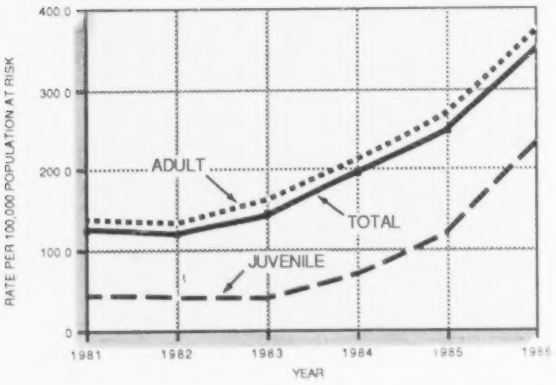
FELONY ARRESTS FOR DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1986
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by Offense



Source: Table 20.

Narcotic Arrests

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
NARCOTIC VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21.

The narcotics category includes heroin, cocaine, etc.

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 182.6 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 168.2 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 398.9 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 41.9 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 38.7 percent rate increase in adult arrests and an 88.1 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

The overall rate increase in total drug law violation arrests is primarily due to the increase in narcotic arrests (up 182.6 percent from 1981).

Marijuana Arrests

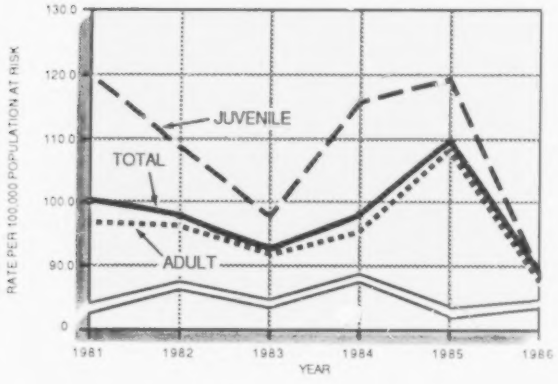
From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 11.8 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 8.8 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 26.0 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was an 19.6 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 18.6 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 25.4 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
MARIJUANA VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

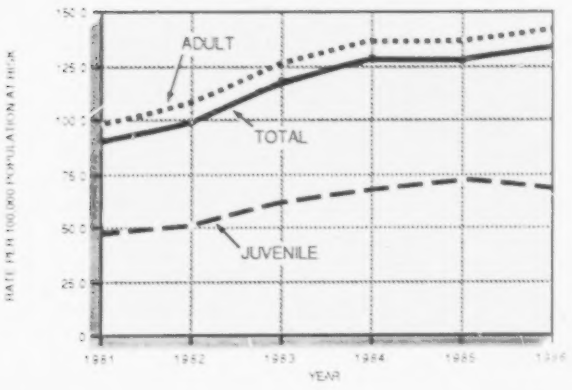


Source: Table 21

Of the four drug law offenses, only the marijuana arrest rate decreased. It dropped 19.6 percent — the largest yearly decline since the 1976 marijuana law change.

Dangerous Drug Arrests

FELONY ARRESTS FOR
DANGEROUS DRUG VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 21

The dangerous drugs category includes barbiturates, phencyclidine, etc.

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 45.4 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 43.7 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 46.9 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 3.7 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 4.0 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 1.5 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

Other Drug Law Violation Arrests

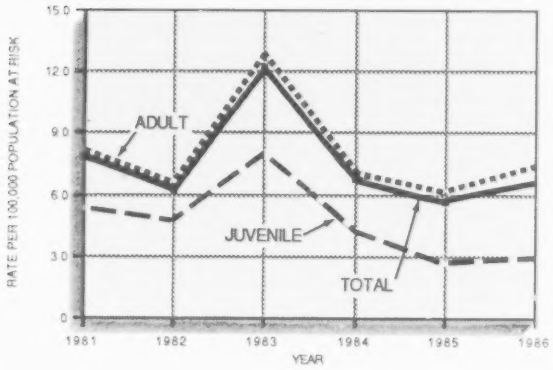
From 1981 to 1986:

- There was an 11.5 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was an 8.5 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 44.4 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 21.1 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 23.0 percent rate increase in adult arrests and an 11.1 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

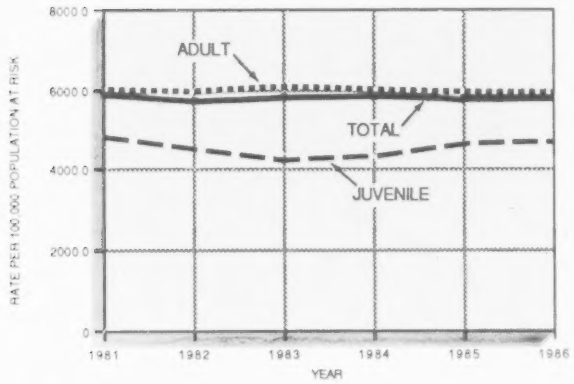
FELONY ARRESTS FOR
OTHER DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Note: Agency reporting problems account for almost all of the increase recorded in 1983.

Source: Table 21.

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23.

Misdemeanor Arrests, 1981-1986

Total, Adult, and Juvenile

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 2.1 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 2.3 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 3.5 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was an .8 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a .9 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a .6 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

Misdemeanor Arrests (continued)

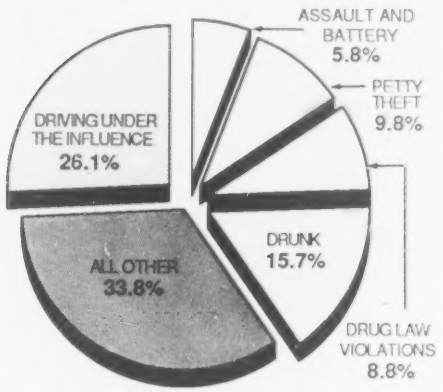
In 1986, of 1,299,222 misdemeanor arrests reported:

- Assault and battery accounted for 5.8 percent (75,384).
- Petty theft accounted for 9.8 percent (127,668).
- Drug law violations accounted for 8.8 percent (114,816).
- Drunk offenses accounted for 15.7 percent (203,517).
- Driving under the influence accounted for 26.1 percent (339,252).
- "All other" offenses accounted for 33.8 percent (438,585).

And,

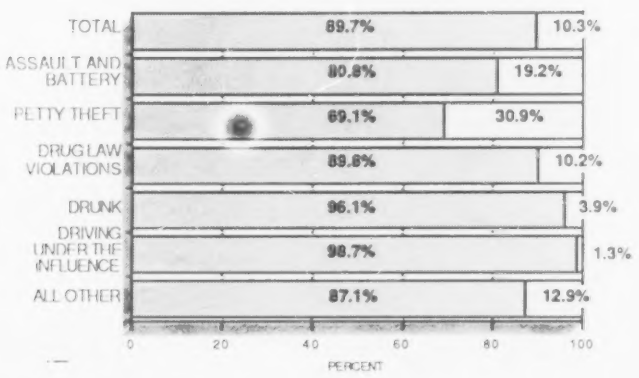
- Adult arrests accounted for 89.7 percent (1,164,811).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 10.3 percent (134,411).

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
By Offense



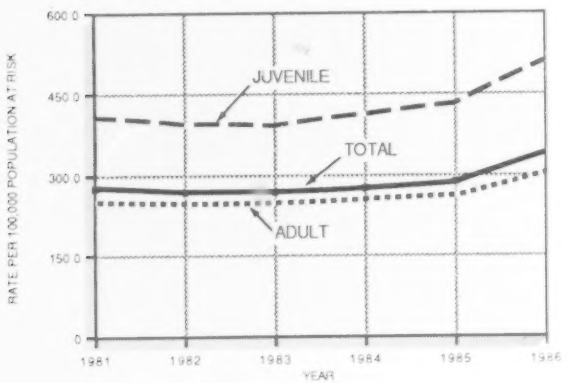
Source: Table 22

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by Offense



Source: Table 22

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS FOR ASSAULT AND BATTERY, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23.

Assault and Battery Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 20.5 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 21.3 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 22.8 percent increase in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 16.6 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 16.8 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a 16.4 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 75,384 arrests for assault and battery:

- Adult arrests accounted for 80.8 percent (60,881).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 19.2 percent (14,503).

Like felony assaults, the 16.6 percent increase in the misdemeanor assault and battery arrest rate reflects the impact of the change in domestic violence reporting procedures.

Petty Theft Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 1.4 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was an 8.3 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 2.8 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

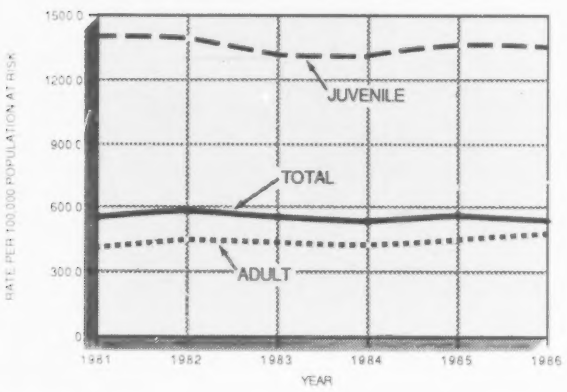
From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a .3 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a .1 percent rate increase in adult arrests and a .4 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 127,668 arrests for petty theft:

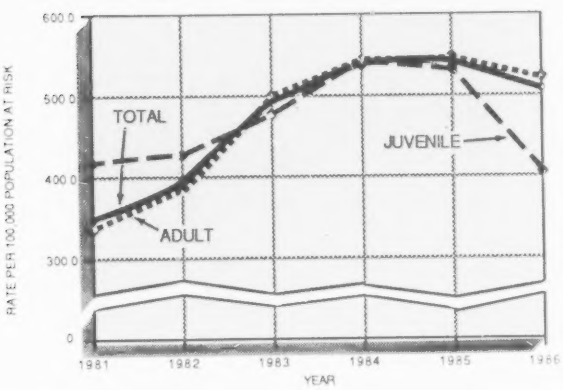
- Adult arrests accounted for 69.1 percent (88,173).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 30.9 percent (39,495).

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS FOR PETTY THEFT, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23.

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS FOR
DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23

Drug Law Violation Arrests

This category includes arrests for marijuana and "other" drug law violations, such as possession of paraphernalia and being under the influence of drugs.

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 46.2 percent increase in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 56.0 percent increase in the rate of adult arrests and a 3.1 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 7.0 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 4.7 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 23.7 percent rate decrease in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 114,816 arrests for drug law violations,

- Adult arrests accounted for 89.8 percent (103,067).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 10.2 percent (11,749).

In 1986, drug law violation arrest rates declined for the first time in the past five years (down 7.0 percent).

Drunk Arrests

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 23.7 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 25.0 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and a 20.0 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

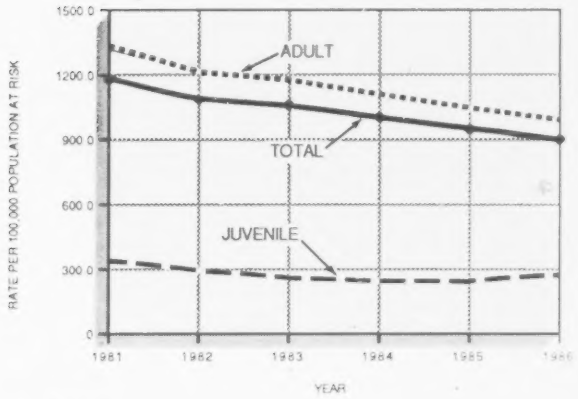
From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 5.0 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 5.6 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 10.4 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 203,517 arrests for drunk offenses:

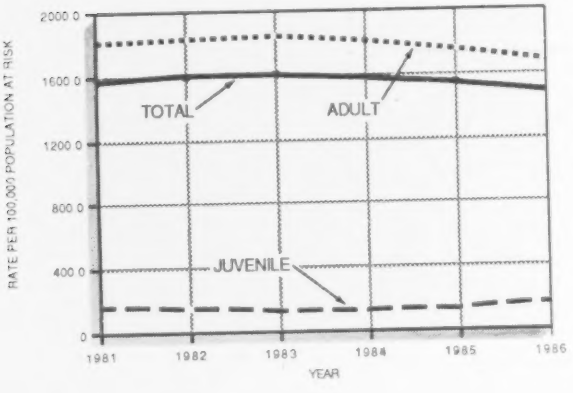
- Adult arrests accounted for 96.1 percent (195,675).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 3.9 percent (7,842).

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS FOR DRUNK, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23.

MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS FOR
DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE, 1981-1986
Total, Adult, and Juvenile
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 23.

Driving Under the Influence Arrests

This category includes arrests for driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combination of alcohol and any drug.

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 4.6 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests.
- There was a 6.3 percent decrease in the rate of adult arrests and an 8.0 percent decrease in the rate of juvenile arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 2.8 percent rate decrease in total arrests.
- There was a 3.1 percent rate decrease in adult arrests and a 12.7 percent rate increase in juvenile arrests.

In 1986, of 339,252 arrests for driving under the influence offenses:

- Adult arrests accounted for 98.7 percent (334,902).
- Juvenile arrests accounted for 1.3 percent (4,350).

The driving under the influence arrest rate decreased for the third consecutive year to the lowest rate for the years shown (down 2.8 percent to 1500.0).

Personal Characteristics of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrestees, 1986

Sex of Arrestee

Of 1,769,204 persons arrested for felony and misdemeanor offenses:

- Males accounted for 84.6 percent (1,496,035).
- Females accounted for 15.4 percent (273,169).

Of the 1,496,035 males arrested,

- Felony offenses accounted for 27.0 percent (403,300).
- Misdemeanor offenses accounted for 73.0 percent (1,092,735).

And, of the 273,169 females arrested,

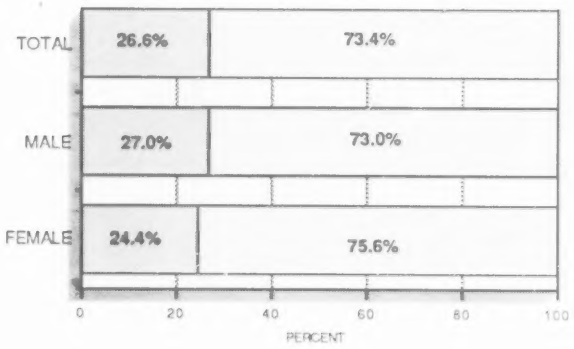
- Felony offenses accounted for 24.4 percent (66,682).
- Misdemeanor offenses accounted for 75.6 percent (206,487).

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTEES, 1986

SEX

Source: Table 27.

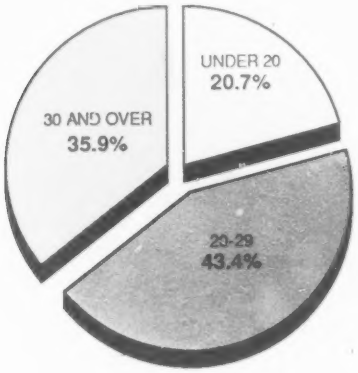
FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Sex of Arrestee



Source: Table 27.

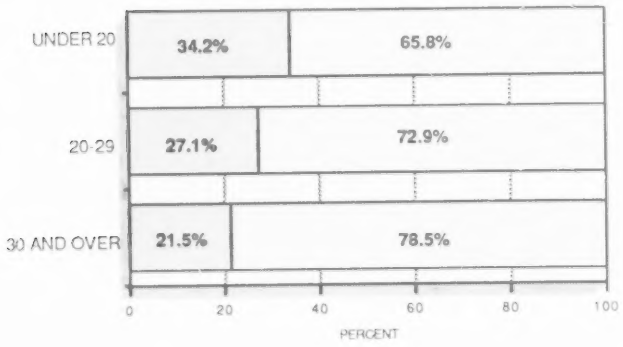
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF
FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTEES, 1986

AGE



Source: Table 27.

FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Age of Arrestee



☐ FELONY
☐ MISDEMEANOR

Source: Table 27.

Age of Arrestee

Of 1,769,204 persons arrested for felony and misdemeanor offenses:

- Those under 20 years of age accounted for 20.7 percent (365,838).
- Those 20-29 years of age accounted for 43.4 percent (767,793).
- Those 30 years of age and over accounted for 35.9 percent (335,573)

Of the 365,838 arrestees under 20 years of age,

- Felony arrests accounted for 34.2 percent (124,938).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 65.8 percent (240,900).

Of the 767,793 arrestees 20-29 years of age,

- Felony arrests accounted for 27.1 percent (208,355).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 72.9 percent (559,438).

And, of the 635,573 arrestees 30 years of age and over,

- Felony arrests accounted for 21.5 percent (136,689).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 78.5 percent (498,884).

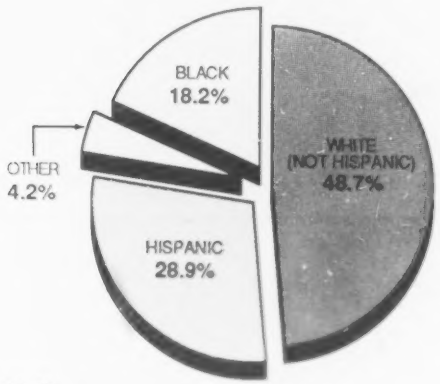
Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Of 1,769,204 persons arrested for felony and misdemeanor offenses:

- White (not Hispanic) arrestees accounted for 48.7 percent (861,167).
- Hispanic arrestees accounted for 28.9 percent (510,726).
- Black arrestees accounted for 18.2 percent (322,172).
- Other race/ethnic groups accounted for 4.2 percent (75,139).

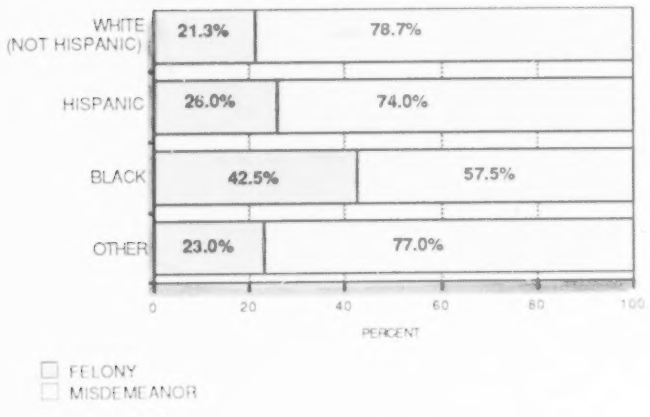
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTEES, 1986

RACE/ETHNIC GROUP



Source: Table 27.

FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee



Source: Table 27

Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee (continued)

Of the 861,167 whites (not Hispanic) arrested,

- Felony arrests accounted for 21.3 percent (183,022).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 78.7 percent (678,145).

Of the 510,726 Hispanics arrested,

- Felony arrests accounted for 26.0 percent (132,912).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 74.0 percent (377,814).

Of the 322,172 blacks arrested,

- Felony arrests accounted for 42.5 percent (136,769).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 57.5 percent (185,403).

And, of the 75,139 arrests of persons grouped as other,

- Felony arrests accounted for 23.0 percent (17,279).
- Misdemeanor arrests accounted for 77.0 percent (57,860).

ARRESTS

Discussion of changes in arrest rates based on different at-risk populations

An arrest rate is the ratio of the number of reported arrests to the population at risk. The three comparison populations used in the Arrests section of this report are: adults (18 years of age and over), juveniles (10-17 years of age), and total (10 years of age and over). If, in calculating periodic changes in arrest rates of any one of these three populations, the size of the population remained constant:

- The arrest rate in any given year would be larger than that of a previous year if the number of arrests reported that year was larger than that of the previous year.
- The arrest rate in any given year would be smaller than that of a previous year if the number of arrests reported that year was smaller than that of the previous year.

However, if the number of arrests remained constant and the size of the population changed,

- The arrest rate in any given year would be smaller than that of a previous year if the population increased.
- The arrest rate in any given year would be larger than that of a previous year if the population decreased.

ARRESTS

Because both the number of arrests and the at-risk populations upon which adult and juvenile arrest rates are based are independent, one would not expect any relationship between the percent change in adult and juvenile arrest rates from one year to another. However, because total arrest rates are based on the sums of both adult and juvenile arrests and adult and juvenile at-risk populations, one would expect the percent change in the total arrest rate from one year to another to reflect percent changes in adult and juvenile arrest rates during the same time period. It does, but the relationship is complex. This complexity is attributed to the fact that percent change in the total arrest rate from one year to another is the result of independent changes in *both* the number of arrests and the at-risk populations of adults and juveniles in those years. Consequently, in some instances, it is extremely difficult to relate either the magnitude or the direction (positive or negative) of the change in the total arrest rate with those of changes in adult and juvenile arrest rates.

For example, in the analysis of total arrests on page 30, it was stated that from 1981 to 1986 there was a 1.0 percent increase in the total arrest rate, and, during the same period, there was a 2.6 percent increase in the adult arrest rate, and a 7.4 percent decrease in the juvenile arrest rate.

The apparent inconsistency between changes in the total arrest rate and adult and juvenile arrest rates can best be understood by mathematically showing exactly how each occurred.

ARRESTS

FORMULAS

The raw data for the illustration which follows is taken from arrest data presented in Table 15 and annual at-risk populations shown in Table 67.

Total Arrest Rate

For 1981, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{1{,}632{,}351 \text{ (arrests)}}{20{,}768{,}326 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 7{,}859.8 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

For 1986, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{1{,}794{,}481 \text{ (arrests)}}{22{,}616{,}101 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 7{,}934.5 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

From 1981 to 1986, the change in the arrest rate equals

$$\frac{7{,}934.5 - 7{,}859.8}{7{,}859.8} \times 100 = 1.0 \text{ percent.}$$

Adult Arrest Rate

For 1981, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{1{,}366{,}481 \text{ (arrests)}}{17{,}745{,}509 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 7{,}700.4 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

For 1986, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{1{,}558{,}601 \text{ (arrests)}}{19{,}720{,}387 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 7{,}903.5 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

From 1981 to 1986, the change in the arrest rate equals

$$\frac{7{,}903.5 - 7{,}700.4}{7{,}700.4} \times 100 = 2.6 \text{ percent.}$$

Juvenile Arrest Rate

For 1981, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{265{,}870 \text{ (arrests)}}{3{,}022{,}817 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 8{,}795.4 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

For 1986, the arrest rate per 100,000 population at risk equals

$$\frac{235{,}880 \text{ (arrests)}}{2{,}895{,}714 \text{ (population at risk)}} \times 100{,}000 = 8{,}145.8 \text{ (arrest rate).}$$

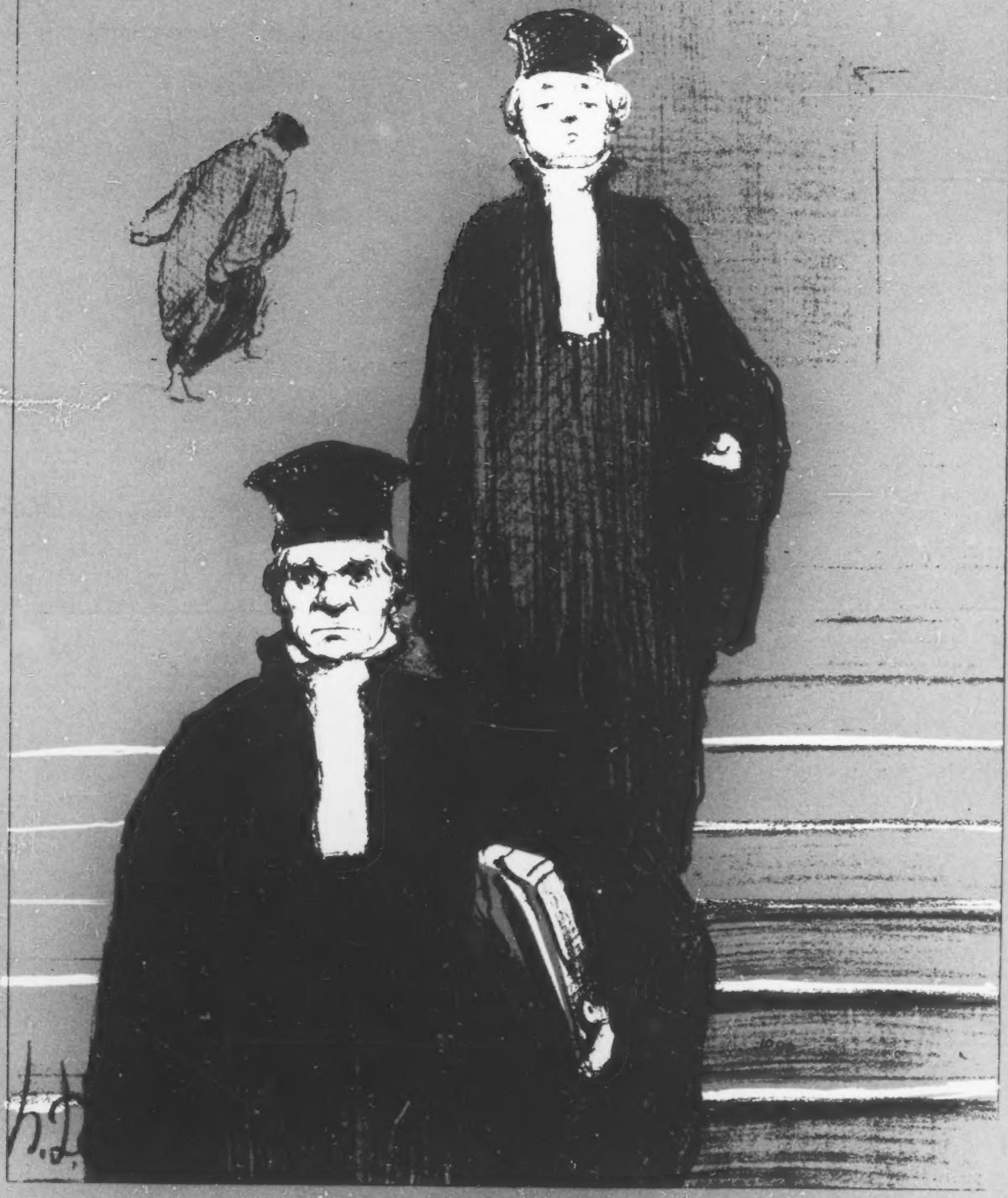
From 1981 to 1986, the change in the arrest rate equals

$$\frac{8{,}145.8 - 8{,}795.4}{8{,}795.4} \times 100 = -7.4 \text{ percent.}$$

Let the punishment match the offense.

Cicero
(106-43 B.C.)

ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS



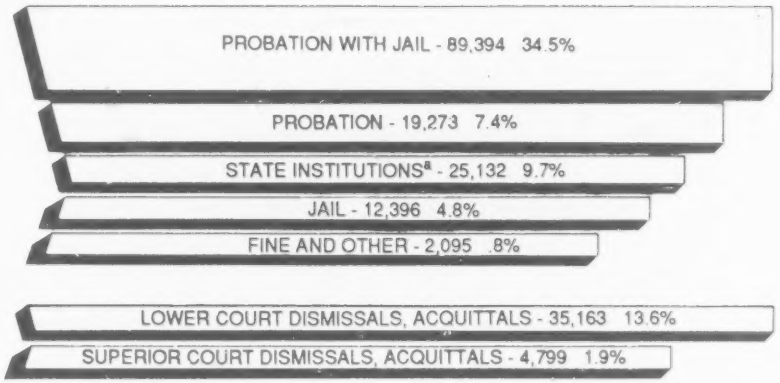
ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS

The Offender-Based Transaction Statistics (OBTS) System in California describes the processing of adults arrested for felony offenses from arrest through *final* disposition. Data on the adjacent flow chart pertain specifically to the 258,832 adult felony arrests which received final dispositions in 1986.

WHAT IS A FINAL DISPOSITION?

In the OBTS system, the term "final disposition" is used to refer to a specific legal action which takes place following an adult felony arrest. Final dispositions can occur at the law enforcement, prosecutor, lower court, or superior court levels. For example, if an arrestee is released by a law enforcement agency, or by a prosecutor who has determined that there is not enough evidence to justify the filing of a complaint, this release is recorded as a final disposition. If an arrestee is referred to court for adjudication, the outcome, (i.e., dismissal, acquittal, or conviction) is also recorded as a final disposition. "Intermediate" dispositions (e.g., placements in diversionary programs) are not included in these annual statistics.

ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1986


PROBATION WITH JAIL - 89,394 34.5%
PROBATION - 19,273 7.4%
STATE INSTITUTIONS[a] - 25,132 9.7%
JAIL - 12,396 4.8%
FINE AND OTHER - 2,095 .8%
LOWER COURT DISMISSALS, ACQUITTALS - 35,163 13.6%
SUPERIOR COURT DISMISSALS, ACQUITTALS - 4,799 1.9%

HOW ARE OBTS DATA REPORTED?

OBTS data are taken directly from the State's Automated Criminal History System (ACHS). Most arrest information is entered into ACHS from fingerprint cards while most disposition data are entered from "Disposition of Arrest and Court Action" (JUS 8715) forms received by the Department of Justice from law enforcement agencies, prosecutors' offices, and lower and superior courts. The 1986 OBTS Report File contains 94 percent of all dispositions which were available to the Department for processing when the annual file was created on April 25, 1987. (See "Known Data Limitations" in this report for additional information.) Overall, these final dispositions describe the statewide processing of adult felony arrestees through California's criminal justice system in 1986.

[a]State institutions include prison, Youth Authority, and California Rehabilitation Center.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Table 36.

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions

From 1981 to 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrest dispositions:

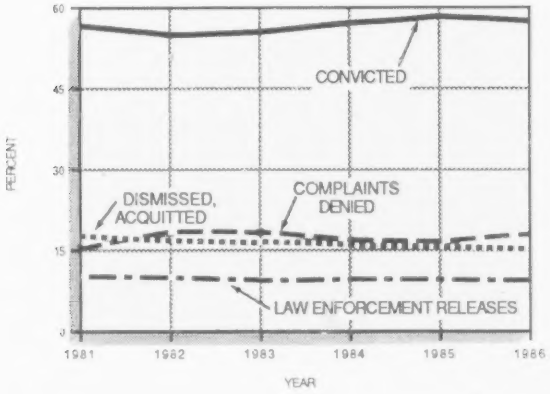
- Law enforcement releases declined from 10.3 percent to 8.8 percent.
- Prosecutor complaints denied rose from 15.3 percent to 18.5 percent.
- Dismissals and acquittals declined from 17.6 percent to 15.4 percent.
- Convictions rose from 56.8 percent to 57.3 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrest dispositions:

- Law enforcement releases declined from 9.5 percent to 8.8 percent.
- Prosecutor complaints denied increased from 16.5 percent to 18.5 percent.
- Dismissals and acquittals decreased from 15.6 percent to 15.4 percent.
- Convictions decreased from 58.3 percent to 57.3 percent.

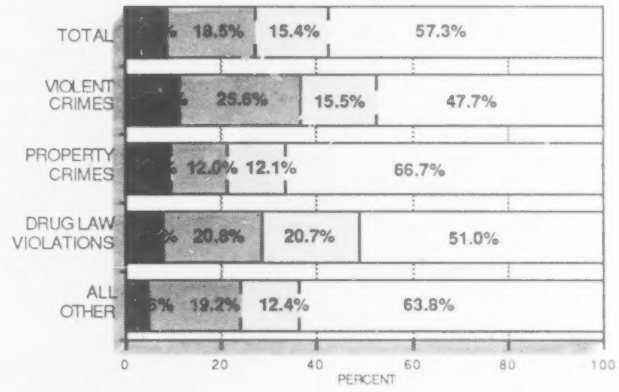
ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year



Source: Table 37.

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions (continued)

ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1986
Arrest Offense Category by Type of Disposition



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 38.

In 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrest dispositions, broken down by arrest offense category:

- Violent crime arrests showed the greatest percentage of law enforcement releases (11.2 percent)
- Drug law violation arrests and violent crime arrests showed the largest percentages of complaints denied (20.8 and 25.6 percent, respectively).
- Property crime arrests showed the highest rate of convictions (66.7 percent).

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted

From 1981 to 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrestees convicted:

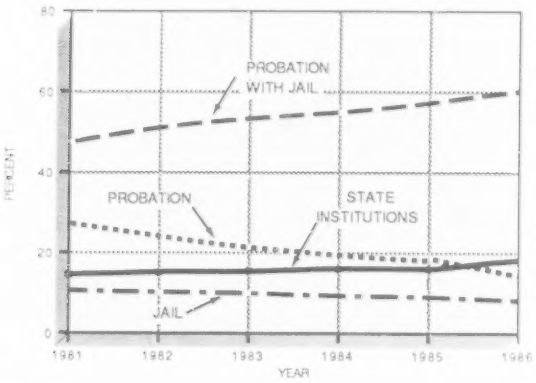
- State institutions sentences increased from 14.3 percent to 16.9 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 27.6 percent to 14.4 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 47.7 percent to 60.3 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased somewhat, from 10.4 percent to 8.4 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrestees convicted:

- State institutions sentences increased from 15.9 percent to 16.9 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 18.1 percent to 14.4 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 57.1 percent to 60.3 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased from 8.9 percent to 8.4 percent.

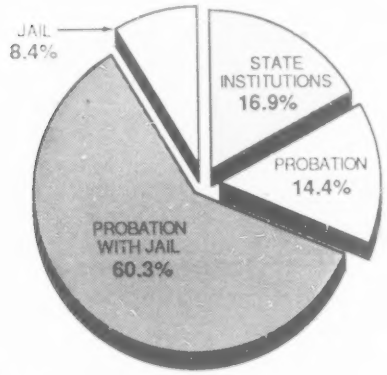
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1981-1986
Type of Sentence by Year



Source: Table 39.

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted (continued)

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1986
By Type of Sentence



Source: Table 40

In 1986:

As a percent of all reported adult felony arrestees convicted:

- Probation with jail sentences were received by more than half of all convicted adult felony arrestees (60.3 percent).
- Jail sentences accounted for only 8.4 percent.

The percentage of adult felony arrestees who are convicted and receive a sentence of probation without jail has declined steadily since 1981.

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Violent Crimes

From 1981 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of violent crimes:

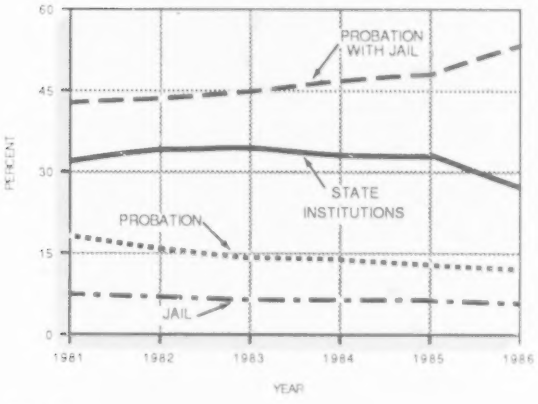
- State institutions sentences decreased from 31.8 percent to 28.6 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 18.1 percent to 11.9 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 42.6 percent to 53.5 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased somewhat, from 7.6 percent to 5.9 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of violent crimes:

- State institutions sentences decreased from 32.8 percent to 28.6 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 12.7 percent to 11.9 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 48.1 percent to 53.5 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased from 6.3 percent to 5.9 percent.

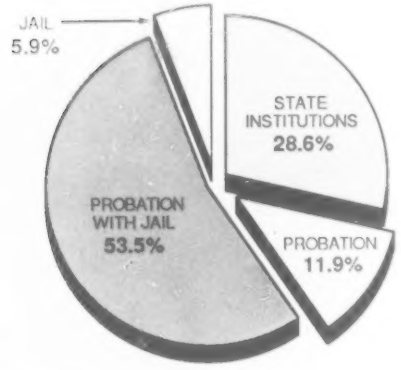
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF VIOLENT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Type of Sentence by Year



Source: Table 39

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Violent Crimes (continued)

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF VIOLENT CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Sentence



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 40.

In 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of violent crimes:

- Probation with jail sentences and state institutions sentences were the most frequent (53.5 percent and 28.6 percent, respectively).

The percentage of violent crime convictions resulting in a sentence of probation with jail has increased steadily since 1981.

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Property Crimes

From 1981 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of property crimes:

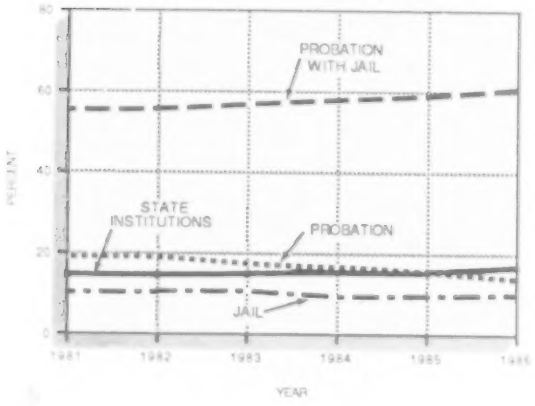
- State institutions sentences increased from 14.4 percent to 16.6 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 19.5 percent to 12.5 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 55.4 percent to 61.5 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased from 10.7 percent to 9.4 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of property crimes:

- State institutions sentences increased from 15.6 percent to 16.6 percent.
- Probation sentences declined from 16.2 percent to 12.5 percent
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 58.9 percent to 61.5 percent.
- Jail sentences increased slightly from 9.3 percent to 9.4 percent.

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF PROPERTY CRIMES, 1981-1986
Type of Sentence by Year



Source: Table 39

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Property Crimes (continued)

In 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of property crimes:

- Probation with jail sentences were most frequent (61.5 percent).
- Jail sentences were least frequent (9.4 percent).

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF PROPERTY CRIMES, 1986
By Type of Sentence

Source: Table 40

Adult felony arrestees convicted of property crimes received a sentence of probation with jail more often than any other sentence.

Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Drug Law Violations

From 1981 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of drug law violations:

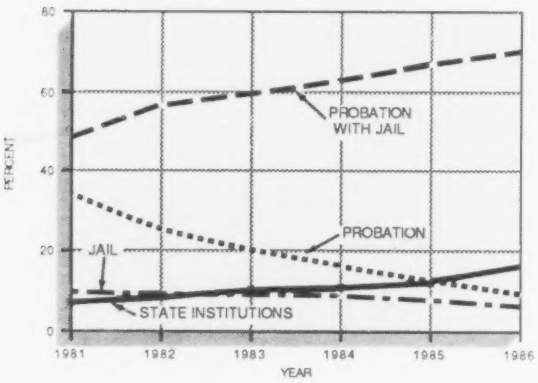
- State institutions sentences increased from 7.1 percent to 15.5 percent.
- Probation sentences decreased from 34.1 percent to 8.9 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 48.8 percent to 69.3 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased from 10.0 percent to 6.2 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of drug law violations:

- State institutions sentences increased from 12.1 percent to 15.5 percent.
- Probation sentences decreased from 12.8 percent to 8.9 percent.
- Probation with jail sentences increased from 67.5 percent to 69.3 percent.
- Jail sentences decreased from 7.6 percent to 6.2 percent.

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Sentence by Year



Source: Table 39.

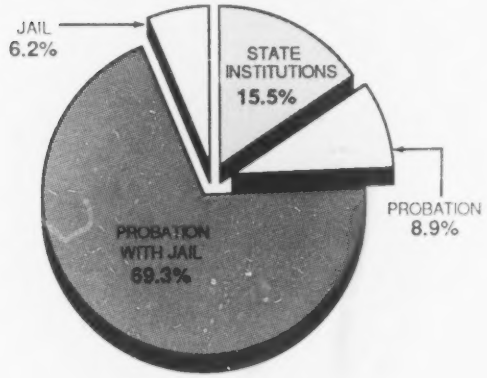
Adult Felony Arrestees Convicted of Drug Law Violations (continued)

In 1986:

As a percent of adult felony arrestees convicted of drug law violations:

- Probation with jail sentences were given for the majority of these convictions (69.3 percent).
- Jail sentences were given for only 6.2 percent of these convictions.

ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED OF DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS, 1986
By Type of Sentence



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 40.

The percentage of drug law convictions which resulted in sentences to state institutions in 1986 has more than doubled since 1981 (7.1 and 15.5 percent, respectively).

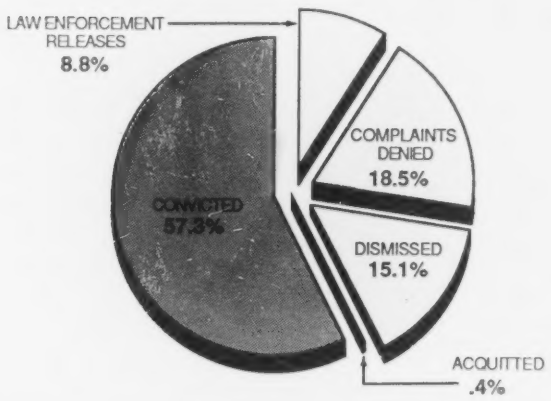
A WORD ABOUT CONVICTION RATES

Historically, Offender-Based Transaction Statistics (OBTS) have described the *overall* processing of adults arrested for felony-level offenses. Dispositions of adult felony arrests were reported by almost 1,100 agencies in 1986. These agencies include the law enforcement, prosecutor, lower court, and superior court levels of the California criminal justice system.

From 1974 to 1985, the proportions used to describe OBTS data have been based only on the total number of reported felony arrest dispositions; that is, the total number of adult felony arrest dispositions was always used as the "100.0 percent whole." Conviction rates have been computed from total felony arrest dispositions reported because the primary purpose of the OBTS system is to describe how the total arrest group is handled throughout the criminal justice system . . . from point of arrest to point of final disposition. For example, statewide 1986 OBTS data indicate a conviction rate of 57.3 percent (lower and superior court convictions divided by total felony arrest dispositions).

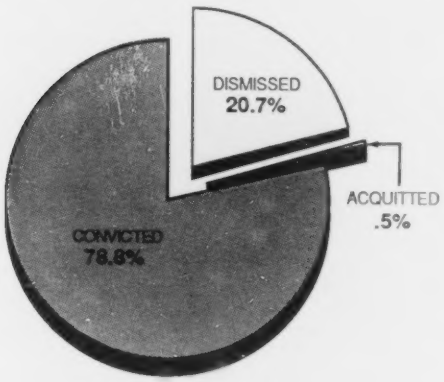
The use of OBTS data for "measuring the effectiveness" of law enforcement agency arrests, county prosecutions, and court actions is apparent. In recent years, however, concern has been expressed that OBTS data (describing the total picture) can be misinterpreted when evaluating certain segments of the criminal justice system. For example, in the illustration above, court conviction rates *include* law enforcement releases and complaint denials over which the court system has no control.

DISPOSITIONS OF ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
By Type of Disposition



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 36.

DISPOSITIONS OF COMPLAINTS GRANTED RESULTING FROM ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
By Type of Disposition



Source: Table 36.

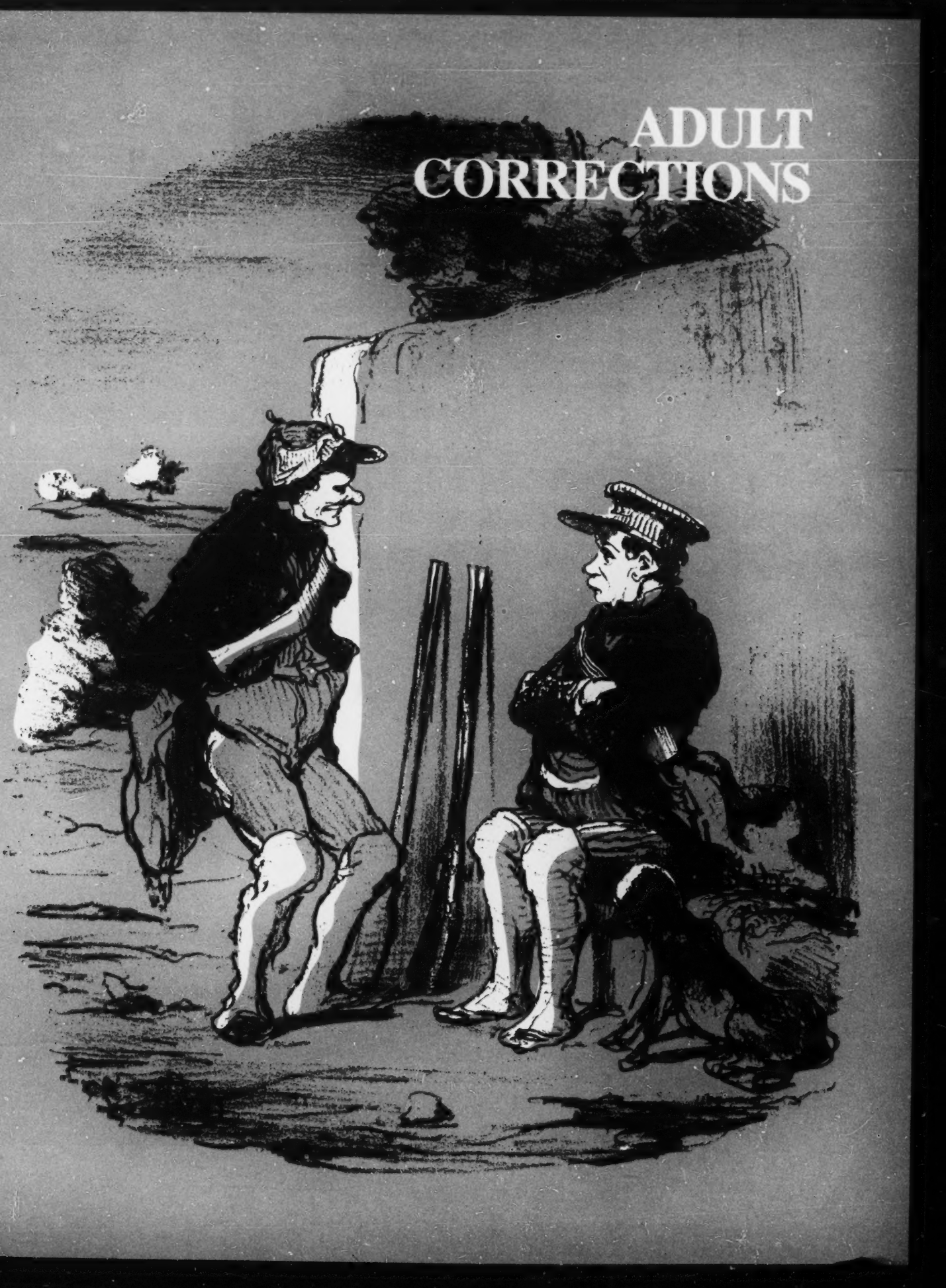
To get a clearer understanding of how the court processes defendants, an alternate method of computing conviction rates will be shown. This method computes conviction rates from a base of total complaints granted, rather than from a base of total felony arrest dispositions. This eliminates law enforcement releases and prosecution complaint rejections from the computational formula. Following this procedure, the "actual" 1986 statewide conviction rate becomes 78.8 percent (lower and superior court convictions divided by total complaints granted which resulted from adult felony arrests).

Conviction rates calculated from both bases (i.e., total adult felony arrest dispositions and total complaints granted) will be shown in publications containing OBTS data starting with 1986 data. This will give the reader additional information with which to evaluate the effectiveness of state, county, and local criminal justice systems. However, the presentation of data describing how *all* adult felony arrestees are handled by state and county criminal justice agencies will continue to be the main purpose of the OBTS system.

Excessive bail shall not be required,
nor excessive fines imposed,
nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

Constitution
Eighth Amendment (1791)

ADULT CORRECTIONS



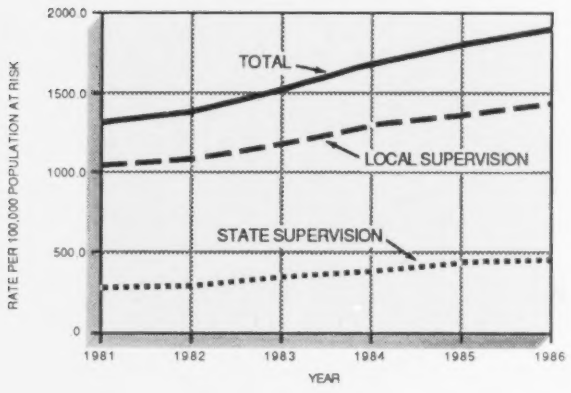
ADULT CORRECTIONS

Adults convicted in California courts are usually placed under the jurisdiction of either the state correctional system or a correctional system operated by local government. The state correctional system provides confinement, rehabilitation, and parole services through the California Department of Corrections (CDC), the California Youth Authority (CYA), the California Rehabilitation Center (CRC), and the California Department of Mental Health (CDMH). Local correctional agencies provide confinement, rehabilitation, and probation services for those sentenced to their care and also house persons awaiting trial or sentencing.

Supervision data are obtained annually by a one-day count of persons either in state or local institutions, or on parole, probation, or outpatient status.

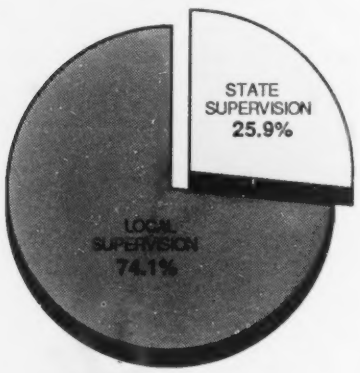
Population rates discussed in this section are based on the adult at-risk population, 18 years of age and older.

ADULTS UNDER SUPERVISION, 1981-1986
Total, State, and Local Supervision
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 47.

ADULTS UNDER STATE AND
LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1986



Source: Table 48.

Adults Under State and Local Supervision, 1981-1986

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 44.0 percent increase in the rate of adults under supervision.
- There was an 80.6 percent increase in the rate of adults under state supervision and a 34.5 percent increase in the rate of adults under local supervision.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 5.5 percent rate increase in adults under supervision.
- There was an 11.5 percent rate increase in adults under state supervision and a 3.6 percent rate increase in adults under local supervision.

In 1986, of 375,364 adults under supervision:

- State supervision accounted for 25.9 percent (97,111).
- Local supervision accounted for 74.1 percent (278,253).

For each year shown, the rate of adults under state supervision has increased at a faster rate than that of adults under local supervision.

Adults Under State Supervision

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 69.5 percent increase in the rate of adults in institutions.
- There was a 103.9 percent increase in the rate of adults on parole or outpatient status.

From 1985 to 1986:

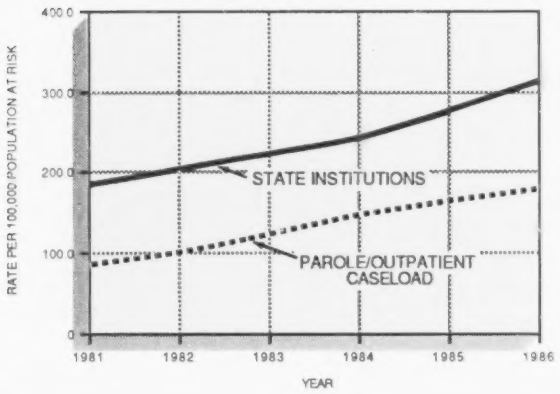
- There was a 14.7 percent rate increase in adults in institutions.
- There was a 6.4 percent rate increase in adults on parole or outpatient status.

In 1986, of 97,111 adults under state supervision:

- Those in institutions accounted for 64.0 percent (62,128).
- Those on parole or outpatient status accounted for 36.0 percent (34,983).

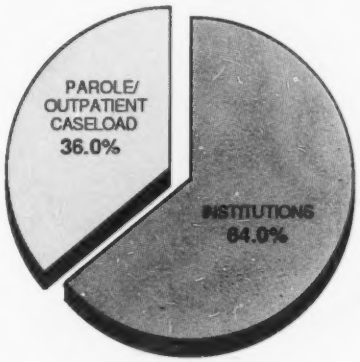
The rate increase, from 1985 to 1986, in adults under state supervision is more than three times greater than that of local supervision (11.5 and 3.6 percent, respectively).

ADULTS UNDER STATE SUPERVISION, 1981-1986
Institutions and Parole/Outpatient Caseload
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



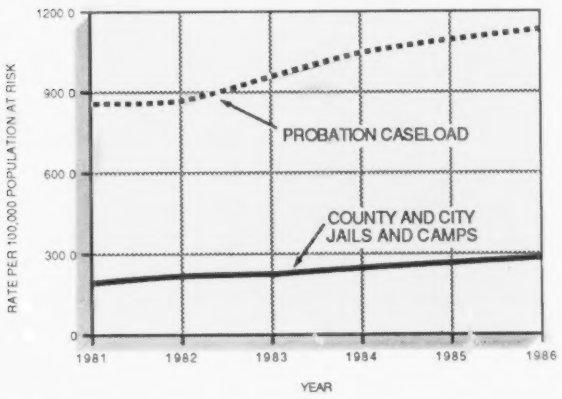
Source: Table 47.

ADULTS UNDER STATE SUPERVISION, 1986



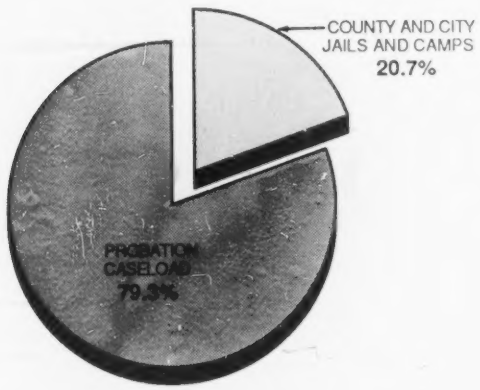
Source: Table 48.

ADULTS UNDER LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1981-1986
County and City Jails and Camps and Probation Caseload
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 47.

ADULTS UNDER LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1986



Source: Table 48.

Adults Under Local Supervision

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 54.2 percent increase in the rate of adults in county and city jails and camps.
- There was a 30.1 percent increase in the rate of adults on probation.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 9.9 percent rate increase in adults in county and city jails and camps.
- There was a 2.1 percent rate increase in adults on probation.

In 1986, of 278,253 adults under local supervision:

- Those in county and city jails and camps accounted for 20.7 percent (57,639). Of these,
  - There were 28,594 serving sentences.
  - There were 29,045 awaiting trial.
- Those on probation acounted for 79.3 percent (220,614).

Adult Probation Caseload

From 1981 to 1986:

- The number of adults on active probation caseload increased 44.6 percent.

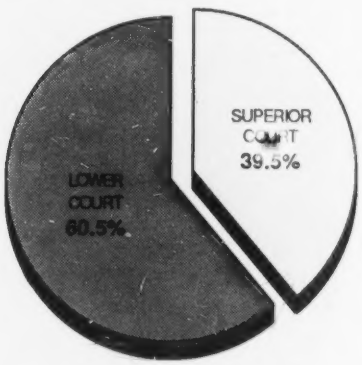
From 1985 to 1986:

- The number of adults on active probation caseload increased 4.8 percent.

In 1986, of 220,614 adults on probation:

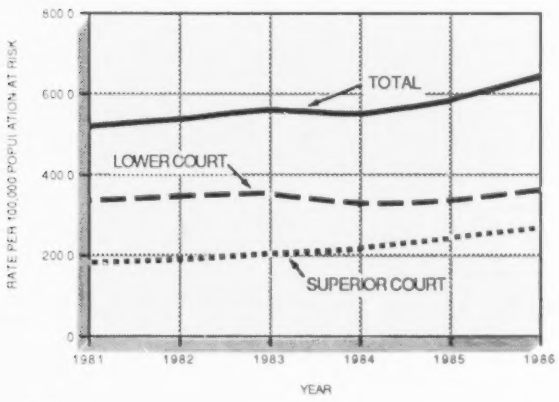
- There were 39.5 percent (87,194) sentenced from superior court.
- There were 60.5 percent (133,420) sentenced from lower court.

ADULT PROBATION ACTIVE CASELOAD, 1986



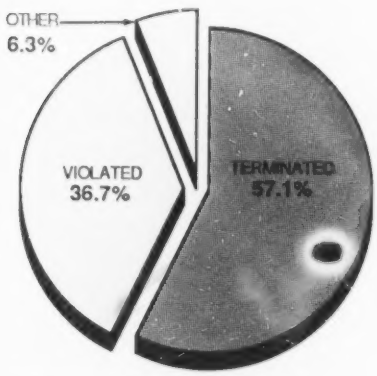
Source: Table 49.

ADULTS PLACED ON PROBATION, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 50.

ADULTS REMOVED FROM PROBATION, 1986



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 50.

Adults Placed on and Removed from Probation

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 23.2 percent increase in the rate of adults placed on probation.
- There was a 47.9 percent increase in the rate of adults sentenced from superior court and a 9.4 percent increase in the rate of adults sentenced from lower court.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 10.2 percent rate increase in adults placed on probation.
- There was a 12.6 percent rate increase in adults sentenced from superior court and an 8.5 percent rate increase in adults sentenced from lower court.

In 1986, there were 126,252 adults placed on probation and 116,140 adults removed from probation. Of the adults removed from probation:

- Those who completed their terms of probation accounted for 57.1 percent (66,263).
- Those who violated their probation accounted for 36.7 percent (42,575).
- Those who were removed for other reasons, such as transfers of jurisdiction from one county to another, deaths, and appeals, accounted for 6.3 percent (7,302).

Adults Committed to State Institutions

From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 49.4 percent increase in the rate of adults committed to state institutions.
- There was a 58.9 percent increase in the rate of prison commitments.
- There was a 53.8 percent rate increase for CRC and a 31.3 percent rate decrease for CYA commitments.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 9.2 percent rate increase in institution commitments.
- There was a 10.2 percent rate increase in prison commitments.
- CRC commitments increased 7.1 percent and CYA commitments decreased 6.1 percent.

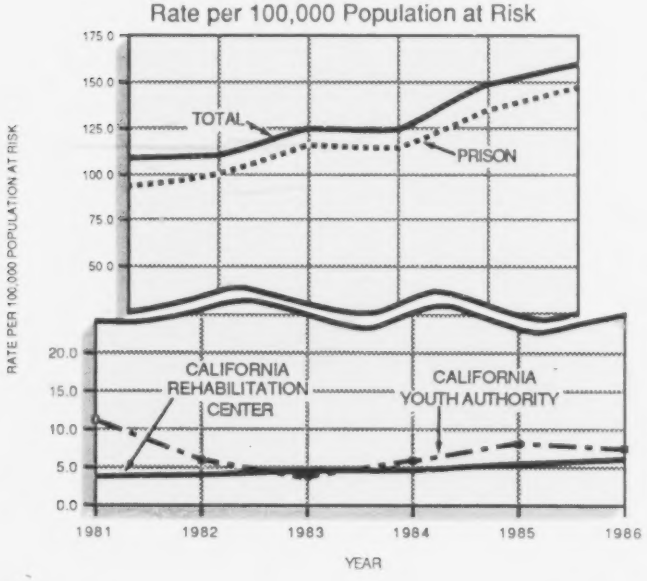
In 1986, of 32,028 adults committed to state institutions:

- New commitments accounted for 81.9 percent (26,217).
- Parolees returned with new commitments accounted for 18.1 percent (5,811).

And,

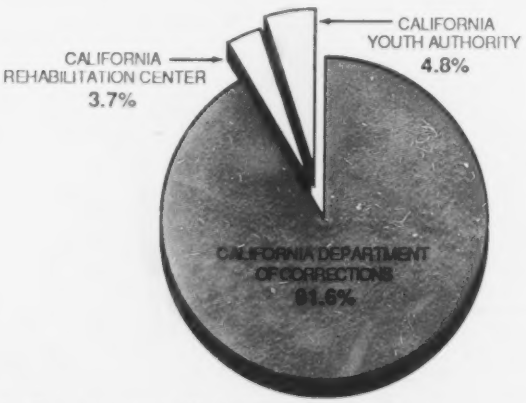
- Commitments to CDC (prison) accounted for 91.6 percent (29,322).
- Commitments to CRC accounted for 3.7 percent (1,181).
- Commitments to CYA accounted for 4.8 percent (1,525).

ADULTS COMMITTED TO PRISON, CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER, AND YOUTH AUTHORITY, 1981-1986
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 51.

ADULTS COMMITTED TO STATE INSTITUTIONS, 1986



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 51.

It is circumstance and proper timing that give an action its character and make it either good or bad.

Agesilaus

JUVENILE JUSTICE

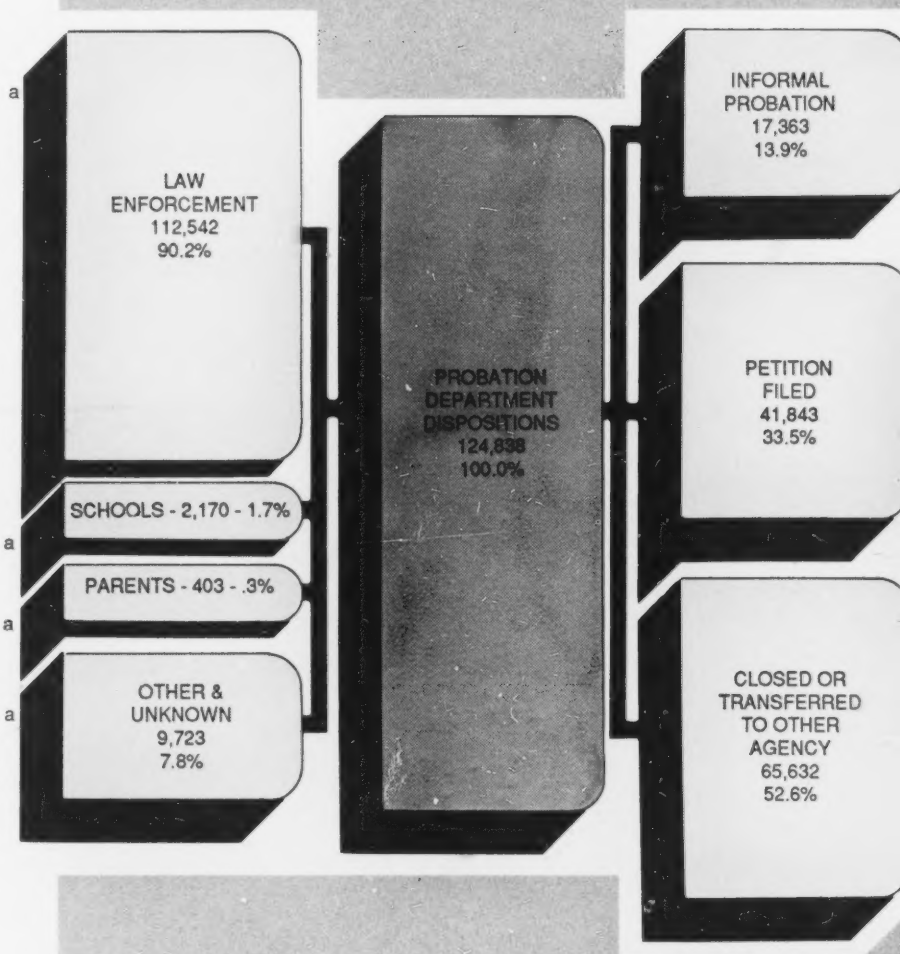
JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM

The juvenile justice system in California differs from the adult system in the type of offenders received and the manner in which they are processed. The juvenile system receives persons under 18 years of age who have either violated criminal statutes or have committed "status offenses." Status offenses are acts which are offenses only when committed by a juvenile, such as incorrigibility, truancy, running away from home, and curfew violations.

Law violators and status offenders are referred to probation departments primarily by law enforcement agencies after an arrest. Referrals may also be made by schools, parents, and other sources.

County probation departments are the focal point of the juvenile justice system in California, as shown by the accompanying flow chart:

- Typically, referrals are made to the probation department in the minor's county of residence. Nearly all come from police and sheriffs' departments (90.2 percent in 1986) with the remainder by schools, parents, and other sources.

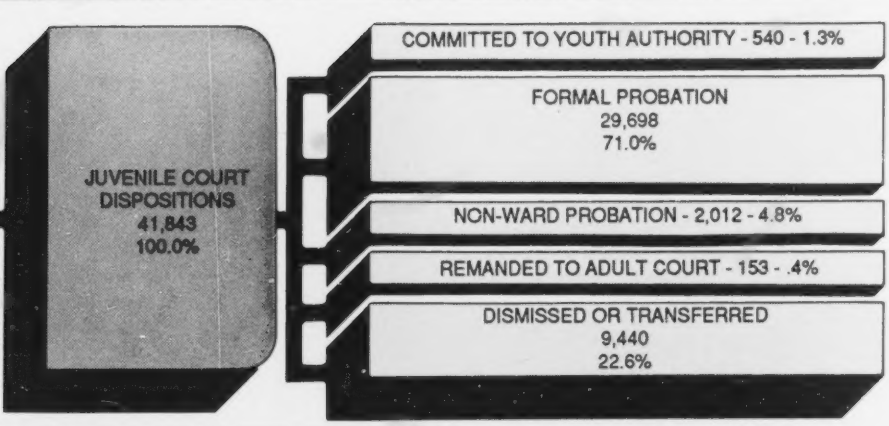


[a] Sources from which delinquent juveniles were initially referred to California probation departments.

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 53 and 54.

DISPOSITIONS OF NEW REFERRALS, 1986



- Decisions are made by probation departments on how referred cases are to be handled. A case may be closed or transferred, a juvenile may be placed on informal probation, or a petition may be sought for a court hearing.

- The juvenile court places most new petitioned cases under probation department supervision (71.0 percent formal probation and 4.8 percent non-ward probation in 1986).

Established in 1980, the BCS Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System requires the reporting of all delinquency referrals for both new and active cases. All 58 county probation departments report complete new referral data. However, some departments were unable to modify pre-1980 automated reporting programs to include certain types of subsequent referral information. Therefore, subsequent referral data are shown for 54 counties only.

Juvenile Arrests

Because the proportion of arrested juveniles under the age of 10 is small (less than one percent in a given year), population rates are based on the juvenile "at-risk" population, 10-17 years of age.

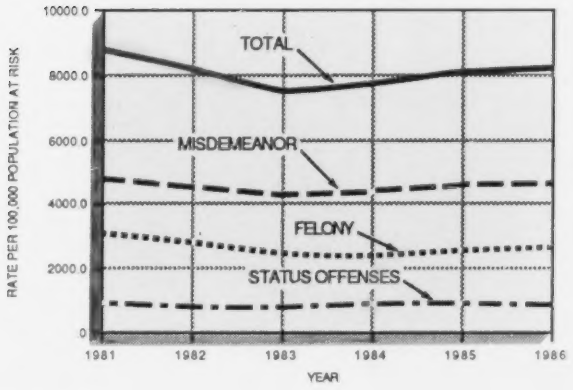
From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 7.4 percent decrease in the rate of total arrests - including both law violations and status offenses.
- There was a 14.5 percent decrease in the rate of felony-level arrests.
- There was a 3.5 percent decrease in the rate of misdemeanor-level arrests.
- There was a 3.9 percent decrease in the rate of status offense arrests.

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a .6 percent rate increase in total arrests.
- There was a 2.1 percent rate increase in felony-level arrests.
- There was a .6 percent rate increase in misdemeanor-level arrests.
- There was a 3.4 percent rate decrease in status offense arrests.

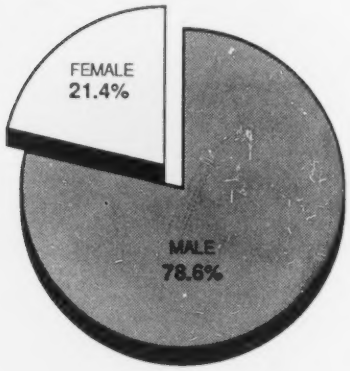
JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Offense Level by Year
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk



Source: Table 15.

Juvenile Arrests (continued)

JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1986
By Sex



Source: Table 52.

In 1986, of 235,880 juvenile arrests:

- Males accounted for 78.6 percent (185,406).
- Females accounted for 21.4 percent (50,474).

Juvenile arrests have increased in both number and rate since 1983.

Law Enforcement Dispositions of Juvenile Arrests

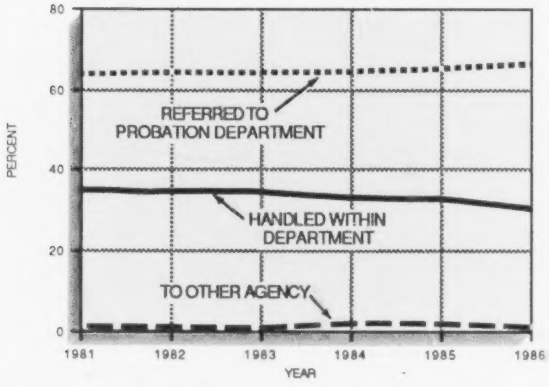
From 1981 to 1986:

- The proportion of juveniles handled within the department decreased from 35.0 to 31.6 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles turned over to another agency decreased slightly, from 1.1 to 1.0 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles referred to the probation department increased from 63.9 to 67.4 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The proportion of juveniles handled within the department decreased from 32.7 to 31.6 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles turned over to another agency decreased from 2.1 to 1.0 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles referred to the probation department increased from 65.3 to 67.4 percent.

LAW ENFORCEMENT DISPOSITIONS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year



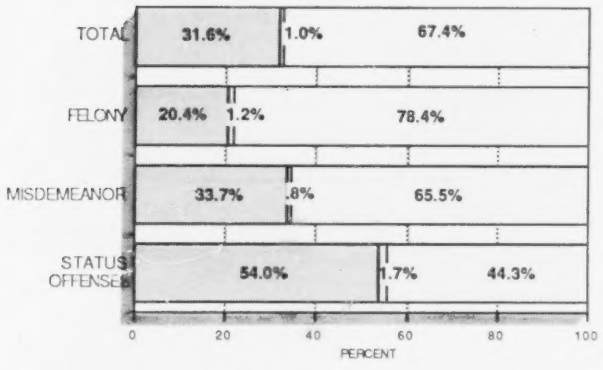
Source: Table 52.

Law Enforcement Dispositions of Juvenile Arrests (continued)

In 1986, of 235,880 juvenile arrest dispositions:

- Most felony- and misdemeanor-level arrests were referred to probation departments for further disposition (78.4 and 65.5 percent, respectively).
- Most status offense arrests were handled within the arresting department (54.0 percent).

LAW ENFORCEMENT DISPOSITIONS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1986
By Offense Level



Source: Table 52.

From 1985 to 1986, the number of juveniles referred to probation departments increased 5.4 percent, although juvenile arrests increased only 2.1 percent.

Probation Department Dispositions of New Referrals

The term "new referral" means that the juvenile was not on probation or parole at the time of referral. This does not mean that the juvenile has not had previous contact with the juvenile justice system.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases closed or transferred decreased from 54.7 to 52.6 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on informal probation increased from 12.5 to 13.9 percent.
- The proportion of petitions filed increased from 32.8 to 33.5 percent.

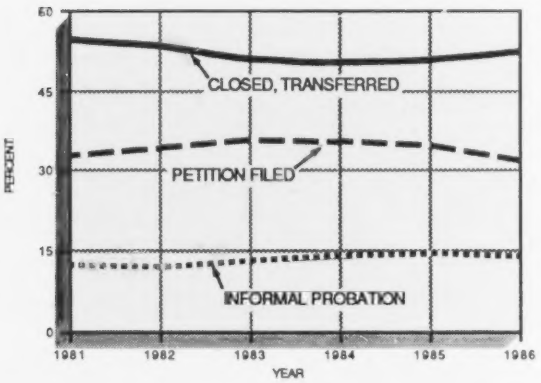
From 1985 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases closed or transferred increased from 50.7 to 52.6 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on informal probation decreased from 14.7 to 13.9 percent.
- The proportion of petitions filed decreased from 34.7 to 33.5 percent.

In 1986, of 124,838 new referral dispositions:

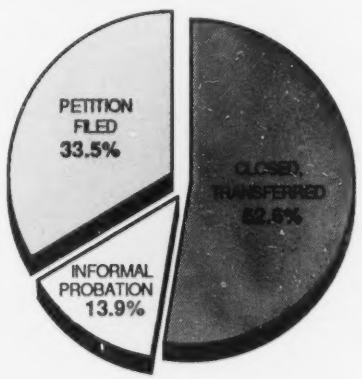
- Closed or transferred accounted for 65,632 (52.6 percent).
- Informal probation accounted for 17,363 (13.9 percent).
- Petitions filed accounted for 41,843 (33.5 percent).

PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS
OF NEW REFERRALS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year



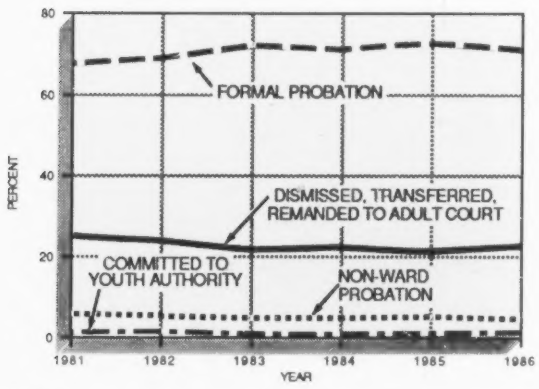
Source: Table 53.

PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS
OF NEW REFERRALS, 1986
By Type of Disposition



Source: Table 53.

JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS
OF NEW PETITIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year



Source: Table 54.

Juvenile Court Dispositions of New Petitions

The term "new petition" means that the juvenile was not on probation or parole at the time the petition was filed in juvenile court. This does not mean that the juvenile has not previously had a petition filed.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court decreased from 25.0 to 22.9 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on non-ward probation decreased from 6.1 to 4.8 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on formal probation increased from 67.5 to 71.0 percent.
- The proportion of cases committed to the Youth Authority decreased slightly, from 1.4 to 1.3 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

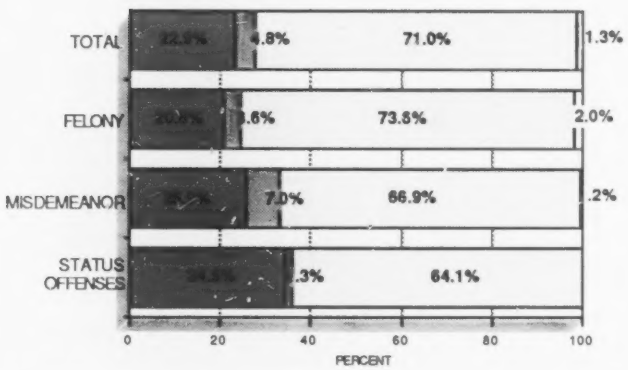
- The proportion of cases dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court increased from 21.5 to 22.9 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on non-ward probation decreased from 5.2 to 4.8 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on formal probation decreased from 72.3 to 71.0 percent.
- The proportion of cases committed to the Youth Authority increased from 1.0 to 1.3 percent.

Juvenile Court Dispositions of New Petitions (continued)

In 1986, of 41,843 juvenile court new petition dispositions:

- Most petitions for felony, misdemeanor, and status offenses resulted in formal probation dispositions (73.6, 66.9, and 64.1 percent, respectively).

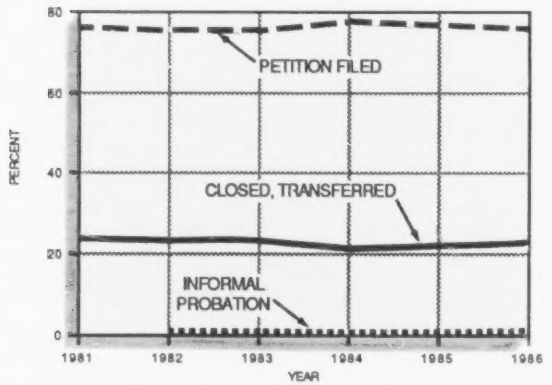
JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS
OF NEW PETITIONS, 1986
Offense Level by Type of Disposition



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 55.

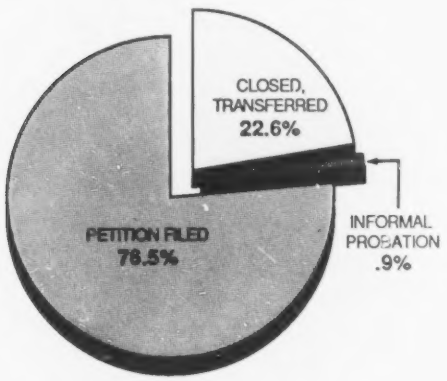
1986 is the first year to show an increase in Youth Authority commitments resulting from new petitions since 1981 (1.3 percent).

PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS
OF SUBSEQUENT REFERRALS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year - 54 Counties



Source: Table 56.

PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS
OF SUBSEQUENT REFERRALS, 1986
By Type of Disposition - 54 Counties



Source: Table 56.

Probation Department Dispositions of Subsequent Referrals in 54 Counties[a]

The term "subsequent referral" means that the juvenile was on probation or parole at the time of referral to a probation department.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases closed or transferred decreased from 24.0 to 22.6 percent.
- The proportion of petitions filed increased slightly, from 76.0 to 76.5 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases closed or transferred increased slightly, from 22.5 to 22.6 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on informal probation increased slightly, from .8 to .9 percent.
- The proportion of petitions filed decreased from 76.7 to 76.5 percent.

In 1986, of 26,871 probation department dispositions of subsequent referrals:

- Closed or transferred accounted for 6,065 (22.6 percent).
- Informal probation accounted for 254 (.9 percent).
- Petitions filed accounted for 20,552 (76.5 percent).

[a]Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties are not included.

Juvenile Court Dispositions of Subsequent Petitions in 54 Counties[a]

The term "subsequent petition" means that the juvenile was already under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court at the time a petition was filed.

From 1981 to 1986:

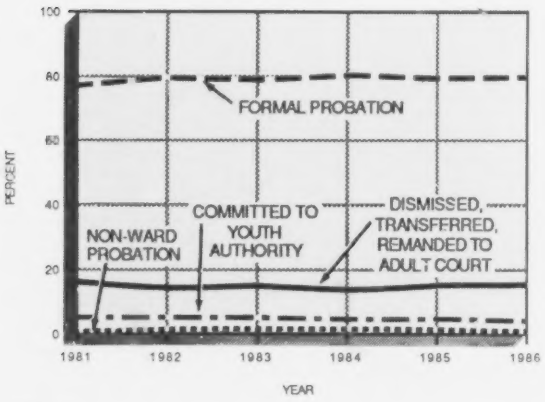
- The proportion of cases dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court decreased from 16.3 to 14.9 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on non-ward probation increased slightly, from .7 to .9 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on formal probation increased from 77.4 to 79.7 percent.
- The proportion of cases committed to the Youth Authority decreased from 5.5 to 4.5 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The proportion of cases dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court increased from 14.7 to 14.9 percent.
- The proportion of cases placed on non-ward probation decreased slightly, from 1.0 to .9 percent.

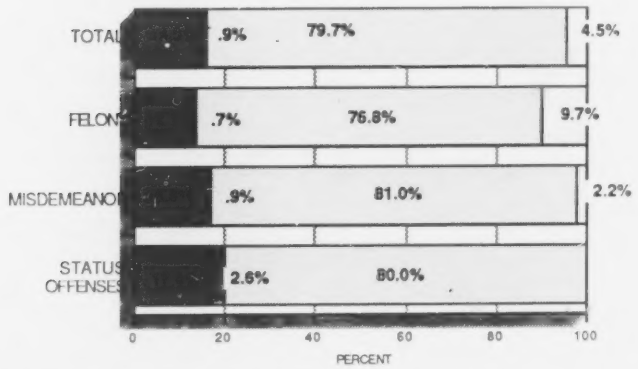
[a]Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties are not included.

JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS
OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition by Year - 54 Counties



Source: Table 57.

JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS
OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1986
Offense Level by Type of Disposition - 54 Counties



Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 58.

Juvenile Court Dispositions of Subsequent Petitions in 54 Counties[a] (continued)

- The proportion of cases placed on formal probation increased from 79.5 to 79.7 percent.
- The proportion of cases committed to the Youth Authority decreased from 4.8 to 4.5 percent.

In 1986, of 20,552 juvenile court dispositions of subsequent petitions:

- The majority of petitions for felony, misdemeanor, and status offenses resulted in formal probation dispositions (76.8, 81.0, and 80.0 percent, respectively).

[a]Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties are not included.

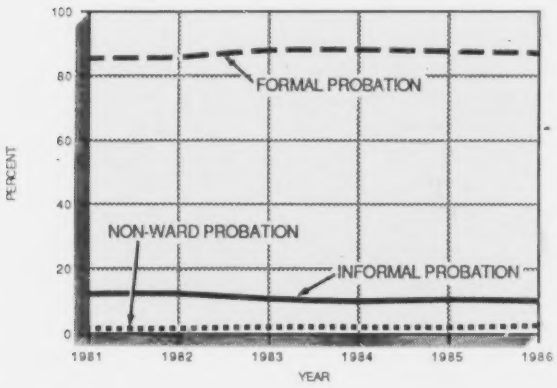
Juvenile Probation Caseload

Juveniles are supervised by county probation departments after placement on informal, non-ward, or formal probation. Informal and non-ward probation cannot exceed six months. As a ward of the court, a juvenile may be placed on formal probation for an indeterminate length of time. A count of the number of juveniles on probation, (a caseload count), is taken on December 31 of each year.

From 1981 to 1986:

- The proportion of informal probation cases decreased from 12.3 to 10.3 percent.
- The proportion of non-ward probation cases increased slightly, from 2.1 to 2.2 percent.
- The proportion of formal probation cases increased from 85.6 to 87.5 percent.

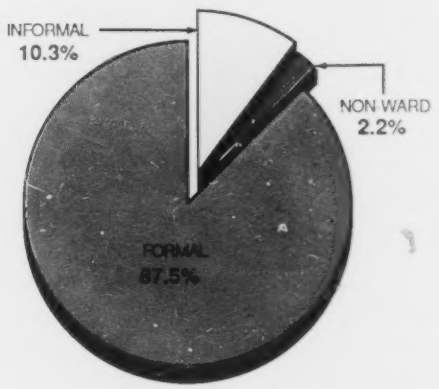
JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD, 1981-1986
Type of Probation by Year



Source: Table 59.

Juvenile Probation Caseload (continued)

JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD, 1986
By Type of Probation



Source: Table 59.

From 1985 to 1986:

- The proportion of informal probation cases decreased from 10.8 to 10.3 percent.
- The proportion of non-ward probation cases increased from 1.6 to 2.2 percent.
- The proportion of formal probation cases decreased slightly, from 87.6 to 87.5 percent.

Of 61,644 juveniles on probation on December 31, 1986:

- Informal probation accounted for 6,332 (10.3 percent).
- Non-ward probation accounted for 1,376 (2.2 percent).
- Formal probation accounted for 53,936 (87.5 percent).

Juveniles in County-Operated Detention Facilities

County-operated detention facilities are used to house juveniles prior to a petition hearing and to provide treatment after court or probation department determinations. These facilities are classified as "secure" and "nonsecure." Secure facilities, such as juvenile halls, camps, and ranches, are to be used solely for law violators. Status offenders may be held in a secure facility, prior to a hearing, for strictly limited time periods and under certain circumstances, such as locating and notifying parents, checking for warrants, or when the juvenile is a danger to himself or others. Nonsecure facilities, such as shelter care or crisis resolution homes, can be used for both law violators and status offenders. A count of the number of juveniles in county-operated detention facilities is taken on the fourth Thursday in September of each year.

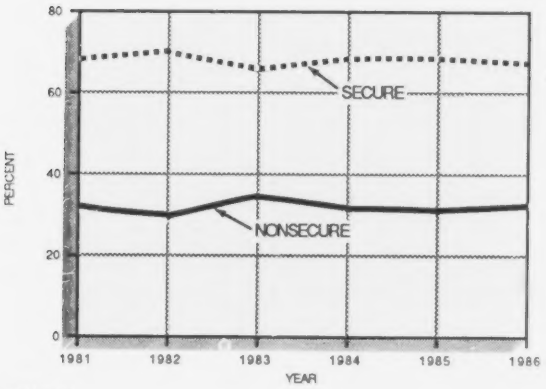
From 1981 to 1986:

- The number of juveniles in county-operated detention facilities increased 21.2 percent (7,092 to 8,598).

And,

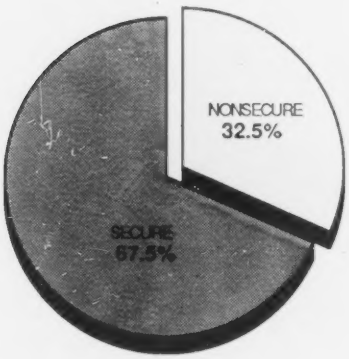
- The proportion of juveniles detained in nonsecure facilities increased from 32.1 to 32.5 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles detained in secure facilities decreased from 67.9 to 67.5 percent.

JUVENILES IN COUNTY-OPERATED DETENTION FACILITIES, 1981-1986
Type of Facility by Year



Source: Table 60.

JUVENILES IN COUNTY-OPERATED DETENTION FACILITIES, 1986
By Type of Facility



Source: Table 60.

Juveniles in County-Operated Detention Facilities (continued)

From 1985 to 1986:

- The number of juveniles in county-operated detention facilities increased 1.5 percent (8,474 to 8,598).

And,

- The proportion of juveniles detained in nonsecure facilities increased slightly, from 31.6 to 32.5 percent.
- The proportion of juveniles detained in secure facilities decreased from 68.4 to 67.5 percent.

In 1986, of 8,598 juveniles in county-operated detention facilities:

- Nonsecure facilities accounted for 2,791 (32.5 percent).
- Secure facilities accounted for 5,807 (67.5 percent).

First Commitments to the California Youth Authority (CYA) from Juvenile Court

First commitments include juveniles committed to CYA for the first time and juveniles who, after discharge, have received another commitment for a subsequent offense.

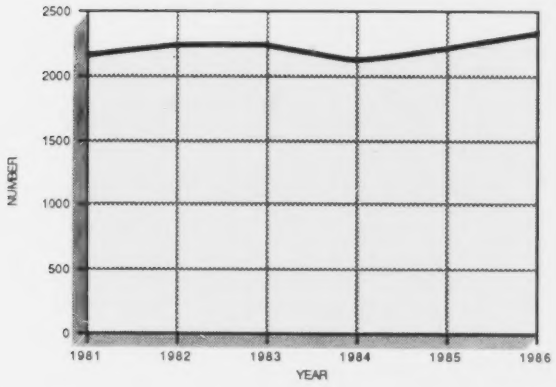
From 1981 to 1986:

- There was a 7.2 percent increase in the number of first commitments to CYA from juvenile court (2,170 to 2,326).

From 1985 to 1986:

- There was a 5.1 percent increase in the number of first commitments to CYA from juvenile court (2,213 to 2,326).

FIRST COMMITMENTS TO CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY FROM JUVENILE COURT, 1981-1986
Number of Commitments by Year



Source: Table 61.

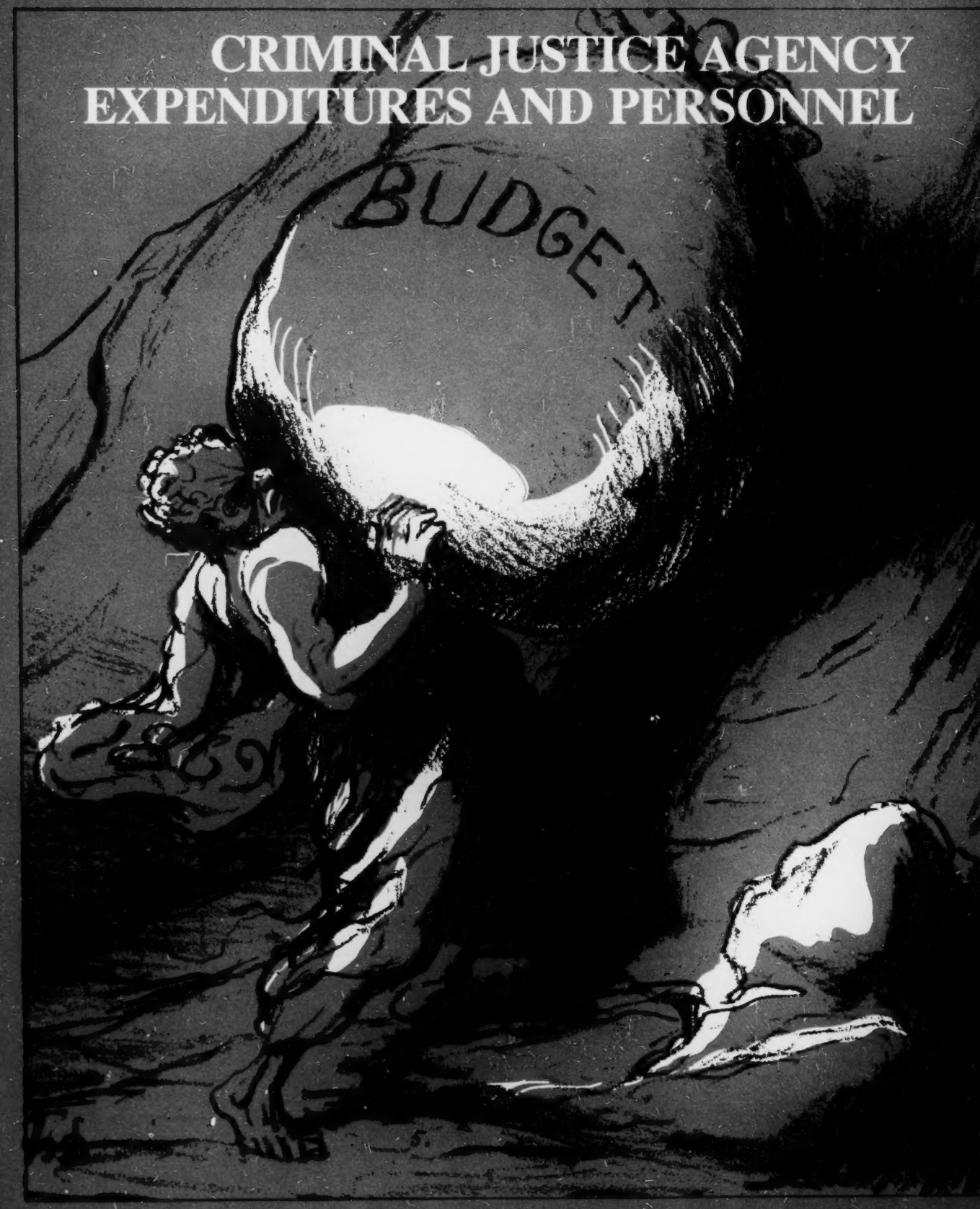
Expenditure and personnel data are collected by the Bureau of Criminal Statistics and grouped into the following criminal justice agency categories: law enforcement, prosecution, public defense, courts, and corrections.

Criminal justice agency expenditures are fiscal year data obtained from the Governor's Budget and publications by the State Controller's Office. These data include salaries and employee benefits, services, and supplies. They do not include monies derived from federal and state grants or expended for building construction.

Law: an ordinance of reason for the common good, made by him who has care of the community.

St. Thomas Aquinas
(1273)

CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES AND PERSONNEL



Expenditures, Fiscal Years 1980/81-1985/86

Real dollars are actual dollars reduced by the effects of inflation each year. The actual criminal justice agency expenditures have been adjusted according to the State and Local Implicit Price Deflator.

From Fiscal Year 1980/81 to Fiscal Year 1985/86:

- There was a 71.6 percent increase in actual expenditures and a 30.7 percent increase in real expenditures.

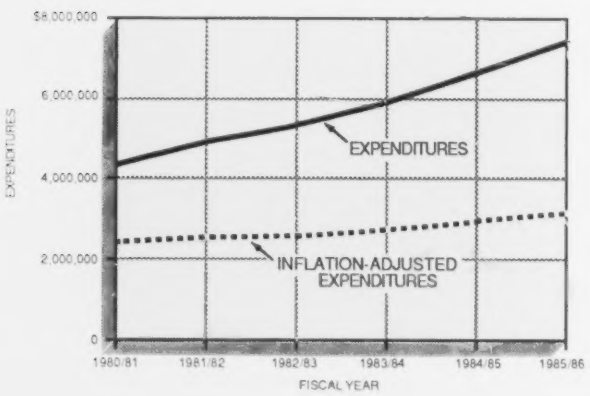
From Fiscal Year 1984/85 to Fiscal Year 1985/86:

- There was a 12.1 percent increase in actual expenditures and a 7.7 percent increase in real expenditures.

From Fiscal Year 1980/81 to Fiscal Year 1985/86:

- Total reported criminal justice agency actual expenditures increased 71.6 percent.
- Law enforcement agency expenditures increased 62.0 percent.
- Prosecution agency expenditures increased 65.2 percent.
- Public defense agency expenditures increased 86.9 percent.
- Court expenditures increased 77.8 percent. Municipal courts showed the largest increase in court expenditures (86.3 percent).
- Court-related expenditures increased 101.8 percent.
- State and local correctional agency expenditures increased 85.8 percent, with Department of Corrections showing the largest increase (147.0 percent).

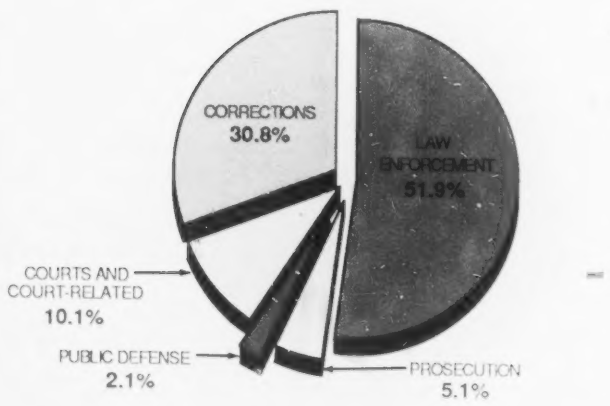
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86
(Data Shown in Thousands of Dollars)



Source: Table 63.

Expenditures (continued)

CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES,
FISCAL YEAR 1985/86
By Type of Agency



Source: Table 64

From Fiscal Year 1984/85 to Fiscal Year 1985/86:

- Total reported criminal justice agency actual expenditures increased 12.1 percent.
- Law enforcement agency expenditures increased 8.3 percent.
- Prosecution agency expenditures increased 11.4 percent.
- Public defense agency expenditures increased 13.8 percent.
- Court expenditures increased 12.0 percent.
- Court-related expenditures increased 16.9 percent.
- State and local correctional agency expenditures increased 18.6 percent.

In Fiscal Year 1985/86, of $7.5 billion expenditures reported by criminal justice agencies:

- Law enforcement agencies spent 51.9 percent ($3.9 billion).
- Prosecution agencies spent 5.1 percent ($383.1 million).
- Public defense agencies spent 2.1 percent ($157.1 million).
- Courts and court-related agencies spent 10.1 percent ($753.0 million). Courts spent $487.5 million and court-related agencies spent $265.5 million.
- State and local correctional agencies spent 30.8 percent ($2.3 billion).

Personnel, 1981-1986

Personnel data were obtained from annual one-day counts of all authorized full-time employees. Proportions of sworn and civilian personnel to total law enforcement personnel for the years 1981-1986 are shown in Table 65 (page 194).

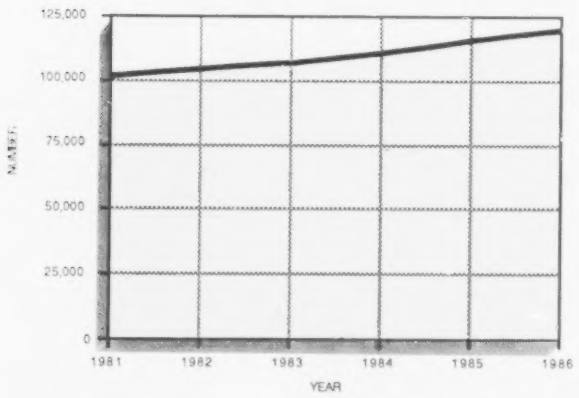
From 1981 to 1986:

- Total reported criminal justice agency authorized full-time personnel increased 16.9 percent.
- Law enforcement agency personnel increased 10.3 percent.
- Prosecution agency personnel increased 18.0 percent.
- Public defense agency personnel increased 18.5 percent.
- Court personnel increased 10.6 percent.
- State and local correctional agency personnel increased 37.5 percent.

From 1985 to 1986:

- Total reported criminal justice agency authorized full-time personnel increased 3.8 percent.
- Law enforcement agency personnel increased 2.6 percent.
- Prosecution agency personnel increased 5.0 percent.
- Public defense agency personnel increased 4.9 percent.
- Court personnel increased 2.5 percent.
- State and local correctional agency personnel increased 6.4 percent.

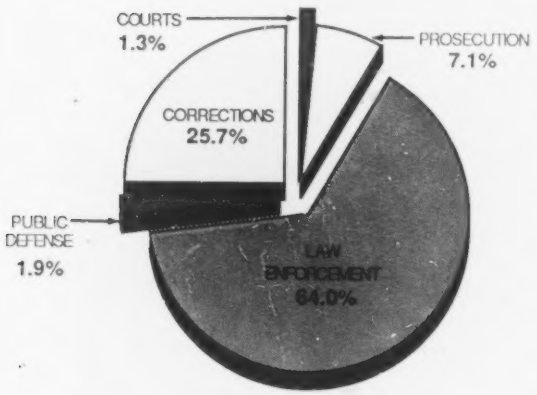
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1981-1986



Source: Table 65.

Personnel (continued)

CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1986
By Type of Agency

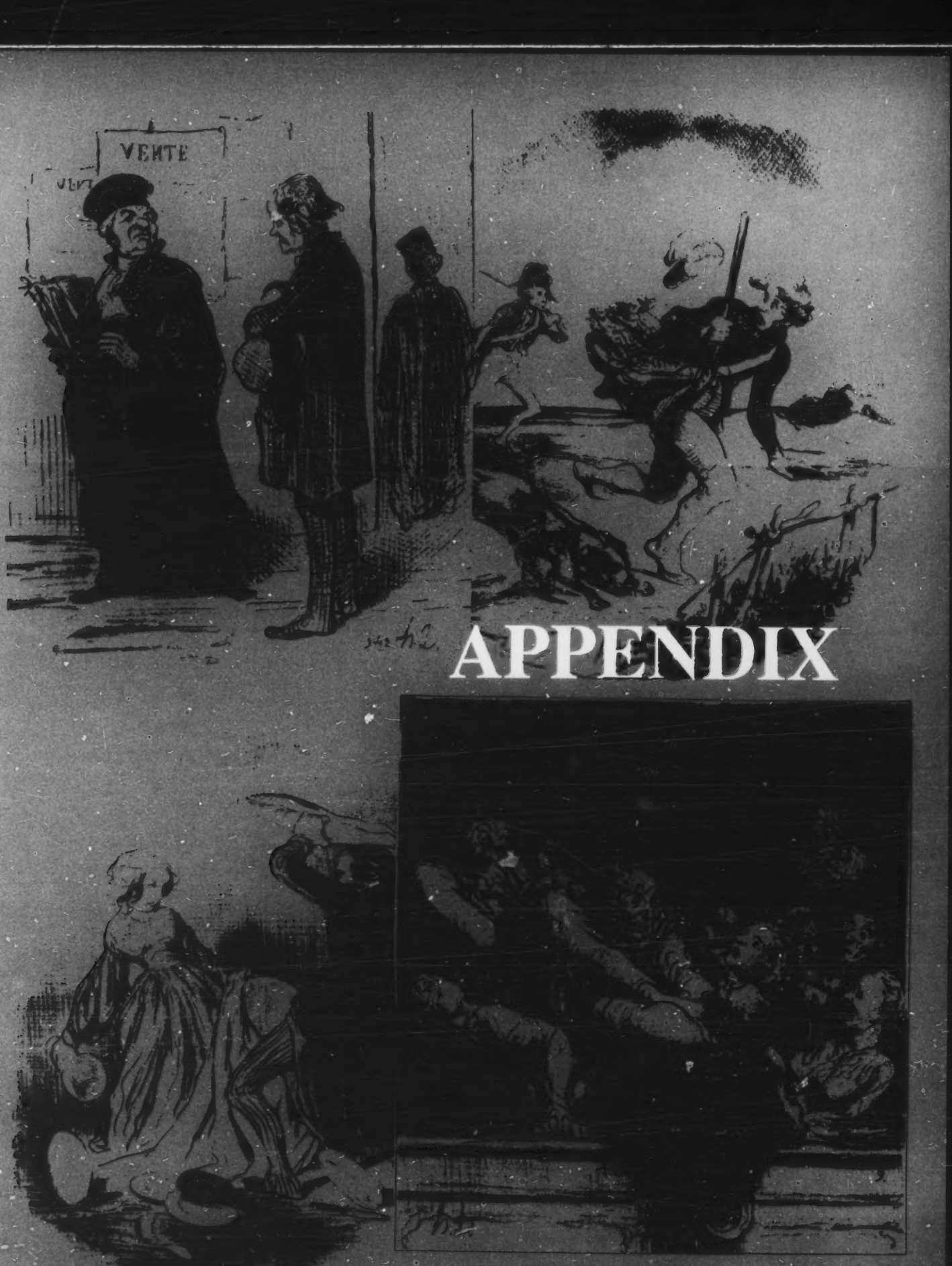


Source: Table 66.

In 1986, of 119,698 reported criminal justice agency authorized full-time personnel:

- Law enforcement agency personnel accounted for 64.0 percent (76,576).
- Prosecution agency personnel accounted for 7.1 percent (8,474).
- Public defense agency personnel accounted for 1.9 percent (2,286).
- Court personnel accounted for 1.3 percent (1,540).
- State and local correctional agency personnel accounted for 25.7 percent (30,822).

For each year since 1983, the Corrections category has registered the largest percent increase in personnel.



APPENDIX

CITIZENS' COMPLAINTS

Section 13012 of the Penal Code states "The annual report of the department provided for in Section 13010 shall contain statistics showing: . . . (d) The number of citizens complaints received by law enforcement agencies under Section 832.5. Such statistics shall indicate the total number of such complaints, the number alleging criminal conduct of either a felony or misdemeanor, and the number sustained in each category. The report shall not contain a reference to any individual agency but shall be by gross numbers only . . ."

Section 832.5(a) of the Penal Code requires that "Each department or agency in this state which employs peace officers shall establish a procedure to investigate citizens' complaints against the personnel of such departments or agencies, and shall make a written description of the procedure available to the public."

Because of the individual nature of the requirements of Penal Code Section 832.5, reporting definitions and procedures vary among reporting agencies. The data shown are accurate and complete to the extent that contributing agencies met their reporting obligations.

TABLE A-1
CITIZENS' COMPLAINTS
AGAINST PEACE OFFICERS, 1986

Complaints	Number reported	Number sustained
TOTAL.....	12,811	2,412
Total criminal..	728	160
Felony.....	245	49
Misdemeanor	483	111

TABLE A-2
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE-RELATED CALLS
FOR ASSISTANCE, JULY-DECEMBER, 1986

	Number	Percent
Total domestic violence calls received....	83,661	100.0
Total cases involving weapons.....	55,843	66.7
Total cases without weapons.....	27,818	33.3

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Effective January 1, 1986, law enforcement agencies were legislatively mandated (PC 13730) to report domestic violence-related calls for assistance and to indicate which cases involved the use of a weapon. This information is to be reported monthly to the Attorney General.

As could be expected with the implementation of a new reporting system, many agencies were unable to report completely in the early months of the year; therefore, these data represent only the last six months of the year where reporting levels are considered complete.

PC 13730 also instructs the Attorney General to report annually on the number of domestic violence-related calls received statewide, in each county, and by individual law enforcement agencies. Statewide data are reported in here. County and agency-level data will be published in the statewide and county "Criminal Justice Profile, 1986" series of publications.

DEFINITIONS:

"Domestic violence" is defined as ". . . abuse committed against an adult or fully emancipated minor who is a spouse, former spouse, cohabitant, former cohabitant, or a person with whom the suspect has had a child or has or has had a dating or engagement relationship." [Section 13700(b) PC]

Within this definition, "abuse" is further defined as ". . . intentionally or recklessly causing or attempting to cause bodily injury, or placing another person in reasonable apprehension of imminent serious bodily injury to himself, or another." [Section 13700(a) PC]

KNOWN DATA LIMITATIONS

CRIMES

- Mammoth Lakes began reporting in July 1986.
- Orinda began reporting in July 1986.

ARRESTS
Arrest and Citation Register

- Homicide arrests from 1981 to 1985 are inflated to some degree. Assault with intent to commit murder is included in some cases because of a 1981 law that repealed Penal Code Section 217.
- Morgan Hill did not report data for November and December 1986.
- Mammoth Lakes began reporting in July 1986.
- Orinda began reporting in July 1986.
- The analysis of race/ethnic data must be considered in light of the subjectivity of the labeling process and recent classifications changes, such as those of the U.S. Bureau of the Census (1980).
- Felony arrest counts may include some misdemeanor warrants for felony offenses.
- Agency reporting problems account for almost all of the increase recorded in 1983 other drug law violations.

ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS
Offender-Based Transaction Statistics System

- This file contains over 94 percent of all documents which were available for processing when the annual statistical file was created on April 25, 1987.
- Caution should be used when comparing adult felony arrest disposition data with reported arrest data. Disposition data are based on the year of final disposition, regardless of when the felony arrest occurred. Arrest data are based upon the year in which the arrest took place.
- For multiple arrest offenses, OBTS selects only the most serious offense, based on the severity of possible punishment. For multiple court dispositions, OBTS selects the most serious court disposition and the associated offense.
- BCS disposition data on state institutional commitments are counted differently from those of other state agencies. For example, the Department of Corrections counts the number of defendants received, even though a defendant may have received a commitment from two or more jurisdictions. In the same situation, BCS counts each commitment as a separate disposition.
- From 1985 to 1986, assault offenses increased 41.1 percent. A significant portion of the increase can be attributed to the "Domestic Violence" program, implemented January 1, 1986. This program required law enforcement officers to actively intervene in complaints of violence between spouses or sexual partners. Most of the increase in assault offenses was adjudicated in lower court.
- The adult felony arrest disposition data base includes 232 persons whose age at disposition was under 18. These minors were tried in adult court by provision of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

ADULT CORRECTIONS
Characteristics and Data Limitations

- The data include adults placed on supervised probation only.
- Persons are counted once for each jurisdiction. Thus, data include original grants of probation and do not include subsequent grants of probation to persons already under probation supervision ordered by the same level court in the same county. Also, the probationers under jurisdiction of both superior and lower courts and any who are jurisdictional cases of more than one county are counted more than one time in statewide totals.
- The sources of data are county probation departments' monthly reports of summary data.

JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM
Characteristics and Data Limitations

- While 1982 through 1986 juvenile justice system data are shown as reported, 1981 data contain estimated totals for Los Angeles County. Because of variability in reporting by that county's Probation Department, some underreporting occurred prior to 1982. By agreement with that agency, estimates were developed that more fully represented the number of new referrals and new petitions handled by the department. These annual estimates for Los Angeles County were added to data for the other 57 counties to produce statewide figures.
- In cases where a juvenile has multiple petitions filed for more than one offense, only the petition with the most serious offense is recorded. This accounts for the differences between BCS counts and the statistics generated by the Administrative Office of the Courts, which counts the number of petitions processed.
- From 1981 through 1984, the new juvenile justice reporting system included 54 counties. Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties reported in the old format. In 1985, Alameda County began reporting in the new format.
- In 1986, BCS developed a new one-day survey form to collect juvenile probation caseload counts. Prior to 1986, these data were developed programmatically from transactions reported by probation departments.
- By agreement with the agency, type of probation for probation caseload was estimated for Fresno County.

CITIZENS' COMPLAINTS AGAINST PEACE OFFICERS

- San Francisco Police Department reports their data through the San Francisco Police Commission's Office of Citizen's Complaints. This agency is unable to provide citizens' complaint data by type of complaint.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY

ABSCOND: to leave the judicial jurisdiction without consent.

ACQUITTAL: a judgment of a court, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer, that the defendant is not guilty of the offense(s) for which he was tried.

ADJUDICATION: the formal giving or pronouncing of a judgment or decree in a cause.

ADULT: a person 18 years of age or older.

AFFIDAVIT: a written summary of charges against a juvenile presented by the probation department to the prosecutor with a request that a petition be filed.

APPEAL: a petition initiated by a defendant for a rehearing in an appellate court of a previous sentence or motion.

ARREST: ". . . taking a person into custody, in a case and in the manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person." (P.C. 834)

ARREST RATE: the number of arrests per 100,000 population. See page 66 for a further explanation.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS (CDC): the state agency which has jurisdiction over the California Rehabilitation Center and the California prison system.

CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER (CRC): an institution operated by the California Department of Corrections which is designated for the treatment of persons addicted to narcotics or in imminent danger of addiction. Commitment to the facility is by civil procedure only.

CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY (CYA): the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from justice, municipal, and superior courts.

CAMPS, RANCHES, HOMES, AND SCHOOLS: county-level juvenile correctional facilities for post-court treatment of juvenile offenders. These facilities are maintained by county probation departments.

CASELOAD: the total number of clients or cases on probation or under supervision with a given agency at a specified point in time.

CHARGE: a formal allegation that a specific person has committed a specific offense.

CITATION: a written order, issued by the police for a violation, to appear before a magistrate or probation officer at a later date.

CIVIL COMMITMENT: a type of commitment in which criminal proceedings are suspended while a defendant undergoes treatment at the California Rehabilitation Center (CRC) as a narcotic addict.

CLEARANCE: an offense is cleared or "solved" for crime reporting purposes when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of the offense, and turned over to the court for prosecution or cited to juvenile authorities. In certain situations a clearance may be counted by "exceptional" means when the police definitely know the identity of the offender, have enough information to support an arrest, and know the location of the offender but for some reason cannot take the offender into custody.

CLEARANCE RATE: method used to determine the percentage of crimes cleared. The rate is based on the number of crimes reported.

CLOSED AT INTAKE: a case closed by the probation department at the time the juvenile is referred to the department, following an investigation of the juvenile's circumstances and nature of the alleged offense. No further action is taken.

COMMITMENT: a warrant, order, or process by which the court directs a judicial officer to take a person to a correctional facility.

COMPLAINT: a verified written accusation, filed by a prosecuting attorney with a local criminal court, which charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE: a drug, substance, or immediate precursor which is included in Schedules I through V inclusive, as set forth in Health and Safety Code Sections 11054 through 11058. These would include heroin, marijuana, amphetamines, barbiturates, and psychedelics.

CONVICTION: a judgment, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on the guilty plea of the defendant, that the defendant is guilty.

CORRECTIONS: those agencies or facilities concerned with the custody, confinement, supervision, or treatment of alleged or adjudicated offenders. See also, California Department of Corrections.

COURT: an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, having one or more judicial officers on its staff. A court has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it.

CRC: see California Rehabilitation Center.

CRIME: ". . . an act committed or omitted in violation of a law forbidding or commanding it. . . ." (P.C. 15)

CRIME RATE: the number of crimes per 100,000 general population.

CRIMINAL COMMITMENT: a type of commitment which results when a defendant is sentenced to prison or the California Youth Authority.

CYA: see California Youth Authority.

DEFENDANT: a person against whom a criminal proceeding is pending.

DELINQUENT ACTS: those acts described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 602 which involve violations by a juvenile of any law or ordinance defining crime, or the violation of a court order of the juvenile court.

DETERMINATE SENTENCING: sentencing which, by law, requires imposition of a term of imprisonment proportionate to the seriousness of the crime, with sentences uniform for like crimes.

DISMISSAL: a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case without a determination of guilt or innocence.

DISPOSITION - COURT: an action taken as the result of an appearance in court by a defendant. Examples would be: adults - dismissed, acquitted, or convicted and sentenced; juveniles - dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court, placed on probation, or sentenced to the California Youth Authority.

DISPOSITION - LAW ENFORCEMENT: an action taken as the result of an arrest. Examples of police dispositions are: adults - released by law enforcement, referred to another jurisdiction, or a misdemeanor or felony complaint sought; juveniles - handled within the department, referred to another agency, or referred to the probation department or juvenile court.

DISPOSITION - PROSECUTOR: an action taken as the result of complaints which were requested by the arresting agency. Dispositions include granting a misdemeanor or a felony complaint, or denying a complaint for such reasons as lack of corpus, lack of probable cause, interest of justice, victim declines to prosecute, witness unavailable, illegal search and seizure, combined with other courts, etc.

DRUGS: see Controlled Substance.

EMANCIPATED MINOR: a person under 18 years of age who has been released from parental control and supervision by either; a) a valid marriage, b) active duty with the armed forces of the United States, or c) a declaration of emancipation (see Civil Code Sections 62 and 64).

FELONY: ". . . a crime which is punishable with death or by imprisonment in the state prison. . . ." (P.C. 17)

FILING: a document filed with the municipal court clerk or county clerk by a prosecuting attorney alleging that a person committed or attempted to commit a crime.

FINE: the penalty imposed upon a convicted person by a court requiring that he pay a specified sum of money.

GRANT: the act of placing an adult on probation.

GUILTY PLEA: a defendant's formal answer in open court to the charge(s) in a complaint, indictment, or information, stating that the charge(s) is true and that he has committed the offense(s) as charged.

INFRACTION: an offense punishable by fine or other penalty, but not by incarceration.

INITIAL PETITION: see New Petition.

INITIAL REFERRAL: see New Referral.

INTAKE DETERMINATION: the probation department disposition of a new referral; these are usually "closed or transferred," "informal probation," or "petition filed."

JAIL: a county or city facility for incarceration of sentenced and unsentenced persons.

JURISDICTION: the territory, subject matter, or person over which lawful authority may be exercised.

JUVENILE: a person under the age of 18.

JUVENILE COURT: the court responsible for adjudicating juvenile offenders.

JUVENILE HALL: a county-operated facility used for temporary detention of juvenile offenders pending their court appearance, and in some instances, for short-term (up to 180 days) post-adjudication rehabilitative purposes.

LAW VIOLATIONS: in the juvenile system, those acts described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 602 which involve violations by a juvenile of any law or ordinance defined as a crime.

LOCAL SUPERVISION: local correctional agencies provide confinement, rehabilitation, and probation services for those sentenced to their care and also house persons awaiting trial or sentencing.

LOWER COURT: municipal or justice court.

MANDATORY SENTENCING: sentencing mandated by law which limits judicial discretion for specific convicted offenders.

MISDEMEANOR: a crime punishable by imprisonment in a county jail, by a fine, or by both. Under certain conditions defined by Section 17 of the Penal Code, a felony crime can be treated as a misdemeanor.

MONTHLY ARREST AND CITATION REGISTER: a reporting system used to collect information on adult and juvenile arrests. The Arrest Register reports details which identify age, sex, and race/ethnic characteristics of offenders and creates a link to subsequent court activity.

MUNICIPAL OR JUSTICE COURT: the court of original or trial jurisdiction for the prosecution of persons accused of misdemeanor or certain felony offenses. Also, municipal and justice courts conduct preliminary hearings to determine probable cause in the case of felony offenders who are subject to jurisdiction of superior courts - the felony trial court.

NEW PETITION: a petition filed in juvenile court for a minor, who is currently not under active probation supervision or on parole from CYA, alleging that the minor has committed a delinquent act.

NEW REFERRAL: a juvenile who is not actively being supervised or on CYA parole brought to the attention of the probation department for alleged behavior under Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 601 or 602.

NONSECURE FACILITY: shelter care, crisis resolution home, or counseling and educational centers.

OFFENDER-BASED TRANSACTION STATISTICS (OBTS): a system designed to collect statistical information on the various processes within the criminal justice system that occur between the point of arrest and the point of final disposition.

OFFENSE: the charged offense is the offense for which the defendant was arrested or filed on by the district attorney. The convicted offense is the offense the defendant was convicted of or pled guilty to in court. The sustained offense is the offense for which the juvenile court sustains a petition.

OUTPATIENT: a person receiving treatment or care at the California Rehabilitation Center (CRC) while no longer an inmate of the facility.

PAROLE: an added period of control following completion of the determinate prison sentence (P.C. 3000(a)).

PETITION: the formal presentation to the juvenile court of information surrounding the alleged offense by a juvenile, similar to a criminal complaint for an adult.

POPULATION AT RISK: that portion of the total population, who because of like characteristics to the specific study group, are considered "at-risk." For example, when studying juvenile arrestees, all persons between 10 and 17 years of age would be the "at-risk" population.

PRISON: a state correctional facility where persons are confined following conviction of a felony offense.

PROBATION: a judicial requirement that a person fulfill certain conditions of behavior in lieu of a sentence to confinement but sometimes including a jail sentence.

PROBATION WITH JAIL: a type of disposition rendered upon conviction which imposes a jail term as a condition of probation status.

PROBATION - FORMAL: a probation grant in which the minor is declared a ward of the juvenile court and placed on formal probation.

PROBATION - INFORMAL: supervision of a minor in lieu of filing a petition, for a period not to exceed six months. The supervision is based on a contractual agreement between the probation officer and the minor's parents or guardian provided for under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 654.

PROBATION - NON-WARD: a probation grant without wardship from juvenile court for a specific time not to exceed six months as described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 725a.

PROSECUTOR: an attorney employed by a governmental agency whose official duty is to initiate and maintain criminal proceedings on behalf of the government against a person accused of committing criminal offenses.

PUNISHMENT: a minimum sentence for a felony conviction is six months in state prison; maximum is death. Misdemeanor convictions are punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for one day to one year, or by a fine, or both.

RATE: the ratio of the number of one specific group to the population.

REFERRAL: in juvenile proceedings, a request (by police, parents, school, etc.), that the probation department or juvenile court take appropriate action concerning a juvenile alleged to have committed a law violation or status offense.

REMAND TO ADULT COURT: a juvenile at least 16 years of age is referred to adult court under provisions of Welfare and Institutions Code Section 707 because he is not "amenable" to the treatment available through the juvenile court.

REMOVAL: a case removed from the active caseload and no longer under the supervision of the probation department, or a case not removed but escalated to a more advanced level of supervision.

REREFERRAL: see Subsequent Referral.

REVOCATION: cancellation or suspension of parole or probation.

REVOKE: withdraw, repeal, or cancel probation or parole for an adult.

SARB (SCHOOL ATTENDANCE REVIEW BOARD): a school system board which provides a review process outside of and prior to the probation department referral system for juveniles.

SECONDARY GRANT: a subsequent grant of probation in the same court for an adult still on probation for the initial grant. That is, a probation sentence following conviction in a given court on a subsequent offense when the sentence in the same court for the first offense was also probation.

SECURE FACILITY: a facility in which a juvenile is held behind a locked door, gate or fence, or in which some person is responsible for physically preventing the juvenile's escape or departure from the facility.

SENTENCE: the penalty imposed by a court upon a convicted person.

STATE INSTITUTION: a facility for housing defendants that are under the jurisdiction of the state correctional or treatment programs.

STATE SUPERVISION: the state correctional system provides confinement, rehabilitation, and parole services (prison, YA, state hospital) through California Department of Corrections (CDC), California Youth Authority (CYA), California Rehabilitation Center (CRC) and California Department of Mental Health (CDMH).

STATUS OFFENDER: a juvenile who has been adjudicated by a judicial officer of a juvenile court, as having committed a status offense, which is an act or conduct which is an offense only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile.

STATUS OFFENSE: an act or conduct, described by Welfare and Institutions Code Section 601, which is declared by statute to be an offense, but only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile, and which can be adjudicated only by a juvenile court.

STRAIGHT PROBATION: probation granted to adults with no condition or stipulation that the defendant serve time in jail as a condition of probation.

SUBSEQUENT DISPOSITION: a judicial decision or sentence given at the time of a court return.

SUBSEQUENT GRANT: see Secondary Grant.

SUBSEQUENT PETITION: a petition filed on behalf of a juvenile who is already under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

SUBSEQUENT REFERRAL: a juvenile who is actively under probation supervision or on parole at the time of referral to a probation department.

SUMMARY SYSTEM: a data collection method based on gross counts as differentiated from one based on an individual incident count.

SUPERIOR COURT: the court of original or trial jurisdiction for felony cases and all juvenile hearings. Also, the first court of appeal for municipal or justice court cases.

SUSTAINED: to affirm or approve, as when an appellate court sustains the decision of a lower court.

SWORN PERSONNEL: a full-time employee of a law enforcement agency who has sworn to carry out law enforcement duties and has full arrest powers.

TERMINATED: completed specified term of probation.

TRANSFER: a disposition which transfers a juvenile to another agency within the county such as a welfare department, a health department, a legal aid society, etc. or referral to any agency outside the county including the probation departments of other counties.

TRIAL: a determination of guilt or innocence by a judge, jury, or by the court on the basis of testimony contained in a transcript. There are three types of trials:

> **COURT:** the decision is rendered by the judge.
>
> **JURY:** the decision is rendered by a panel of the defendant's peers.
>
> **TRANSCRIPT:** the decision is rendered by the court on a basis of the testimony contained in the transcript of the preliminary hearing held in lower court.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS (UCR): a federal reporting system which provides data on crime based on police statistics submitted by law enforcement agencies in the nation. The Bureau of Criminal Statistics administers and forwards the data for California to the federal program.

VIOLATION: breach or infringement of the terms or conditions of probation.

WARDS: a minor determined by the juvenile court to be in need of court ordered supervision due to the youth's behavior and or actions.

YA - YOUTH AUTHORITY: see California Youth Authority.

OFFENSE DEFINITIONS OF CRIMES REPORTED

FBI CRIME INDEX OFFENSES: ". . . seven offenses were chosen to serve as an Index for gauging fluctuations in the overall volume and rate of crime. Known jointly as the Crime Index, these offenses included the violent crimes of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault and the property crimes of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. By congressional mandate, arson was added as the eighth Index offense in 1979." These offenses were chosen on the basis of their seriousness, frequency of occurrence, pervasiveness in all geographic areas of the country, and likelihood of being reported to law enforcement. (This definition was taken from "Crime in the United States, 1985.")

LARCENY-THEFT: the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another (except embezzlement, fraud, forgery, and worthless checks).

ARSON: any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

NONAGGRAVATED (SIMPLE) ASSAULT: assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon was used and which did not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX: offenses most likely to be reported to the police by the public. These offenses are willful homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, and motor vehicle theft, and are reported according to definitions taken from the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook.

Violent Crimes

Willful Homicide — the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter are included.

Forcible Rape — the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included.

Robbery — the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault — an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Property Crimes

Burglary — the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.

Motor Vehicle Theft — the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

FELONY-LEVEL ARREST OFFENSES[a]

Homicide - 128, 187, 187(a), 189, 192 (except vehicular manslaughter), 192(a), 192(b), 193(a), 193(b), 399

Forcible Rape - 220/261, 220/264.1, 261, 261(1), 261(2), 261(3), 261(4), 261(5), 261(6), 261(7), 262, 262(a), 264.1, 266c, 664/261

Robbery - 211, 211a, 213, 213.5, 214, 664/211

Assault - 69, 71, 76, 76.1, 148.1, 148.1(a), 148.1(b), 148.1(c), 148.1(d), 148.3(b), 148.4(b), 149, 151(a)(2), 203, 204, 217.1(a), 217.1(b), 218, 219, 219.1, 219.2, 220/203, 222, 241.1, 241.4, 242[b], 242/243[b], 243[b], 243(c), 243(d), 243.1, 243.3[b], 243.5[b], 244, 244.5(c), 245(a)(1), 245(a)(2), 245(b), 245(c), 245.2, 245.3, 246, 247, 273a(1), 273d, 273.5, 273.5(a), 347, 368(a), 375(a)[b], 375(d), 401, 405a, 405b, 417(b), 417.1, 417.6, 417.6(a), 417.8, 422, 422(a), 422(b) 422(c), 422(d), 588a[b], 625c, 664/187, 664/189, 4131.5, 4500, 4501, 4501.5, 11413(a), 12301, 12303, 12303.1, 12303.1(a), 12303.1(b), 12303.1(c), 12303.2, 12303.3, 12303.6, 12304[b], 12305, 12308, 12309, 12310(a), 12310(b), 12312, 12355(a), 12355(b), 21464(c) VC, 23110(b) VC, 38318(b) VC, 38318.5(b) VC

Kidnapping - 157, 207, 207(a), 207(b), 208, 209(a), 209(b), 210, 277, 278, 278.5, 278.5(a), 278.5(b), 278.5(c), 280(b), 4503

Burglary - 459, 460, 460.1, 460.2, 461, 461.1, 461.2, 464, 664/459, 664/459(1), 664/459(2), 664/460, 664/460(1), 664/460(2)

Theft - 72, 115(a), 116, 117, 134, 154[b], 155[b], 156, 182.4, 304 HN, 305 HN, 332[b], 334(a)[b], 337.7, 368(c)[b], 424, 424.1, 424.2, 424.3, 424.4, 424.5, 424.6, 424.7, 474, 481, 484[b], 484(a)[b], 484(b)[b], 484b[b], 484c, 485[b], 487, 487a, 487a(a), 487a(b), 487b, 487d, 487e, 487g, 487.1, 487.2, 487.3[c], 489, 495, 496[b], 496a, 496a(a), 496c[b], 496.1, 496.2, 496.5, 497, 499c(b) 499c(b)(1), 499c(b)(2), 499c(b)(3), 499c(b)(4), 499d, 500, 502, 502(b), 502(b)(1), 502(b)(2), 502(c), 502(d), 502.5[b], 503[b], 504[b], 504a[b], 504b[b], 505[b], 506[b], 506b, 507[b], 508[b], 514[b], 528, 529, 529.1, 529.2, 529.3, 530[b], 532[b], 532a[b], 532a(1)[b], 532a(2)[b], 532a(3)[b], 533, 534, 535, 537(a)(2), 537e[b], 537e(a)[b], 538[b], 538.5, 540, 541, 542, 543, 548, 556 IC, 556(a)(1) IC, 556(a)(2) IC, 556(a)(3) IC, 556(b) IC, 560, 560.4, 566, 577, 578, 580, 581, 620, 648[b], 664/487, 666, 1733 IC, 2116 UI, 3531 FC, 4463(a) VC, 4463(a)(1) VC, 7026.10 BP, 10238.3 BP, 10238.6 BP, 10238.6(c) BP, 10752 VC, 10855 VC[b], 10980(b) WI, 10980(c)(2) WI, 11010 BP, 11019 BP, 11022 BP, 11023 BP, 11482.5 WI, 11483 WI, 11483(2) WI, 11483.5 WI, 14014 WI[b], 14107 WI, 17410 WI, 17551 FAC, 18848 FAC[b], 25110 CC, 25401 CC, 25540 CC, 25541 CC, 27443 GC, 29610 EC, 31110 CC, 31201 CC, 31410 CC

Motor Vehicle Theft - 487.3[c], 499b.1(a), 499b.1(b), 664/487.3, 664/10851 VC, 10851(a) VC, 10851(b) VC

Forgery, Checks, Credit Cards - 366, 470, 470a, 470b, 471, 472, 473, 475, 475a, 476, 476a(a), 476a(b)[b], 477, 478, 479, 480, 484e(4), 484f(1), 484f(2), 484g[b], 484g(a)[b], 484g(b)[b], 484h(a)[b], 484h(b)[b], 484i(b), 617, 664/470

Arson - 451(a) 451(b), 451(c), 451(d), 452(a), 452(b), 452(c), 453(a), 453(b), 454, 454(a), 454(b), 455

Other Sex Law Violations

Lewd or Lascivious - 220/288, 266j, 288, 288(a), 288(b)

All Other - 220/286, 220/289, 243.4(a), 243.4(b), 243.4(c), 261.5, 265, 266, 266a, 266b, 266d, 266e, 266f, 266g, 266h, 266i, 267, 285, 286(a), 286(b)(1), 286(b)(2), 286(c), 286(d), 286(e), 286(f), 286(g), 286(h), 288a(a), 288a(b)(1), 288a(b)(2), 288a(c), 288a(d), 288a(e), 288a(f), 288a(g), 288(h), 289(a), 289(b), 289(c), 311.10, 311.10(a), 311.2(a)[b], 311.2(b), 311.2(c)[b], 311.3(a)[b], 311.4(a)[b], 311.4(b), 311.4(c), 311.5[b], 311.7[b], 313.1(a)[b], 313.1(b)[b], 313.1(c)[b], 314.1[b], 647a[b], 664/286(b)(1), 664/286(b)(2), 664/286(c), 664/286(d), 664/286(e)

Drug Law Violations

Narcotics - 11350 HS, 11350(a) HS, 11350(b) HS, 11351 HS, 11352 HS, 11353 HS, 11354(a) HS

Marijuana - 11357(a) HS, 11358 HS, 11359 HS, 11360(a) HS, 11361 HS

Dangerous Drugs - 11140 HS[b], 11353.5 HS, 11375 HS, 11375(a) HS, 11377 HS, 11377(a) HS, 11378 HS, 11378.5 HS, 11379 HS, 11379.5 HS, 11380 HS, 11380(a) HS, 11380.5 HS, 11380.5(a) HS

All Other - 4234 BP, 4390 BP, 11104 HS, 11152 HS, 11153(a) HS, 11154 HS, 11155 HS, 11156 HS, 11173 HS, 11173(a) HS, 11173(b) HS, 11173(c) HS, 11173(d) HS, 11174 HS, 11355 HS, 11363 HS, 11366 HS, 11366.5 HS, 11366.5b HS, 11366.5a HS, 11366.6 HS, 11366.7 HS, 11368 HS, 11371 HS, 11371.1 HS, 11379.6(a) HS, 11382 HS, 11383(a) HS, 11383(b) HS

Weapons - 171b, 171c, 171d, 171d.1, 171d.2, 626.9, 4502, 8101 WI, 12001.5, 12020, 12020(a), 12020(c), 12020(d)(1), 12021, 12021(a), 12021(b), 12021.1, 12021.1(a), 12025[b], 12025(a)[b], 12025(b)[b], 12090, 12091, 12220, 12320, 12321, 12403.7(a)(8), 12422, 12520, 12560

Driving Under the Influence - 655(c) HN, 23153 VC, 23153(a) VC, 23153(b) VC

Hit-and-Run - 20001 VC

Escape - 107, 109, 110, 1026.4(a), 1370.5, 1768.7(a) WI 2042, 3002 WI, 4011.7[b], 4530(a), 4530(b), 4530(c), 4532, 4532(a), 4532(b), 4533, 4534, 4535, 4536(a), 4550.1, 4550.2, 6133, 7326 WI

Bookmaking - 337a.1, 337a.2, 337a.3, 337a.4, 337a.5, 337a.6, 337i

All Other Felony Offenses

[a] Penal Code Sections unless indicated as follows: BP-Business and Professions Code; CC-Corporations Code; EC-Elections Code; FAC-Food and Agriculture Code; GC-Government Code; HN-Harbors and Navigation Code; HS-Health and Safety Code; UI-Unemployment Insurance Code; VC-Vehicle Code; WI-Welfare and Institutions Code. All other felony offenses also include sections in the Financial Code, Fish and Game Code, and Revenue and Taxation Code.

[b] Code section can also be shown as a misdemeanor.

[c] Code section can be shown as theft or theft of a motor vehicle.

MISDEMEANOR-LEVEL ARREST OFFENSES[a]

Assault and Battery - 140, 147, 148, 148.2, 148.2.1, 148.2.2, 148.2.3, 148.2.4, 148.3(a), 148.4(a), 151(a)(1), 240, 240/241, 240/242, 241(a), 241(b), 241.2, 241.2(a), 241.3, 241/243, 242[b], 242/243[b], 243[b], 243(a), 243(b), 243.2, 243.2(a), 243.3[b], 243.5[b], 243.5(a)(1), 243.5(a)(2), 243.6, 244.5(b), 273a(2), 361, 368(b), 374c, 375(a)[b], 375(b), 375(c), 383, 402a, 417(a), 417(a)(1), 417(a)(2), 2652, 2653, 2654, 12304[b], 12680 HS

Petty Theft - 368(c)[b], 484[b], 484(a)[b], 484(b)[b], 484b[b], 485[b], 487c, 487f, 488, 490, 490.5, 490.5(a), 496c[b], 502.5[b], 530[b], 532[b], 538[b], 565, 22435.2 BP, 22435.11 BP, 22435.12 BP

Checks and Credit Cards - 476a(b)[b], 484e(1), 484e(2), 484e(3), 484g[b], 484g(a)[b], 484g(b)[b], 484h(a)[b], 484h(b)[b], 484i(a), 484j

Drug Law Violations - 377, 647(f)[c], 2241 BP, 2762(e) BP, 2878.5(a), 4143 BP, 4149 BP, 4150 BP, 4151 BP, 4211 BP, 4227 BP, 4227(a) BP, 4230 BP, 4390.1 BP, 4390.5 BP, 11140 HS[b], 11150 HS, 11157 HS, 11159 HS, 11161 HS, 11162 HS, 11166 HS, 11170 HS, 11171 HS, 11172 HS, 11175 HS, 11190 HS, 11216 HS, 11217 HS, 11357(b) HS, 11357(c) HS, 11357(d) HS, 11357(e) HS, 11360(b) HS, 11364 HS, 11364.7 HS, 11364.7(a) HS, 11364.7(b) HS, 11365 HS, 11550 HS, 11550(a) HS, 11550(b) HS, 11590 HS, 11594 HS, 11680 HS, 11681 HS, 23222(b) VC

Indecent Exposure - 314.1[b], 314.2

Annoying Children - 647a[b]

Obscene Matter - 311, 311(a), 311.2(a)[b], 311.2(c)[b], 311.3(a)[b], 311.4(a)[b], 311.5[b], 311.6, 311.7[b], 313.1(a)[b], 313.1(b)[b], 313.1(c)[b]

Lewd Conduct - 647(a), 647(d), 647(h), 653g

Prostitution - 315, 316, 647(b), 25601 BP

Drunk - 647(f)[c]

Disorderly Conduct - 647, 647(c), 647(e), 647(g) 647(i), 647b

Disturbing the Peace - 171f, 171f.2, 302, 403, 404, 404(a), 404.6, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 415, 415(1), 415(1,3), 415(3), 415.5, 415.5(a), 415.5(a)(1), 415.5(a)(2), 415.5(a)(3), 416, 602.10, 626.2, 626.4(d), 626.6, 626.8, 626.8(a), 626.8(a)(1), 626.8(a)(2), 626.8(a)(3), 650, 653m, 653m(a), 653m(b), 727, 9051 GC, 11460

Driving Under the Influence - 655(b) HN, 23152(a) VC, 23152(b) VC, 23152(c) VC

Hit-and-Run - 20002 VC, 20002(a) VC, 20002(b) VC

Selected Traffic Violations - 23103 VC, 23104(a) VC, 23109(a) VC, 23109(b) VC, 23109(c) VC, 38316 VC, 38317 VC, 40508 VC, 40508(a) VC, 40508(b) VC, 40519 VC, 42005 VC

Gambling - 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 326, 327, 330, 330a, 330b, 330b(1), 330c, 330.1, 330.4, 331, 335, 336, 337s(b), 337.1, 337.2, 337.5, 11300

Nonsupport - 270[b], 270a, 270c

Weapons - 467, 468, 626.10, 626.10(a), 653k, 12020.5, 12021.5, 12021.5(a), 12021.5(b), 12025[b], 12025(a)[b], 12025(b)[b], 12031, 12031(a), 12034, 12070, 12072, 12076, 12093, 12094, 12403.7, 12403.7(a), 12403.8(a), 12403.8(b), 12420, 12450, 12550, 12551, 12552, 12582, 12651(a), 12651(b), 12651(c), 12651(d)

Glue Sniffing - 380(a), 381, 381(a), 381(b), 381b, 647(f)[c]

Malicious Mischief - 555.1, 587a, 588b, 590, 592, 594, 594(a)[b], 594(a)(1), 594(a)(2), 594(a)(3), 594(b)(2), 603, 604, 605, 605.1, 605.2, 605.3, 606[b], 607, 615, 616, 618, 622, 622 1/2, 623(a), 623(a)(1), 623(a)(2), 623(a)(3), 623(a)(4), 623(a)(5), 623(a)(6), 625b(a), 10750 VC, 10750(a) VC, 10851.5 VC, 10852 VC, 10853 VC, 10854 VC, 23110(a) VC, 38318(a) VC

Liquor Law Violations - 172a, 172b.1, 172d.1, 172g.1, 172l, 303, 303a, 307, 347b, 397, 398, 3356 HS, 11200, 23220 VC, 23222(a) VC, 23300 BP, 23301 BP, 25351 BP, 25602 BP, 25602(a) BP, 25604 BP, 25606 BP, 25607 BP, 25608 BP, 25609 BP, 25617 BP, 25620 BP, 25631 BP, 25632 BP, 25657(a) BP, 25657(b) BP, 25658 BP, 25658(a) BP, 25658(b) BP, 25658(c) BP, 25660.5 BP, 25661 BP, 25662 BP, 25663 BP, 25664 BP, 25665 BP

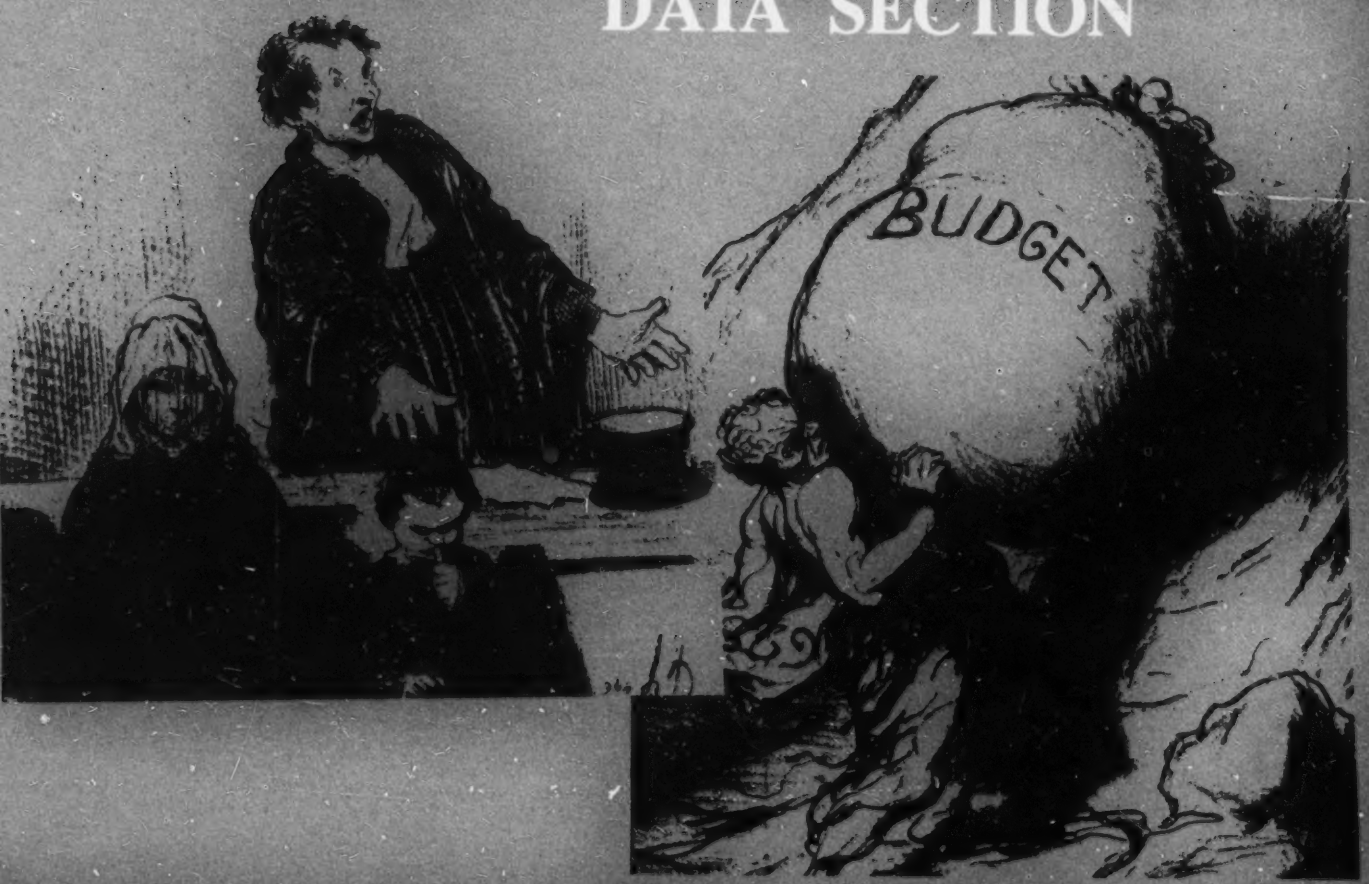
All Other Misdemeanor Offenses

[a] Penal Code sections unless indicated as follows: BP-Business and Professions Code; EC-Education Code; GC-Government Code; HS-Health and Safety Code; VC-Vehicle Code. All other misdemeanor offenses also include: California Administrative Code; City or County Ordinance; Civil Procedure Code; Elections Code; Fish and Game Code; Food and Agriculture Code; Harbors and Navigation Code; Labor Code; Military and Veterans Code; Parks and Recreation Code; Public Utility Code; Revenue and Taxation Code; Unemployment Insurance Code; Welfare and Institutions Code.

[b] Code section can also be shown as a felony (e.g., with prior).

[c] Code section may include those found in any public place under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or any drug, toluene, any substance defined as a poison in Schedule D of Section 4160 BP, or any combination of the above.

DATA SECTION



DATA SECTION TABLES

Table		Page
1	CRIMES, 1981-1986, FBI CRIME INDEX TOTAL AND THE CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES, Number and Rate per 100,000 Population	138
2	CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES, 1981-1986, By Category and Offense	139
3	WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1981-1986, Known Type of Weapon Used	139
4	FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1981-1986, Number, Female Population, and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	140
5	ROBBERY CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Location and Type of Weapon Used	140
6	ASSAULT CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Type of Assault and Weapon Used for Aggravated Assaults	141
7	BURGLARY CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Type of Entry, Location, and Time of Day	141
8	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Type of Vehicle	141
9	LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986, Number and Rate per 100,000 Population	142
10	LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Type and Value	143
11	STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY, 1985-1986, By Type of Property, Dollar Value, and Percent Recovered	143
12	STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY, 1985-1986, By Type of Property, Dollar Value, and Percent Recovered	144
13	ARSON CRIMES, 1981-1986, Type of Property and Value of Property Damage, Rate per 100,000 Population	145
14	CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED, 1981-1986, Number and Clearance Rate by Offense	146
15	ARRESTS, 1981-1986, Number and Rate per 100,000 Population	147
16	ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Adult, Juvenile, and Level of Offense	148
17	FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Adult, Juvenile, and Category	148
18	FELONY ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES AND PROPERTY CRIMES, 1981-1986, By Adult, Juvenile, Category, and Arrest Offense	149
19	FELONY ARRESTS, 1986, By Category and Offense	150
20	FELONY DRUG LAW VIOLATION ARRESTS, 1986, By Adult, Juvenile, and Arrest Offense	150
21	FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986, Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	151
22	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Adult, Juvenile, and Arrest Offense	154
23	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986, Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	155
24	ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Category and Arrest Offense	156
25	ADULT MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Arrest Offense	157
26	JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986, By Category and Arrest Offense	158
27	FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986, Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee	159
28	FELONY ARRESTS, 1986, Category and Arrest Offense By Sex and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee	160
29	FELONY ARRESTS, 1986, Category and Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee	161
30	FELONY ARRESTS, 1986, Category and Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee	162
31	FELONY ARRESTS, 1986, Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee	163
32	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986, Arrest Offense by Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee	167
33	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986, Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee	168
34	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986, Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee	169
35	MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986, Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee	170

Table		Page
36	DISPOSITIONS OF ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986, Type of Disposition by Number and Percent Distribution	173
37	ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1981-1986, By Type of Disposition	174
38	ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1986, Arrest Offense Category By Type of Disposition	174
39	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1981-1986, By Convicted Offense Category and Type of Sentence	175
40	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1986, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	175
41	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1981, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	176
42	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1982, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	177
43	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1983, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	178
44	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1984, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	179
45	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1985, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	180
46	ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1986, Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence	181
47	STATUS OF ADULTS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1981-1986, Type of Supervision and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	182
48	STATUS OF ADULTS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1981-1986, Percent Distribution of Type of Supervision	183
49	ADULT PROBATION ACTIVE CASELOADS ON DECEMBER 31, 1981-1986, Type of Court	184
50	ADULTS PLACED ON AND REMOVED FROM PROBATION, 1981-1986, Type of Court and Reason for Removal, Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	185
51	ADULTS COMMITTED TO PRISON, CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER, AND YOUTH AUTHORITY, 1981-1986, Type of Commitment and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk	186
52	LAW ENFORCEMENT DISPOSITIONS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986, Sex of Arrestee and Disposition by Offense Level	187
53	NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENTS, 1981-1986, Source of Referral, Disposition, and Sex	188
54	JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF NEW PETITIONS, 1981-1986, Type of Disposition	188
55	JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF NEW PETITIONS, 1986, Offense Level by Type of Disposition	189
56	PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT REFERRALS, 1981-1986, Type of Disposition, 54 Counties	189
57	JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1981-1986, Type of Disposition, 54 Counties	190
58	JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1986, Offense Level by Type of Disposition, 54 Counties	190
59	JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD, 1981-1986, Type of Probation	191
60	JUVENILES IN COUNTY-OPERATED DETENTION FACILITIES, 1981-1986, Type of Facility by Sex	191
61	FIRST COMMITMENTS TO CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY FROM JUVENILE COURT, 1981-1986	191
62	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86, Agency and Expenditures by Fiscal Year	192
63	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86, Dollar and Inflation-Adjusted Expenditures by Fiscal Year	193
64	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86, By Type of Agency	193
65	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1981-1986, By Agency	194
66	CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1981-1986, By Type of Agency	195
67	POPULATION ESTIMATES, 1981-1986	195

TABLE 1
CRIMES, 1981-1986
FBI CRIME INDEX TOTAL AND THE CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Year	FBI Crime Index total[a]	California Crime Index total	Violent crimes					Property crimes			
			Total	Willful homicide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Larceny-theft
1986	1,824,754	911,697	248,352	3,030	12,118	92,513	140,691	663,345	457,743	205,602	913,057
1985	1,721,107	828,461	202,066	2,781	11,442	86,464	101,379	626,395	449,065	177,330	892,646
1984	1,658,332	800,615	195,650	2,724	11,702	84,015	97,209	604,965	443,624	161,341	857,717
1983	1,680,781	813,789	194,489	2,640	12,092	85,824	93,933	619,300	460,401	158,899	866,992
1982	1,801,262	865,431	201,433	2,778	12,529	91,988	94,138	663,998	499,468	164,530	935,831
1981	1,830,288	910,241	208,165	3,140	13,545	93,638	97,842	702,076	539,809	162,267	920,047
Percent change in number from											
1985 to 1986	6.0	10.0	22.9	9.0	5.9	7.0	38.8	5.9	1.9	15.9	2.3
1984 to 1985	3.8	3.5	3.3	2.1	-2.2	2.9	4.3	3.5	1.2	9.9	4.1
1983 to 1984	-1.3	-1.6	.6	3.2	-3.2	-2.1	3.5	-2.3	-3.6	1.5	-1.1
1982 to 1983	-6.7	-6.0	-3.4	-5.0	-3.5	-6.7	-.2	-6.7	-7.8	-3.4	-7.4
1981 to 1982	-1.6	-4.9	-3.2	-11.5	-7.5	-1.8	-3.8	-5.4	-7.5	1.4	1.7
1981 to 1986	-.3	.2	19.3	-3.5	-10.5	-1.2	43.8	-5.5	-15.2	26.7	-.8
Rate per 100,000 population[b]											
1986	6,763.2	3,379.1	920.5	11.2	44.9	342.9	521.4	2,458.6	1,696.6	762.0	3,384.1
1985	6,528.0	3,142.3	766.4	10.5	43.4	327.9	384.5	2,375.8	1,703.3	672.6	3,385.7
1984	6,472.3	3,124.7	763.6	10.6	45.7	327.9	379.4	2,361.1	1,731.4	629.7	3,347.6
1983	6,676.7	3,232.7	772.6	10.5	48.0	340.9	373.1	2,460.1	1,828.9	631.2	3,444.0
1982	7,285.5	3,500.4	814.7	11.2	50.7	372.1	380.8	2,685.6	2,020.2	665.5	3,785.1
1981	7,564.4	3,761.9	860.3	13.0	56.0	387.0	404.4	2,901.6	2,231.0	670.6	3,802.5
Percent change in rate from											
1985 to 1986	3.6	7.5	20.1	6.7	3.5	4.6	35.6	3.5	-.4	13.3	.0
1984 to 1985	.9	.6	.4	-.9	-5.0	.0	1.3	.6	-1.6	6.8	1.1
1983 to 1984	-3.1	-3.3	-1.2	1.0	-4.8	-3.8	1.7	-4.0	-5.3	-.2	-2.8
1982 to 1983	-8.4	-7.6	-5.2	-6.2	-5.3	-8.4	-2.0	-8.4	-9.5	-5.2	-9.0
1981 to 1982	-3.7	-7.0	-5.3	-13.8	-9.5	-3.8	-5.8	-7.4	-9.4	-.8	-.5
1981 to 1986	-10.6	-10.2	7.0	-13.8	-19.8	-11.4	28.9	-15.3	-24.0	13.6	-11.0

[a]The FBI Crime Index total includes larceny-theft; the FBI modified Crime Index (not shown) also includes arson.
[b]Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Population Research Unit, Department of Finance.

TABLE 2
CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES, 1981-1986
By Category and Offense

Category and offense	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
California Crime Index total.....	910,241	100.0	865,431	100.0	813,789	100.0	800,615	100.0	828,461	100.0	911,697	100.0
Violent crimes.....	208,165	22.9	201,433	23.3	194,489	23.9	195,650	24.4	202,066	24.4	248,352	27.2
Property crimes.....	702,076	77.1	663,998	76.7	619,300	76.1	604,965	75.6	626,395	75.6	663,345	72.8
Violent crimes	208,165	100.0	201,433	100.0	194,489	100.0	195,650	100.0	202,066	100.0	248,352	100.0
Willful homicide.....	3,140	1.5	2,778	1.4	2,640	1.4	2,724	1.4	2,781	1.4	3,030	1.2
Forcible rape.....	13,545	6.5	12,529	6.2	12,092	6.2	11,702	6.0	11,442	5.7	12,118	4.9
Robbery.....	93,638	45.0	91,988	45.7	85,824	44.1	84,015	42.9	86,464	42.8	92,513	37.3
Aggravated assault.....	97,842	47.0	94,138	46.7	93,933	48.3	97,209	49.7	101,379	50.2	140,691	56.6
Property crimes	702,076	100.0	663,998	100.0	619,300	100.0	604,965	100.0	626,395	100.0	663,345	100.0
Burglary.....	539,809	76.9	499,468	75.2	460,401	74.3	443,624	73.3	449,065	71.7	457,743	69.0
Motor vehicle theft.....	162,267	23.1	164,530	24.8	158,899	25.7	161,341	26.7	177,330	28.3	205,602	31.0

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 1.

TABLE 3
WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Known Type of Weapon Used

Type of weapon	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL.....	3,140		2,778		2,640		2,724		2,781		3,030		-3.5	9.0
Unknown.....	68		33		27		17		34		25			
Total known.....	3,072	100.0	2,745	100.0	2,613	100.0	2,707	100.0	2,747	100.0	3,005	100.0	-2.2	9.4
Firearm.....	1,830	59.6	1,557	56.7	1,425	54.5	1,557	57.5	1,547	56.3	1,703	56.7	-6.9	10.1
Knife or cutting instrument[a]...	668	21.7	656	23.9	655	25.1	651	24.0	660	24.0	681	22.7	1.9	3.2
Blunt object[b].....	231	7.5	176	6.4	196	7.5	177	6.5	203	7.4	240	8.0	3.9	18.2
Personal weapon[c].....	183	6.0	174	6.3	199	7.6	214	7.9	194	7.1	226	7.5	23.5	16.5
Other means.....	160	5.2	182	6.6	138	5.3	108	4.0	143	5.2	155	5.2	-3.1	8.4

[a]Any instrument used to cut or stab.
[b]Bludgeon, club, etc.
[c]Hands, fists, feet, etc.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 4
FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1981-1986
Number, Female Population, and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	13,545	100.0	12,529	100.0	12,092	100.0	11,702	100.0	11,442	100.0	12,118	100.0	-10.5	5.9
Rapes by force	8,902	65.7	8,274	66.0	8,176	67.6	8,067	68.9	8,324	72.7	8,733	72.1	-1.9	4.9
Attempts to commit forcible rape	4,643	34.3	4,255	34.0	3,916	32.4	3,635	31.1	3,118	27.3	3,385	27.9	-27.1	8.6
Female Population	12,280,285		12,533,093		12,751,635		12,967,882		13,183,284		13,619,432			
Rate per 100,000 population at risk	110.3		100.0		94.8		90.2		86.8		89.0		-19.3	2.5

TABLE 5
ROBBERY CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Location and Type of Weapon Used

Location and type of weapon	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	93,638	100.0	91,988	100.0	85,824	100.0	84,015	100.0	86,464	100.0	92,513	100.0	-1.2	7.0
Location														
Highway[a]	46,706	49.9	46,942	51.0	45,668	53.2	43,806	52.1	45,193	52.3	51,022	55.2	9.2	12.9
Commercial[b]	25,377	27.1	23,295	25.3	19,075	22.2	19,085	22.7	20,337	23.5	20,458	22.1	-19.4	.6
Residence	8,768	9.4	8,604	9.4	8,366	9.7	7,997	9.5	8,003	9.3	7,759	8.4	-11.5	-3.0
Bank	2,722	2.9	2,514	2.7	2,837	3.3	2,328	2.8	2,029	2.3	2,331	2.5	-14.4	14.9
Miscellaneous[c]	10,065	10.7	10,633	11.6	9,878	11.5	10,799	12.9	10,902	12.6	10,943	11.8	8.7	.4
Type of weapon														
Armed	58,772	62.8	57,127	62.1	51,308	59.8	49,449	58.9	49,806	57.6	52,644	56.9	-10.4	5.7
Strong-arm	34,866	37.2	34,861	37.9	34,516	40.2	34,566	41.1	36,658	42.4	39,869	43.1	14.3	8.8
Armed by weapon type	58,772	100.0	57,127	100.0	51,308	100.0	49,449	100.0	49,806	100.0	52,644	100.0	-10.4	5.7
Firearm	38,985	66.3	37,948	66.4	32,060	62.5	29,900	60.5	29,829	59.9	30,256	57.5	-22.4	1.4
Knife or cutting instrument[d]	11,846	20.2	11,809	20.7	11,491	22.4	11,872	24.0	12,293	24.7	12,904	24.5	8.9	5.0
Other dangerous weapon	7,941	13.5	7,370	12.9	7,757	15.1	7,677	15.5	7,684	15.4	9,484	18.0	19.4	23.4

[a]Streets, parks, parking lots, etc.
[b]Commercial house, gas or service station, convenience store, etc.
[c]Churches, schools, government buildings, trains, wooded areas, etc.
[d]Any instrument used to cut or stab.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 6
ASSAULT CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Type of Assault and Weapon Used for Aggravated Assaults

Type of assault and weapon	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
TOTAL	207,152		202,193		205,442		216,957		230,695		332,372		60.4	44.1
Aggravated assault	97,842	100.0	94,138	100.0	93,933	100.0	97,209	100.0	101,379	100.0	140,691	100.0	43.8	38.8
Firearm	23,196	23.7	21,126	22.4	18,929	20.2	19,072	19.6	19,434	19.2	23,176	16.5	-.1	19.3
Knife or cutting instrument[a]	18,748	19.2	18,219	19.4	19,202	20.4	19,276	19.8	19,348	19.1	21,774	15.5	16.1	12.5
Other dangerous weapon	30,317	31.0	29,407	31.2	30,076	32.0	32,135	33.1	33,015	32.6	42,917	30.5	41.6	30.0
Hands, fists, feet, etc.	25,581	26.1	25,386	27.0	25,726	27.4	26,726	27.5	29,582	29.2	52,824	37.5	106.5	78.6
Nonaggravated assault	109,310		108,055		111,509		119,748		129,316		191,681		75.4	48.2

[a]Any instrument used to cut or stab.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 7
BURGLARY CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Type of Entry, Location, and Time of Day

Entry, location, and time of day	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
TOTAL	539,809	100.0	499,468	100.0	460,401	100.0	443,624	100.0	449,065	100.0	457,743	100.0	-15.2	1.9
Force and attempted force	385,905	71.5	356,216	71.3	326,267	70.9	306,618	69.1	308,102	68.6	314,734	68.8	-18.4	2.2
No force (unlawful entry)	153,904	28.5	143,252	28.7	134,134	29.1	137,006	30.9	140,963	31.4	143,009	31.2	-7.1	1.5
Residence	369,216	68.4	333,618	66.8	309,169	67.2	300,125	67.7	300,723	67.0	304,264	66.5	-17.6	1.2
Nonresidence	170,593	31.6	165,850	33.2	151,232	32.8	143,499	32.3	148,342	33.0	153,479	33.5	-10.0	3.5
Daytime	216,756	40.2	194,834	39.0	180,827	39.3	178,644	40.3	177,213	39.5	183,127	40.0	-15.5	3.3
Nighttime	180,967	33.5	171,050	34.2	158,016	34.3	147,331	33.2	146,967	32.7	149,046	32.6	-17.6	1.4
Unknown	142,086	26.3	133,584	26.7	121,558	26.4	117,649	26.5	124,885	27.8	125,570	27.4	-11.6	.5

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 8
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Type of Vehicle

Type of vehicle	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
TOTAL	162,267	100.0	164,530	100.0	158,899	100.0	161,341	100.0	177,330	100.0	205,602	100.0	26.7	15.9
Autos	112,383	69.3	114,523	69.6	111,163	70.0	112,582	69.8	121,958	68.8	139,745	68.0	24.3	14.6
Trucks and buses[a]	27,721	17.1	29,766	18.1	30,498	19.2	30,814	19.1	35,510	20.0	44,541	21.7	60.7	25.4
Other vehicles[b]	22,163	13.7	20,241	12.3	17,238	10.8	17,945	11.1	19,862	11.2	21,316	10.4	-3.8	7.3

[a]Includes vans and motor homes.
[b]Includes motorcycles, snowmobiles, motor scooters, trail bikes, etc.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 9
LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Year	Total	$200 and over			Under $200		
		Total	Over $400[a]	$200-$400[a]	Total	$50-$199	Under $50
1986	913,057	355,695	205,871	149,824	557,362	230,641	326,721
1985	892,646	341,382	202,773	138,609	551,264	228,142	323,122
1984	857,717	319,513	184,502	135,011	538,204	226,899	311,305
1983	866,992	310,450	174,623	135,827	556,542	233,116	323,426
1982	935,831	315,668	--	--	620,163	265,121	355,042
1981	920,047	297,308	--	--	622,739	265,339	357,400
Rate per 100,000 population							
1986	3,384.1	1,318.3	763.0	555.3	2,065.8	854.8	1,210.9
1985	3,385.7	1,294.8	769.1	525.7	2,090.9	865.3	1,225.6
1984	3,347.6	1,247.0	720.1	526.9	2,100.6	885.6	1,215.0
1983	3,444.0	1,233.2	693.7	539.6	2,210.8	926.0	1,284.8
1982	3,785.1	1,276.8	--	--	2,508.3	1,072.3	1,436.0
1981	3,802.5	1,228.7	--	--	2,573.7	1,096.6	1,477.1
Percent change in rate from							
1985 to 1986	.0	1.8	-.8	5.6	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2
1984 to 1985	1.1	3.8	6.8	-.2	-.5	-2.3	.9
1983 to 1984	-2.8	1.1	3.8	-2.4	-5.0	-4.4	-5.4
1982 to 1983	-9.0	-3.4	--	--	-11.9	-13.6	-10.5
1981 to 1982	-.5	3.9	--	--	-2.5	-2.2	-2.8
1981 to 1986	-11.0	7.3	--	--	-19.7	-22.0	-18.0

[a]These data are not available prior to 1983.
Note: Individual crime rates may not add to the total or subtotal crime rates because of rounding.

TABLE 10
LARCENY-THEFT CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Type and Value

Type of larceny-theft and value	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	920,047	100.0	935,831	100.0	866,992	100.0	857,717	100.0	892,646	100.0	913,057	100.0	-.8	2.3
Pocket-picking	7,719	.8	8,265	.9	8,596	1.0	8,141	.9	7,895	.9	6,970	.8	-9.7	-11.7
Purse-snatching	13,769	1.5	12,996	1.4	11,909	1.4	11,507	1.3	10,598	1.2	10,439	1.1	-24.2	-1.5
Shoplifting	119,028	12.9	129,678	13.9	122,827	14.2	123,044	14.3	135,550	15.2	145,032	15.9	21.8	7.0
From auto and auto accessories	371,586	40.4	401,887	42.9	379,889	43.8	365,152	42.6	377,071	42.2	394,825	43.2	6.3	4.7
Bicycles	91,445	9.9	87,672	9.4	75,248	8.7	77,222	9.0	81,479	9.1	73,235	8.0	-19.9	-10.1
From buildings	135,047	14.7	129,823	3.9	123,331	14.2	127,925	14.9	131,453	14.7	131,648	14.4	-2.5	.1
Coin machines	4,583	.5	5,953	.6	5,291	.6	4,564	.5	4,881	.5	5,523	.6	20.5	13.2
All other	176,870	19.2	159,557	17.0	139,901	16.1	140,162	16.3	143,719	16.1	145,385	15.9	-17.8	1.2
Over $400[a]	--	--	--	--	174,623	20.1	184,502	21.5	202,773	22.7	205,871	22.5	--	1.5
$200 to $400[a]	--	--	--	--	135,827	15.7	135,011	15.7	138,609	15.5	149,824	16.4	--	8.1
$50 to $199	265,339	28.8	265,121	28.3	233,116	26.9	226,899	26.5	228,142	25.6	230,641	25.3	-13.1	1.1
Under $50	357,400	38.8	355,042	37.9	323,426	37.3	311,305	36.3	323,122	36.2	326,721	35.8	-8.6	1.1

[a]These data are not available prior to 1983.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 11
STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY, 1985-1986
By Type of Property, Dollar Value, and Percent Recovered

Type of property	Stolen				Percent change		
	1985		1986				
	Value	Percent	Value	Percent	1985-1986		
TOTAL	$1,686,032,000	100.0	$1,860,531,000	100.0	10.3		
Motor vehicles	660,243,000	39.2	806,607,000	43.4	22.2		
Other property	1,025,789,000	60.8	1,053,924,000	56.6	2.7		
	Recovered				Percent change	Percent recovered[a]	
	1985		1986				
Type of property	Value	Percent	Value	Percent	1985-1986	1985	1986
TOTAL	$541,024,000	100.0	$618,958,000	100.0	14.4	32.1	33.3
Motor vehicles	462,445,000	85.5	548,513,000	88.6	18.6	70.0	68.0
Other property	78,577,000	14.5	70,445,000	11.4	-10.3	7.7	6.7

[a]Percent recovered is the ratio of the value of property recovered to the value of property stolen.
Note: Dollar amounts may not balance because of rounding.
Source: Table 12.

TABLE 12
STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY, 1985-1986
By Type of Property, Dollar Value, and Percent Recovered

Type of property	Stolen				Percent change 1985-1986	Recovered				Percent change 1985-1986	Percent recovered[a]	
	1985		1986			1985		1986			1985	1986
	Value	Percent	Value	Percent		Value	Percent	Value	Percent			
TOTAL	$1,686,032,000	100.0	$1,860,531,000	100.0	10.3	$541,024,000	100.0	$618,958,000	100.0	14.4	32.1	33.3
Currency, notes, etc.	114,616,000	6.8	137,072,000	7.4	19.6	7,944,000	1.5	6,112,000	1.0	-23.1	6.9	4.5
Jewelry and precious metals	224,006,000	13.3	225,057,000	12.1	.5	13,310,000	2.5	12,443,000	2.0	-6.5	5.9	5.5
Clothing and furs	45,121,000	2.7	43,589,000	2.3	-3.4	5,752,000	1.1	4,742,000	.8	-17.6	12.7	10.9
Motor vehicles	660,243,000	39.2	806,607,000	43.4	22.2	462,445,000	85.5	548,513,000	88.6	18.6	70.0	68.0
Office equipment	35,749,000	2.1	39,659,000	2.1	10.9	2,805,000	.5	2,004,000	.3	-28.6	7.8	5.1
Televisions, radios, stereos, etc.	147,409,000	8.7	212,476,000	11.4	44.1	6,947,000	1.3	6,818,000	1.1	-1.9	4.7	3.2
Firearms	13,614,000	.8	22,554,000	1.2	65.7	1,223,000	.2	1,158,000	.2	-5.3	9.0	5.1
Household goods	30,812,000	1.8	33,091,000	1.8	7.4	2,536,000	.5	2,314,000	.4	-8.8	8.2	7.0
Consumable goods	9,175,000	.5	10,058,000	.5	9.6	2,149,000	.4	1,643,000	.3	-23.5	23.4	16.3
Livestock	1,531,000	.1	1,710,000	.1	11.7	308,000	.1	325,000	.1	5.5	20.1	19.0
Other	403,756,000	23.9	328,658,000	17.7	-18.6	35,603,000	6.6	32,886,000	5.3	-7.6	8.8	10.0

[a]Percent recovered is the ratio of the value of property recovered to the value of property stolen.

Note: Dollar amounts may not balance and percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 13
ARSON CRIMES, 1981-1986
Type of Property and Value of Property Damage
Rate per 100,000 Population

Type of property	1981				1982				1983			
	Offenses		Property damage		Offenses		Property damage		Offenses		Property damage	
	Number	Percent	Value	Percent	Number	Percent	Value	Percent	Number	Percent	Value	Percent
TOTAL	24,534	100.0	$177,334,000	100.0	20,274	100.0	$159,305,000	100.0	17,705	100.0	$123,517,000	100.0
Total structural property	9,058	36.9	124,211,000	70.0	8,026	39.6	144,119,000	90.5	7,163	40.5	109,503,000	88.7
Residential												
Single occupancy (houses, townhouses, duplexes, etc.)	3,255	13.3	36,249,000	20.4	2,918	14.4	44,713,000	28.1	2,612	14.8	32,774,000	26.5
Other (apartments, tenements, hotels, motels, etc.)	1,869	7.6	19,760,000	11.1	1,480	7.3	13,207,000	8.3	1,402	7.9	10,754,000	8.7
Storage (barns, garages, warehouses, etc.)	759	3.1	9,571,000	5.4	761	3.8	9,130,000	5.7	613	3.5	6,843,000	5.5
Commercial												
Industrial, manufacturing	234	1.0	12,750,000	7.2	184	.9	10,900,000	6.8	144	.8	6,531,000	5.3
Other (stores, restaurants, offices, etc.)	1,362	5.6	32,692,000	18.4	1,318	6.5	42,945,000	27.0	1,053	5.9	38,294,000	31.0
Community/public (churches, jails, schools, hospitals, etc.)	1,150	4.7	9,852,000	5.6	955	4.7	18,578,000	11.7	921	5.2	9,403,000	7.6
Other (outbuildings, buildings under construction, etc.)	429	1.7	3,338,000	1.9	410	2.0	4,647,000	2.9	418	2.4	4,904,000	4.0
Total mobile property	5,373	21.9	12,782,000	7.2	4,900	24.2	13,656,000	8.6	4,423	25.0	12,849,000	10.4
Motor vehicles (autos, trucks, buses, etc.)	5,047	20.6	10,580,000	6.0	4,638	22.9	10,757,000	6.8	4,195	23.7	11,491,000	9.3
Other (trailers, recreational vehicles, airplanes, boats, etc.)	326	1.3	2,202,000	1.2	262	1.3	2,899,000	1.8	228	1.3	1,358,000	1.1
Other property (crops, timber, fences, etc.)	10,103	41.2	40,341,000	22.7	7,348	36.2	1,530,000	1.0	6,119	34.6	1,165,000	.9
Rate per 100,000 population												
Total	101.4				82.0				70.3			
Structural property	37.4				32.5				28.5			
Mobile property	22.2				19.8				17.6			
Other property	41.8				29.7				24.3			

Type of property	1984				1985				1986				Percent change			
													1981-1986		1985-1986	
	Offenses		Property damage		Offenses		Property damage		Offenses		Property damage					
	Number	Percent	Value	Percent	Number	Percent	Value	Percent	Number	Percent	Value	Percent	Offenses	Value of property damage	Offenses	Value of property damage
TOTAL	19,407	100.0	$153,317,000	100.0	20,455	100.0	$190,080,000	100.0	19,722	100.0	$166,888,000	100.0	-19.6	-5.9	-3.6	-12.2
Total structural property	7,718	39.8	138,159,000	90.1	7,954	38.9	172,851,000	90.9	7,234	36.7	146,746,000	87.9	-20.1	18.1	-9.1	-15.1
Residential																
Single occupancy (houses, townhouses, duplexes, etc.)	2,588	13.3	34,440,000	22.5	2,631	12.9	47,540,000	25.0	2,471	12.5	29,548,000	17.7	-24.1	-18.5	-6.1	-37.8
Other (apartments, tenements, hotels, motels, etc.)	1,475	7.6	14,102,000	9.2	1,500	7.3	17,561,000	9.2	1,412	7.2	22,644,000	13.6	-24.5	14.6	-5.9	28.9
Storage (barns, garages, warehouses, etc.)	672	3.5	15,156,000	9.9	759	3.7	12,673,000	6.7	659	3.3	11,585,000	6.9	-13.2	21.0	-13.2	-8.6
Commercial																
Industrial, manufacturing	160	.8	10,427,000	6.8	165	.8	21,188,000	11.1	118	.6	7,133,000	4.3	-49.6	-44.1	-28.5	-66.3
Other (stores, restaurants, offices, etc.)	1,098	5.7	35,111,000	22.9	1,221	6.0	46,677,000	24.6	1,079	5.5	30,816,000	18.5	-20.8	-5.7	-11.6	-34.0
Community/public (churches, jails, schools, hospitals, etc.)	1,154	5.9	11,838,000	7.7	1,132	5.5	23,180,000	12.2	941	4.8	36,309,000	21.8	-18.2	268.5	-16.9	56.6
Other (outbuildings, buildings under construction, etc.)	571	2.9	17,085,000	11.1	546	2.7	4,033,000	2.1	554	2.8	8,712,000	5.2	29.1	161.0	1.5	116.0
Total mobile property	4,585	23.6	13,929,000	9.1	5,127	25.1	15,933,000	8.4	5,720	29.0	16,427,000	9.8	6.5	28.5	11.6	3.1
Motor vehicles (autos, trucks, buses, etc.)	4,279	22.0	12,237,000	8.0	4,827	23.6	14,198,000	7.5	5,424	27.5	13,851,000	8.3	7.5	30.9	12.4	-2.4
Other (trailers, recreational vehicles, airplanes, boats, etc.)	306	1.6	1,692,000	1.1	300	1.5	1,735,000	.9	296	1.5	2,576,000	1.5	-9.2	17.0	-1.3	48.5
Other property (crops, timber, fences, etc.)	7,104	36.6	1,230,000	.8	7,374	36.0	1,296,000	.7	6,768	34.3	3,715,000	2.2	-33.0	-90.8	-8.2	186.7
Rate per 100,000 population																
Total	75.7				77.6				73.1				-27.9		-5.8	
Structural property	30.1				30.2				26.8				-28.3		-11.3	
Mobile property	17.9				19.4				21.2				-4.5		9.3	
Other property	27.7				28.0				25.1				-40.0		-10.4	

Notes: Dollar amounts may not balance and percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.
Rates may not add to the total because of rounding.

TABLE 14
CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED, 1981-1986
Number and Clearance Rate by Offense

Clearances	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
TOTAL	176,038	177,775	166,177	177,490	175,239	200,104	13.7	14.2
Violent crimes	83,510	85,563	82,207	87,779	89,162	112,858	35.1	26.6
Willful homicide	2,113	1,912	1,795	1,861	1,838	1,887	-10.7	2.7
Forcible rape	5,775	5,731	5,584	5,793	5,650	5,846	1.2	3.5
Robbery	21,269	22,589	20,397	21,074	22,035	22,833	7.4	3.6
Aggravated assault	54,353	55,331	54,431	59,051	59,639	82,292	51.4	38.0
Property crimes	92,528	92,212	83,970	89,711	86,077	87,246	-5.7	1.4
Burglary	70,930	70,182	62,443	65,453	60,229	58,395	-17.7	-3.0
Motor vehicle theft	21,598	22,030	21,527	24,258	25,848	28,851	33.6	11.6
Clearance rate[a]								
Total	19.3	20.5	20.4	22.2	21.2	21.9	13.5	3.3
Violent crimes	40.1	42.5	42.3	44.9	44.1	45.4	13.2	2.9
Willful homicide	67.3	68.8	68.0	68.3	66.1	62.3	-7.4	-5.7
Forcible rape	42.6	45.7	46.2	49.5	49.4	48.2	13.1	-2.4
Robbery	22.7	24.6	23.8	25.1	25.5	24.7	8.8	-3.1
Aggravated assault	55.6	58.8	57.9	60.7	58.8	58.5	5.2	-.5
Property crimes	13.2	13.9	13.6	14.8	13.7	13.2	.0	-3.6
Burglary	13.1	14.1	13.6	14.8	13.4	12.8	-2.3	-4.5
Motor vehicle theft	13.3	13.4	13.5	15.0	14.6	14.0	5.3	-4.1

[a]Ratio of clearances to total crimes reported.
Note: Clearance data have remained fairly consistent from year to year; however, agency clearance rates may differ because of local reporting practices.

TABLE 15
ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Year	Total			Law violations									Status offenses[a]
				Total			Felony			Misdemeanor			
	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total (juvenile only)
1986	1,794,481	1,558,601	235,880	1,769,204	1,558,601	210,603	469,982	393,790	76,192	1,299,222	1,164,811	134,411	25,277
1985	1,716,040	1,485,079	230,961	1,690,267	1,485,079	205,188	413,673	340,152	73,521	1,276,594	1,144,927	131,667	25,773
1984	1,680,721	1,458,674	222,047	1,653,997	1,458,674	195,323	384,861	315,872	68,989	1,269,136	1,142,802	126,334	26,724
1983	1,653,914	1,435,788	218,126	1,631,397	1,435,788	195,609	373,609	302,421	71,188	1,257,788	1,133,367	124,421	22,517
1982	1,621,944	1,378,695	243,249	1,597,903	1,378,695	219,208	386,995	302,559	84,436	1,210,908	1,076,136	134,772	24,041
1981	1,632,351	1,366,481	265,870	1,604,898	1,366,481	238,417	386,195	293,168	93,027	1,218,703	1,073,313	145,390	27,453
Percent change in number from													
1985 to 1986	4.6	5.0	2.1	4.7	5.0	2.6	13.6	15.8	3.6	1.8	1.7	2.1	-1.9
1984 to 1985	2.1	1.8	4.0	2.2	1.8	5.1	7.5	7.7	6.6	.6	.2	4.2	-3.6
1983 to 1984	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.6	-.1	3.0	4.4	-3.1	.9	.8	1.5	18.7
1982 to 1983	2.0	4.1	-10.3	2.1	4.1	-10.8	-3.5	.0	-15.7	3.9	5.3	-7.7	-6.3
1981 to 1982	-.6	.9	-8.5	-.4	.9	-8.1	.2	3.2	-9.2	-.6	.3	-7.3	-12.4
1981 to 1986	9.9	14.1	-11.3	10.2	14.1	-11.7	21.7	34.3	-18.1	6.6	8.5	-7.6	-7.9
Rate per 100,000 population (total)[b]													
1986	6,651.0	5,776.7	874.3	6,557.3	5,776.7	780.6	1,741.9	1,459.5	282.4	4,815.4	4,317.2	498.2	93.7
1985	6,508.8	5,632.7	876.0	6,411.0	5,632.7	778.3	1,569.0	1,290.2	278.9	4,842.0	4,342.6	499.4	97.8
1984	6,559.7	5,693.1	866.6	6,455.4	5,693.1	762.3	1,502.1	1,232.8	269.3	4,953.3	4,460.2	493.1	104.3
1983	6,569.9	5,703.5	866.5	6,480.5	5,703.5	777.0	1,484.1	1,201.3	282.8	4,996.4	4,502.1	494.2	89.4
1982	6,560.2	5,576.3	983.9	6,463.0	5,576.3	886.6	1,565.3	1,223.7	341.5	4,897.7	4,352.6	545.1	97.2
1981	6,746.4	5,647.5	1,098.8	6,632.9	5,647.5	985.4	1,596.1	1,211.6	384.5	5,036.8	4,435.9	600.9	113.5
Rate per 100,000 population at risk[c]													
1986	7,934.5	7,903.5	8,145.8	7,822.8	7,903.5	7,272.9	2,078.1	1,996.9	2,631.2	5,744.7	5,906.6	4,641.7	872.9
1985	7,781.2	7,734.7	8,094.7	7,664.4	7,734.7	7,191.4	1,875.8	1,771.6	2,576.8	5,788.6	5,963.1	4,614.6	903.3
1984	7,724.8	7,723.5	7,733.3	7,602.0	7,723.5	6,802.6	1,768.9	1,672.5	2,402.7	5,833.1	6,051.0	4,399.9	930.7
1983	7,703.2	7,736.1	7,493.2	7,598.3	7,736.1	6,719.7	1,740.1	1,629.5	2,445.5	5,858.2	6,106.6	4,274.2	773.5
1982	7,664.0	7,577.7	8,193.0	7,550.4	7,577.7	7,383.3	1,828.6	1,662.9	2,843.9	5,721.8	5,914.7	4,539.3	809.7
1981	7,859.8	7,700.4	8,795.4	7,727.6	7,700.4	7,887.2	1,859.5	1,652.1	3,077.5	5,868.1	6,048.4	4,809.8	908.2
Percent change in rate per 100,000 population at risk from													
1985 to 1986	2.0	2.2	.6	2.1	2.2	1.1	10.8	12.7	2.1	-.8	-.9	.6	-3.4
1984 to 1985	.7	.1	4.7	.8	.1	5.7	6.0	5.9	7.2	-.8	-1.5	4.9	-2.9
1983 to 1984	.3	-.2	3.2	.0	-.2	1.2	2.7	2.6	-1.8	-.4	-.9	2.9	20.3
1982 to 1983	.5	2.1	-8.5	.6	2.1	-9.0	-4.8	-2.0	-14.0	2.4	3.2	-5.8	-4.5
1981 to 1982	-2.5	-1.6	-6.8	-2.3	-1.6	-6.4	-1.7	.7	-7.6	-2.5	-2.2	-5.6	-10.8
1981 to 1986	1.0	2.6	-7.4	1.2	2.6	-7.8	11.8	20.9	-14.5	-2.1	-2.3	-3.5	-3.9

[a]Status offenses include truancy, incorrigible, runaway, and curfew violations.
[b]Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Population Research Unit, Department of Finance.
[c]These rates are based on the population at risk for each year: total (10 years of age and older), adult (18 years of age and older), and juvenile (10-17 years of age) (see Table 67).
Note: Arrest rates calculated from the total population may not add to the total or subtotal arrest rates because of rounding.

TABLE 16
ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Adult, Juvenile, and Level of Offense

Level of offense	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	1,632,351	100.0	1,621,944	100.0	1,653,914	100.0	1,680,721	100.0	1,716,040	100.0	1,794,481	100.0
Felony	386,195	23.7	386,995	23.9	373,609	22.6	384,861	22.9	413,673	24.1	469,982	26.2
Misdemeanor	1,218,703	74.7	1,210,908	74.7	1,257,788	76.0	1,269,136	75.5	1,276,594	74.4	1,299,222	72.4
Status offenses	27,453	1.7	24,041	1.5	22,517	1.4	26,724	1.6	25,773	1.5	25,277	1.4
Adult	1,366,481	83.7	1,378,695	85.0	1,435,788	86.8	1,458,674	86.8	1,485,079	86.5	1,558,601	86.9
Felony	293,168	18.0	302,559	18.7	302,421	18.3	315,872	18.8	340,152	19.8	393,790	21.9
Misdemeanor	1,073,313	65.8	1,076,136	66.3	1,133,367	68.5	1,142,802	68.0	1,144,927	66.7	1,164,811	64.9
Juvenile	265,870	16.3	243,249	15.0	218,126	13.2	222,047	13.2	230,961	13.5	235,880	13.1
Felony	93,027	5.7	84,436	5.2	71,188	4.3	68,989	4.1	73,521	4.3	76,192	4.2
Misdemeanor	145,390	8.9	134,772	8.3	124,421	7.5	126,334	7.5	131,667	7.7	134,411	7.5
Status offenses	27,453	1.7	24,041	1.5	22,517	1.4	26,724	1.6	25,773	1.5	25,277	1.4

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.
Source: Table 15.

TABLE 17
FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Adult, Juvenile, and Category

Category	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	386,195	100.0	386,995	100.0	373,609	100.0	384,861	100.0	413,673	100.0	469,982	100.0
Violent crimes	86,254	22.3	81,594	21.1	74,898	20.0	76,437	19.9	78,916	19.1	101,143	21.5
Property crimes	184,507	47.8	185,143	47.8	169,813	45.5	164,751	42.8	176,849	42.8	187,679	39.9
Drug law violations	67,384	17.4	68,616	17.7	79,422	21.3	93,124	24.2	108,729	26.3	131,672	28.0
All other	48,050	12.4	51,642	13.3	49,476	13.2	50,549	13.1	49,179	11.9	49,488	10.5
Total	386,195	100.0	386,995	100.0	373,609	100.0	384,861	100.0	413,673	100.0	469,982	100.0
Adult	293,168	75.9	302,559	78.2	302,421	80.9	315,872	82.1	340,152	82.2	393,790	83.8
Juvenile	93,027	24.1	84,436	21.8	71,188	19.1	68,989	17.9	73,521	17.8	76,192	16.2
Violent crimes	86,254	100.0	81,594	100.0	74,898	100.0	76,437	100.0	78,916	100.0	101,143	100.0
Adult	69,717	80.8	67,293	82.5	62,577	83.5	64,584	84.5	66,495	84.3	88,602	87.6
Juvenile	16,537	19.2	14,301	17.5	12,321	16.4	11,853	15.5	12,421	15.7	12,541	12.4
Property crimes	184,507	100.0	185,143	100.0	169,813	100.0	164,751	100.0	176,849	100.0	187,679	100.0
Adult	122,575	66.4	128,670	69.5	124,020	73.0	122,254	74.2	130,950	74.0	141,402	75.3
Juvenile	61,932	33.6	56,473	30.5	45,793	27.0	42,497	25.8	45,899	26.0	46,277	24.7
Drug law violations	67,384	100.0	68,616	100.0	79,422	100.0	93,124	100.0	108,729	100.0	131,672	100.0
Adult	60,765	90.2	62,456	91.0	73,318	92.3	85,696	92.0	99,752	91.7	120,365	91.4
Juvenile	6,619	9.8	6,160	9.0	6,104	7.7	7,428	8.0	8,977	8.3	11,307	8.6
All other	48,050	100.0	51,642	100.0	49,476	100.0	50,549	100.0	49,179	100.0	49,488	100.0
Adult	40,111	83.5	44,140	85.5	42,506	85.9	43,338	85.7	42,955	87.3	43,421	87.7
Juvenile	7,939	16.5	7,502	14.5	6,970	14.1	7,211	14.3	6,224	12.7	6,067	12.3

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 21.

TABLE 18
FELONY ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES
AND PROPERTY CRIMES, 1981-1986
By Adult, Juvenile, Category, and Arrest Offense

Category and offense	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Violent crimes	86,254	100.0	81,594	100.0	74,898	100.0	76,437	100.0	78,916	100.0	101,143	100.0
Adult	69,717	80.8	67,293	82.5	62,577	83.5	64,584	84.5	66,495	84.3	88,602	87.6
Juvenile	16,537	19.2	14,301	17.5	12,321	16.5	11,853	15.5	12,421	15.7	12,541	12.4
Homicide	4,234	100.0	3,665	100.0	3,495	100.0	3,590	100.0	3,120	100.0	3,032	100.0
Adult	3,673	86.8	3,267	89.1	3,209	91.8	3,284	91.5	2,884	92.4	2,736	90.2
Juvenile	561	13.2	398	10.9	286	8.2	306	8.5	236	7.6	296	9.8
Forcible rape	4,345	100.0	4,443	100.0	4,382	100.0	4,369	100.0	4,214	100.0	4,523	100.0
Adult	3,761	86.6	3,839	86.4	3,801	86.7	3,813	87.3	3,733	88.6	3,962	87.6
Juvenile	584	13.4	604	13.6	581	13.3	556	12.7	481	11.4	561	12.4
Robbery	27,561	100.0	27,072	100.0	23,883	100.0	23,109	100.0	24,254	100.0	24,929	100.0
Adult	20,300	73.7	20,654	76.3	18,516	77.5	18,390	79.6	19,074	78.6	20,005	80.2
Juvenile	7,261	26.3	6,418	23.7	5,367	22.5	4,719	20.4	5,180	21.4	4,924	19.8
Assault	47,613	100.0	44,154	100.0	40,948	100.0	43,145	100.0	45,061	100.0	66,130	100.0
Adult	39,700	83.4	37,467	84.9	35,046	85.6	37,052	85.9	38,695	85.9	59,547	90.0
Juvenile	7,913	16.6	6,687	15.1	5,902	14.4	6,093	14.1	6,366	14.1	6,583	10.0
Kidnapping	2,501	100.0	2,260	100.0	2,190	100.0	2,224	100.0	2,267	100.0	2,529	100.0
Adult	2,283	91.3	2,066	91.4	2,005	91.6	2,045	92.0	2,109	93.0	2,352	93.0
Juvenile	218	8.7	194	8.6	185	8.4	179	8.0	158	7.0	177	7.0
Property crimes	184,507	100.0	185,143	100.0	169,813	100.0	164,751	100.0	176,849	100.0	187,679	100.0
Adult	122,575	66.4	128,670	69.5	124,020	73.0	122,254	74.2	130,950	74.0	141,402	75.3
Juvenile	61,932	33.6	56,473	30.5	45,793	27.0	42,497	25.8	45,899	26.0	46,277	24.7
Burglary	86,677	100.0	86,921	100.0	80,917	100.0	76,295	100.0	78,623	100.0	78,089	100.0
Adult	51,326	59.2	54,075	62.2	53,083	65.6	51,014	66.9	52,647	67.0	54,458	69.7
Juvenile	35,351	40.8	32,846	37.8	27,834	34.4	25,281	33.1	25,976	33.0	23,631	30.3
Theft	57,079	100.0	59,908	100.0	52,486	100.0	51,144	100.0	55,900	100.0	61,899	100.0
Adult	41,315	72.4	44,862	74.9	42,039	80.1	41,621	81.4	45,484	81.4	50,750	82.0
Juvenile	15,764	27.6	15,046	25.1	10,447	19.9	9,523	18.6	10,416	18.6	11,149	18.0
Motor vehicle theft	26,177	100.0	23,509	100.0	22,300	100.0	23,108	100.0	27,071	100.0	32,234	100.0
Adult	17,419	66.5	16,703	71.0	16,326	73.2	17,184	74.4	19,437	71.8	22,443	69.6
Juvenile	8,758	33.5	6,806	29.0	5,974	26.8	5,924	25.6	7,634	28.2	9,791	30.4
Forgery, checks, credit cards	12,433	100.0	12,912	100.0	12,226	100.0	12,138	100.0	12,983	100.0	13,381	100.0
Adult	11,369	91.4	11,925	92.4	11,455	93.7	11,316	93.2	12,125	93.4	12,516	93.5
Juvenile	1,064	8.6	987	7.6	771	6.3	822	6.8	858	6.6	865	6.5
Arson	2,141	100.0	1,893	100.0	1,884	100.0	2,066	100.0	2,272	100.0	2,076	100.0
Adult	1,146	53.5	1,105	58.4	1,117	59.3	1,119	54.2	1,257	55.3	1,235	59.5
Juvenile	995	46.5	788	41.6	767	40.7	947	45.8	1,015	44.7	841	40.5

Source: Table 21.

TABLE 19
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
By Category and Offense

Category and offense	Number	Percent
TOTAL	469,982	
Violent crimes	101,143	100.0
Homicide	3,032	3.0
Forcible rape	4,523	4.5
Robbery	24,929	24.6
Assault	66,130	65.4
Kidnapping	2,529	2.5
Property crimes	187,679	100.0
Burglary	78,089	41.6
Theft	61,899	33.0
Motor vehicle theft	32,234	17.2
Forgery, checks, credit cards	13,381	7.1
Arson	2,076	1.1
Drug law violations	131,672	100.0
Narcotics	80,256	61.0
Marijuana	19,938	15.1
Dangerous drugs	29,915	22.7
Other	1,563	1.2
All other	49,488	100.0

Source: Table 21.

TABLE 20
FELONY DRUG LAW VIOLATION ARRESTS, 1986
By Adult, Juvenile and Arrest Offense

Offense	Number	Percent
TOTAL	131,672	100.0
Adult	120,365	91.4
Juvenile	11,307	8.6
Narcotics	80,256	100.0
Adult	73,640	91.8
Juvenile	6,616	8.2
Marijuana	19,938	100.0
Adult	17,367	87.1
Juvenile	2,571	12.9
Dangerous drugs	29,915	100.0
Adult	27,883	93.2
Juvenile	2,032	6.8
Other	1,563	100.0
Adult	1,475	94.4
Juvenile	88	5.6

Source: Table 21.

TABLE 21
FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Year	Total			Violent crimes																
				Total			Homicide			Forcible rape			Robbery			Assault			Kidnapping		
	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile
1986	469,982	393,790	76,192	101,143	88,602	12,541	3,032	2,736	296	4,523	3,962	561	24,929	20,005	4,924	66,130	59,547	6,583	2,529	2,352	177
1985	413,673	340,152	73,521	78,916	66,495	12,421	3,120	2,884	236	4,214	3,733	481	24,254	19,074	5,180	45,061	38,695	6,366	2,267	2,109	158
1984	384,861	315,872	68,989	76,437	64,584	11,853	3,590	3,284	306	4,369	3,813	556	23,109	18,390	4,719	43,145	37,052	6,093	2,224	2,045	179
1983	373,609	302,421	71,188	74,898	62,577	12,321	3,495	3,209	286	4,382	3,801	581	23,883	18,516	5,367	40,948	35,046	5,902	2,190	2,005	185
1982	386,995	302,559	84,436	81,594	67,293	14,301	3,665	3,267	398	4,443	3,839	604	27,072	20,654	6,418	44,154	37,467	6,687	2,260	2,066	194
1981	386,195	293,168	93,027	86,254	69,717	16,537	4,234	3,673	561	4,345	3,761	584	27,561	20,300	7,261	47,613	39,700	7,913	2,501	2,283	218
Percent change in number from																					
1985 to 1986	13.6	15.8	3.6	28.2	33.2	1.0	-2.8	-5.1	25.4	7.3	6.1	16.6	2.8	4.9	-4.9	46.8	53.9	3.4	11.6	11.5	12.0
1984 to 1985	7.5	7.7	6.6	3.2	3.0	4.8	-13.1	-12.2	-22.9	-3.5	-2.1	-13.5	5.0	3.7	9.8	4.4	4.4	4.5	1.9	3.1	-11.7
1983 to 1984	3.0	4.4	-3.1	2.1	3.2	-3.8	2.7	2.3	7.0	-.3	.3	-4.3	-3.2	-.7	-12.1	5.4	5.7	3.2	1.6	2.0	-3.2
1982 to 1983	-3.5	.0	-15.7	-8.2	-7.0	-13.8	-4.6	-1.8	-28.1	-1.4	-1.0	-3.8	-11.8	-10.4	-16.4	-7.3	-6.5	-11.7	-3.1	-3.0	-4.6
1981 to 1982	.2	3.2	-9.2	-5.4	-3.5	-13.5	-13.4	-11.1	-29.1	2.3	2.1	3.4	-1.8	1.7	-11.6	-7.3	-5.6	-15.5	-9.6	-9.5	11.0
1981 to 1986	21.7	34.3	-18.1	17.3	27.1	-24.2	-28.4	-25.5	-47.2	4.1	5.3	-3.9	-9.5	-1.5	-32.2	38.9	50.0	-16.8	1.1	3.0	-18.8
Rate per 100,000 population at risk[a]																					
1986	2,078.1	1,996.9	2,631.2	447.2	449.3	433.1	13.4	13.9	10.2	20.0	20.1	19.4	110.2	101.4	170.0	292.4	302.0	227.3	11.2	11.9	6.1
1985	1,875.8	1,771.6	2,576.8	357.8	346.3	435.3	14.1	15.0	8.3	19.1	19.4	16.9	110.0	99.3	181.5	204.3	201.5	223.1	10.3	11.0	5.5
1984	1,768.9	1,672.5	2,402.7	351.3	342.0	412.8	16.5	17.4	10.7	20.1	20.2	19.4	106.2	97.4	164.3	198.3	196.2	212.2	10.2	10.8	6.2
1983	1,740.1	1,629.5	2,445.5	348.8	337.2	423.3	16.3	17.3	9.8	20.4	20.5	20.0	111.2	99.8	184.4	190.7	188.8	202.8	10.2	10.8	6.4
1982	1,828.6	1,662.9	2,843.9	385.5	369.9	481.7	17.3	18.0	13.4	21.0	21.1	20.3	127.9	113.5	216.2	208.6	205.9	225.2	10.7	11.4	6.5
1981	1,859.5	1,652.1	3,077.5	415.3	392.9	547.1	20.4	20.7	18.6	20.9	21.2	19.3	132.7	114.4	240.2	229.3	223.7	261.8	12.0	12.9	7.2
Percent change in rate from																					
1985 to 1986	10.8	12.7	2.1	25.0	29.7	-.5	-5.0	-7.3	22.9	4.7	3.6	14.8	.2	2.1	-6.3	43.1	49.9	1.9	8.7	8.2	10.9
1984 to 1985	6.0	5.9	7.2	1.9	1.3	5.5	-14.5	-13.8	-22.4	-5.0	-4.0	-12.9	3.6	2.0	10.5	3.0	2.7	5.1	1.0	1.9	-11.3
1983 to 1984	1.7	2.6	-1.8	.7	1.4	-2.5	1.2	.6	9.2	-1.5	-1.5	-3.0	-4.5	-2.4	-10.9	4.0	3.9	4.6	.0	.0	-3.1
1982 to 1983	-4.8	-2.0	-14.0	-9.5	-8.8	-12.1	-5.8	-3.9	-26.9	-2.9	-2.8	-1.5	-13.1	-12.1	-14.7	-8.6	-8.3	-9.9	-4.7	-5.3	-1.5
1981 to 1982	-1.7	.7	-7.6	-7.2	-5.9	-12.0	-15.2	-13.0	-28.0	.5	-.5	5.2	-3.6	-.8	-10.0	-9.0	-8.0	-14.0	-10.8	-11.6	-9.7
1981 to 1986	11.8	20.9	-14.5	7.7	14.4	-20.8	-34.3	-32.9	-45.7	-4.3	-5.2	.5	-17.0	-11.4	-29.2	27.5	35.0	-13.2	-6.7	-7.8	-15.3

TABLE 21 - continued
FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Year	Property crimes																	
	Total			Burglary			Theft			Motor vehicle theft			Forgery, checks, credit cards			Arson		
	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile
1986	187,679	141,402	46,277	78,089	54,458	23,631	61,899	50,750	11,149	32,234	22,443	9,791	13,381	12,516	865	2,076	1,235	841
1985	176,849	130,950	45,899	78,623	52,647	25,976	55,900	45,484	10,416	27,071	19,437	7,634	12,983	12,125	858	2,272	1,257	1,015
1984	164,751	122,254	42,497	76,295	51,014	25,281	51,144	41,621	9,523	23,108	17,184	5,924	12,138	11,316	822	2,066	1,119	947
1983	169,813	124,020	45,793	80,917	53,083	27,834	52,486	42,039	10,447	22,300	16,326	5,974	12,226	11,455	771	1,884	1,117	767
1982	185,143	128,670	56,473	86,921	54,075	32,846	59,908	44,862	15,046	23,509	16,703	6,806	12,912	11,925	987	1,893	1,105	788
1981	184,507	122,575	61,932	86,677	51,326	35,351	57,079	41,315	15,764	26,177	17,419	8,758	12,433	11,369	1,064	2,141	1,146	995
Percent change in number from																		
1985 to 1986	6.1	8.0	.8	-.7	3.4	-9.0	10.7	11.6	7.0	19.1	15.5	28.3	3.1	3.2	.8	-8.6	-1.8	-17.1
1984 to 1985	7.3	7.1	8.0	3.1	3.2	2.7	9.3	9.3	9.4	17.1	13.1	28.9	7.0	7.1	4.4	10.0	12.3	7.2
1983 to 1984	-3.0	-1.4	-7.2	-5.7	-3.9	-9.2	-2.6	-1.0	-8.8	3.6	5.3	-.8	-.7	-1.2	6.6	9.7	.2	23.5
1982 to 1983	-8.3	-3.6	-18.9	-6.9	-1.8	-15.3	-12.4	-6.3	-30.6	-5.1	-2.3	-12.2	-5.3	-3.9	-21.9	-.5	1.1	-2.7
1981 to 1982	.3	5.0	-8.8	.3	5.4	-7.1	5.0	8.6	-4.6	-10.2	-4.1	-22.3	3.9	4.9	-7.2	-11.6	-3.6	-20.8
1981 to 1986	1.7	15.4	-25.3	-9.9	6.1	-33.2	8.4	22.8	-29.3	23.1	28.8	11.8	7.6	10.1	-18.7	-3.0	7.8	-15.5
Rate per 100,000 population at risk[a]																		
1986	829.8	717.0	1,598.1	345.3	276.2	816.1	273.7	257.3	385.0	142.5	113.8	338.1	59.2	63.5	29.9	9.2	6.3	29.0
1985	801.9	682.0	1,608.7	356.5	274.2	910.4	253.5	236.9	365.1	122.8	101.2	267.6	58.9	63.1	30.1	10.3	6.5	35.6
1984	757.2	647.3	1,480.1	350.7	270.1	880.5	235.1	220.4	331.7	106.2	91.0	206.3	55.8	59.9	28.6	9.5	5.9	33.0
1983	790.9	668.2	1,573.1	376.9	286.0	956.2	244.5	226.5	358.9	103.9	88.0	205.2	56.9	61.7	26.5	8.8	6.0	26.3
1982	874.8	707.2	1,902.1	410.7	297.2	1,106.3	283.1	246.6	506.8	111.1	91.8	229.2	61.0	65.5	33.2	8.9	6.1	26.5
1981	888.4	690.7	2,048.8	417.4	289.2	1,169.5	274.8	232.8	521.5	126.0	98.2	289.7	59.9	64.1	35.2	10.3	6.5	32.9
Percent change in rate from																		
1985 to 1986	3.5	5.1	-.7	-3.1	.7	-10.4	8.0	8.6	5.5	16.0	12.5	26.3	.5	.6	-.7	-10.7	-3.1	-18.5
1984 to 1985	5.9	5.4	8.7	1.7	1.5	3.4	7.8	7.5	10.1	15.6	11.2	29.7	5.6	5.3	5.2	8.4	10.2	7.9
1983 to 1984	-4.3	-3.1	-5.9	-7.0	-5.6	-7.9	-3.8	-2.7	-7.6	2.2	3.4	.5	-1.9	-2.9	7.9	8.0	-1.7	25.5
1982 to 1983	-9.6	-5.5	-17.3	-8.2	-3.8	-13.6	-13.6	-8.2	-29.2	-6.5	-4.1	-10.5	-6.7	-5.8	-20.2	-1.1	-1.6	-.8
1981 to 1982	-1.5	2.4	-7.2	-1.6	2.8	-5.4	3.0	5.9	-2.8	-11.8	-6.5	-20.9	1.8	2.2	-5.7	-13.6	-6.2	-19.5
1981 to 1986	-6.6	3.8	-22.0	-17.3	-4.5	-30.2	-.4	10.5	-26.2	13.1	15.9	16.7	-1.2	-.9	-15.1	-10.7	-3.1	-11.9

TABLE 21 - continued
FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Year	Drug law violations															All other		
	Total			Narcotics			Marijuana			Dangerous drugs			Other[b]					
	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile
1986	131,672	120,365	11,307	80,256	73,640	6,616	19,938	17,367	2,571	29,915	27,883	2,032	1,563	1,475	88	49,488	43,421	6,067
1985	108,729	99,752	8,977	55,155	51,687	3,468	24,182	20,784	3,398	28,139	26,106	2,033	1,253	1,175	78	49,179	42,955	6,224
1984	93,124	85,696	7,428	42,479	40,430	2,049	21,350	18,020	3,330	27,820	25,892	1,928	1,475	1,354	121	50,549	43,338	7,211
1983	79,422	73,318	6,104	31,588	30,373	1,215	19,920	17,074	2,846	25,302	23,491	1,811	2,612	2,380	232	49,476	42,506	6,970
1982	68,616	62,456	6,160	25,540	24,255	1,285	20,737	17,517	3,220	21,005	19,492	1,513	1,334	1,192	142	51,642	44,140	7,502
1981	67,384	60,765	6,619	26,090	24,707	1,383	20,771	17,143	3,628	18,900	17,455	1,445	1,623	1,460	163	48,050	40,111	7,939
Percent change in number from																		
1985 to 1986	21.1	20.7	26.0	45.5	42.5	90.8	-17.6	-16.4	-24.3	6.3	6.8	.0	24.7	25.5	12.8	.6	1.1	-2.5
1984 to 1985	16.8	16.4	20.9	29.8	27.8	69.3	13.3	15.3	2.0	1.1	.6	5.4	-15.1	-13.2	-35.5	-2.7	-.9	-13.7
1983 to 1984	17.3	16.9	21.7	34.5	33.1	68.6	7.2	5.5	17.0	10.0	10.2	6.5	-43.5	-43.1	-47.8	2.2	2.0	3.5
1982 to 1983	15.7	17.4	-.9	23.7	25.2	-5.4	-3.9	-2.5	-11.6	20.5	20.5	19.7	95.8	99.7	63.4	-4.2	-3.7	-7.1
1981 to 1982	1.8	2.8	-6.9	-2.1	-1.8	-7.1	-.2	2.2	-11.2	11.1	11.7	4.7	-17.8	-18.4	-12.9	7.5	10.0	-5.5
1981 to 1986	95.4	98.1	70.8	207.6	198.1	378.4	-4.0	1.3	-29.1	58.3	59.7	40.6	-3.7	1.0	-46.0	3.0	8.3	-23.6
Rate per 100,000 population at risk[a]																		
1986	582.2	610.4	390.5	354.9	373.4	228.5	88.2	88.1	88.8	132.3	141.4	70.2	6.9	7.5	3.0	218.8	220.2	209.5
1985	493.0	519.5	314.6	250.1	269.2	121.5	109.7	108.2	119.1	127.6	136.0	71.3	5.7	6.1	2.7	223.0	223.7	218.1
1984	428.0	453.8	258.7	195.2	214.1	71.4	98.1	95.4	116.0	127.9	137.1	67.1	6.8	7.2	4.2	232.3	229.5	251.1
1983	369.9	395.0	209.7	147.1	163.7	41.7	92.8	92.0	97.8	117.8	126.6	52.2	12.2	12.8	8.0	230.4	229.0	239.4
1982	324.2	343.3	207.5	120.7	133.3	43.3	98.0	96.3	108.5	99.3	107.1	51.0	6.3	6.6	4.8	244.0	242.6	252.7
1981	324.5	342.4	219.0	125.6	139.2	45.8	100.0	96.6	120.0	91.0	98.4	47.8	7.8	8.2	5.4	231.4	226.0	262.6
Percent change in rate from																		
1985 to 1986	18.1	17.5	24.1	41.9	38.7	88.1	-19.6	-18.6	-25.4	3.7	4.0	-1.5	21.1	23.0	11.1	-1.9	-1.6	-3.9
1984 to 1985	15.2	14.5	21.6	28.1	25.7	70.2	11.8	13.4	2.7	-.2	-.8	6.3	-16.2	-15.3	-35.7	-4.0	-2.5	-13.1
1983 to 1984	15.7	14.9	23.4	32.7	30.8	71.2	5.7	3.7	18.6	8.6	8.3	7.9	-44.3	-43.8	-47.5	.8	.2	4.9
1982 to 1983	14.1	15.1	1.1	21.9	22.8	-3.7	-5.3	-4.5	-9.9	18.6	18.2	22.0	93.6	93.9	66.7	-5.6	-5.6	-5.3
1981 to 1982	-.1	.3	-5.3	-3.9	-4.2	-5.5	-2.0	-.3	-9.6	9.1	8.8	6.7	-19.2	-19.5	-11.1	5.4	7.3	-3.8
1981 to 1986	79.4	78.3	78.3	182.6	168.2	398.9	-11.8	-8.8	-26.0	45.4	43.7	46.9	-11.5	-8.5	-44.4	-5.4	-2.6	-20.2

[a]These rates are based on the population at risk for each year: total (10 years of age and older), adult (18 years of age and older), and juvenile (10-17 years of age) (see Table 67).

[b]Agency reporting problems account for almost all of the increase recorded in 1983.

TABLE 22
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Adult, Juvenile, and Arrest Offense

Offense	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,218,703	100.0	1,210,908	100.0	1,257,788	100.0	1,269,136	100.0	1,276,594	100.0	1,299,222	100.0
Assault and battery	57,470	4.7	56,746	4.7	57,557	4.6	59,681	4.7	63,020	4.9	75,384	5.8
Petty theft	115,660	9.5	124,597	10.3	119,149	9.5	117,803	9.3	124,859	9.8	127,668	9.8
Drug law violations	72,101	5.9	82,612	6.8	106,458	8.5	117,119	9.2	120,428	9.4	114,816	8.8
Drunk	244,839	20.1	231,031	19.1	227,506	18.1	217,448	17.1	208,914	16.4	203,517	15.7
Driving under the influence	326,458	26.8	338,344	27.9	346,267	27.5	345,497	27.2	340,481	26.7	339,252	26.1
All other	402,175	33.0	377,578	31.2	400,851	31.9	411,588	32.4	418,892	32.8	438,585	33.8
Total	1,218,703	100.0	1,210,908	100.0	1,257,788	100.0	1,269,136	100.0	1,276,594	100.0	1,299,222	100.0
Adult	1,073,313	88.1	1,076,136	88.9	1,133,367	90.1	1,142,802	90.0	1,144,927	89.7	1,164,811	89.7
Juvenile	145,390	11.9	134,772	11.1	124,421	9.9	126,334	10.0	131,667	10.3	134,411	10.3
Assault and battery	57,470	100.0	56,746	100.0	57,557	100.0	59,681	100.0	63,020	100.0	75,384	100.0
Adult	45,141	78.5	45,071	79.4	46,110	80.1	47,903	80.3	50,747	80.5	60,881	80.8
Juvenile	12,329	21.5	11,675	20.6	11,447	19.9	11,778	19.7	12,273	19.5	14,503	19.2
Petty theft	115,660	100.0	124,597	100.0	119,149	100.0	117,803	100.0	124,859	100.0	127,668	100.0
Adult	73,235	63.3	83,044	66.7	80,942	67.9	80,115	68.0	85,779	68.7	88,173	69.1
Juvenile	42,425	36.7	41,553	33.3	38,207	32.1	37,688	32.0	39,080	31.3	39,495	30.9
Drug law violations	72,101	100.0	82,612	100.0	106,458	100.0	117,119	100.0	120,428	100.0	114,816	100.0
Adult	59,447	82.4	69,918	84.6	92,579	87.0	101,529	86.7	105,251	87.4	103,067	89.8
Juvenile	12,654	17.6	12,694	15.4	13,879	13.0	15,590	13.3	15,177	12.6	11,749	10.2
Drunk	244,839	100.0	231,031	100.0	227,506	100.0	217,448	100.0	208,914	100.0	203,517	100.0
Adult	234,610	95.8	222,136	96.1	219,818	96.6	210,490	96.8	201,919	96.7	195,675	96.1
Juvenile	10,229	4.2	8,895	3.9	7,688	3.4	6,958	3.2	6,995	3.3	7,842	3.9
Driving under the influence	326,458	100.0	338,344	100.0	346,267	100.0	345,497	100.0	340,481	100.0	339,252	100.0
Adult	321,526	98.5	333,775	98.6	342,203	98.8	341,579	98.9	336,679	98.9	334,902	98.7
Juvenile	4,932	1.5	4,569	1.4	4,064	1.2	3,918	1.1	3,802	1.1	4,350	1.3
All other	402,175	100.0	377,578	100.0	400,851	100.0	411,588	100.0	418,892	100.0	438,585	100.0
Adult	339,354	84.4	322,192	85.3	351,715	87.7	361,186	87.8	364,552	87.0	382,113	87.1
Juvenile	62,821	15.6	55,386	14.7	49,136	12.3	50,402	12.2	54,340	13.0	56,472	12.9

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
1985 misdemeanor drunk and drug law violation counts have been revised and do not agree with previously published data.
Source: Table 23.

TABLE 23
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Number and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Year	Total			Assault and battery			Petty theft			Drug law violations			Drunk			Driving under the influence			All other		
	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile	Total	Adult	Juvenile
1986	1,299,222	1,164,811	134,411	75,384	60,881	14,503	127,668	88,173	39,495	114,816	103,067	11,749	203,517	195,675	7,842	339,252	334,902	4,350	438,585	382,113	56,472
1985	1,276,594	1,144,927	131,667	63,020	50,747	12,273	124,859	85,779	39,080	120,428	105,251	15,177	208,914	201,919	6,995	340,481	336,679	3,802	418,892	364,552	54,340
1984	1,269,136	1,142,802	126,334	59,681	47,903	11,778	117,803	80,115	37,688	117,119	101,529	15,590	217,448	210,490	6,958	345,497	341,579	3,918	411,588	361,186	50,402
1983	1,257,788	1,133,367	124,421	57,557	46,110	11,447	119,149	80,942	38,207	106,458	92,579	13,879	227,506	219,818	7,688	346,267	342,203	4,064	400,851	351,715	49,136
1982	1,210,908	1,076,136	134,772	56,746	45,071	11,675	124,597	83,044	41,553	82,612	69,918	12,694	231,031	222,136	8,895	338,344	333,775	4,569	377,578	322,192	55,386
1981	1,218,703	1,073,313	145,390	57,470	45,141	12,329	115,660	73,235	42,425	72,101	59,447	12,654	244,839	234,610	10,229	326,458	321,526	4,932	402,175	339,354	62,821
Percent change in number from																					
1985 to 1986	1.8	1.7	2.1	19.6	20.0	18.2	2.2	2.8	1.1	-4.7	-2.1	-22.6	-2.6	-3.1	12.1	-.4	-.5	14.4	4.7	4.8	3.9
1984 to 1985	.6	.2	4.2	5.6	5.9	4.2	6.0	7.1	3.7	2.8	3.7	-2.6	-3.9	-4.1	.5	-1.5	-1.4	-3.0	1.8	.9	7.8
1983 to 1984	.9	.8	1.5	3.7	3.9	2.9	-1.1	-1.0	-1.4	10.0	9.7	12.3	-4.4	-4.2	-9.5	-.2	-.2	-3.6	2.7	2.7	2.6
1982 to 1983	3.9	5.3	-7.7	1.4	2.3	-2.0	-4.4	-2.5	-8.1	28.9	32.4	9.3	-1.5	-1.0	-13.6	2.3	2.5	-11.1	6.2	9.2	-11.3
1981 to 1982	-.6	.3	-7.3	-1.3	-.2	-5.3	7.7	13.4	-2.1	14.6	17.6	.3	-5.6	-5.3	-13.0	3.6	3.8	-7.4	-6.1	-5.1	-11.8
1981 to 1986	6.6	8.5	-7.6	31.2	34.9	17.6	10.4	20.4	-6.9	59.2	73.4	-7.2	-16.9	-16.6	-23.3	3.9	4.2	-11.8	9.1	12.6	-10.1
Rate per 100,000 population at risk[a]																					
1986	5,744.7	5,906.6	4,641.7	333.3	308.7	500.8	564.5	447.1	1,363.9	507.7	522.6	405.7	899.9	992.2	270.8	1,500.0	1,698.3	150.2	1,939.3	1,937.7	1,950.2
1985	5,788.6	5,963.1	4,614.6	285.8	264.3	430.1	566.2	446.8	1,369.7	546.1	548.2	531.9	947.3	1,051.6	245.2	1,543.9	1,753.5	133.3	1,899.4	1,898.7	1,904.5
1984	5,833.1	6,051.0	4,399.9	274.3	253.6	410.2	541.4	424.2	1,312.6	538.3	537.6	543.0	999.4	1,114.5	242.3	1,587.9	1,808.6	136.5	1,891.7	1,912.4	1,755.4
1983	5,858.2	6,106.6	4,274.2	268.1	248.4	393.2	554.9	436.1	1,312.5	495.8	498.8	476.8	1,059.6	1,184.4	264.1	1,612.7	1,843.8	139.6	1,867.0	1,895.1	1,688.0
1982	5,721.8	5,914.7	4,539.3	268.1	247.7	393.2	588.7	456.4	1,399.6	390.4	384.3	427.6	1,091.7	1,220.9	299.6	1,598.7	1,834.5	153.9	1,784.1	1,770.9	1,865.5
1981	5,868.1	6,048.4	4,809.8	276.7	254.4	407.9	556.9	412.7	1,403.5	347.2	335.0	418.6	1,178.9	1,322.1	338.4	1,571.9	1,811.9	163.2	1,936.5	1,912.3	2,078.2
Percent change in rate from																					
1985 to 1986	-.8	-.9	.6	16.6	16.8	16.4	-.3	.1	-.4	-7.0	-4.7	-23.7	-5.0	-5.6	10.4	-2.8	-3.1	12.7	2.1	2.1	2.4
1984 to 1985	-.8	-1.5	4.9	4.2	4.2	4.9	4.6	5.3	4.4	1.4	2.0	-2.0	-5.2	-5.6	1.2	-2.6	-3.0	-2.3	.4	-.7	8.5
1983 to 1984	-.4	-.9	2.9	2.3	2.1	4.3	-2.4	-2.7	.0	8.6	7.8	13.9	-5.7	-5.9	-8.3	-1.5	-1.9	-2.2	1.3	.9	4.0
1982 to 1983	2.4	3.2	-5.8	.0	.3	.0	-5.7	-4.4	-6.2	27.0	29.8	11.5	-2.9	-3.0	-11.8	.9	.5	-9.3	4.6	7.0	-9.5
1981 to 1982	-2.5	-2.2	-5.6	-3.1	-2.6	-3.6	5.7	10.6	-.3	12.4	14.7	2.2	-7.4	-7.7	-11.5	1.7	1.2	-5.7	-7.9	-7.4	-10.2
1981 to 1986	-2.1	-2.3	-3.5	20.5	21.3	22.8	1.4	8.3	-2.8	46.2	56.0	-3.1	-23.7	-25.0	-20.0	-4.6	-6.3	-8.0	.1	1.3	-6.2

[a]These rates are based on the population at risk for each year; total (10 years of age and older), adult (18 years of age and older), and juvenile (10-17 years of age) (see Table 67).
Note: 1985 misdemeanor drunk and drug law violation counts have been revised and do not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 24
ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Category and Arrest Offense

Category and offense	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986		Percent change	
						Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	293,168	302,559	302,421	315,872	340,152	393,790	100.0	34.3	15.8
Violent crimes	69,717	67,293	62,577	64,584	66,495	88,602	22.5	27.1	33.2
Homicide	3,673	3,267	3,209	3,284	2,884	2,736	.7	-25.5	-5.1
Forcible rape	3,761	3,839	3,801	3,813	3,733	3,962	1.0	5.3	6.1
Robbery	20,300	20,654	18,516	18,390	19,074	20,005	5.1	-1.5	4.9
Assault	39,700	37,467	35,046	37,052	38,695	59,547	15.1	50.0	53.9
Kidnapping	2,283	2,066	2,005	2,045	2,109	2,352	.6	3.0	11.5
Property crimes	122,575	128,670	124,020	122,254	130,950	141,402	35.9	15.4	8.0
Burglary	51,326	54,075	53,083	51,014	52,647	54,458	13.8	6.1	3.4
Theft	41,315	44,862	42,039	41,621	45,484	50,750	12.9	22.8	11.6
Motor vehicle theft	17,419	16,703	16,326	17,184	19,437	22,443	5.7	28.8	15.5
Forgery, checks, credit cards	11,369	11,925	11,455	11,316	12,125	12,516	3.2	10.1	3.2
Arson	1,146	1,105	1,117	1,119	1,257	1,235	.3	7.8	-1.8
Drug law violations	60,765	62,456	73,318	85,696	99,752	120,365	30.6	98.1	20.7
Narcotics	24,707	24,255	30,373	40,430	51,687	73,640	18.7	198.1	42.5
Marijuana	17,143	17,517	17,074	18,020	20,784	17,367	4.4	1.3	-16.4
Dangerous drugs	17,455	19,492	23,491	25,892	26,106	27,883	7.1	59.7	6.8
Other[a]	1,460	1,192	2,380	1,354	1,175	1,475	.4	1.0	25.5
Sex law violations	4,090	4,090	4,949	6,420	6,774	6,385	1.6	56.1	-5.7
Lewd or lascivious	1,679	1,772	2,330	3,363	3,900	3,806	1.0	126.7	-2.4
Other	2,411	2,318	2,619	3,057	2,874	2,579	.7	7.0	-10.3
All other	36,021	40,050	37,557	36,918	36,181	37,036	9.4	2.8	2.4
Weapons	12,309	11,150	11,035	11,290	11,793	12,299	3.1	-.1	4.3
Driving under the influence	5,955	5,993	6,633	6,980	7,105	7,755	2.0	30.2	9.1
Hit-and-run	1,267	1,302	1,245	1,322	1,440	1,637	.4	29.2	13.7
Escape	1,000	921	1,121	1,100	1,023	949	.2	-5.1	-7.2
Bookmaking	1,278	1,217	1,293	1,253	1,006	809	.2	-36.7	-19.6
Other	14,212	19,467	16,230	14,973	13,814	13,587	3.5	-4.4	-1.6
Total less drug law violations	232,403	240,103	229,103	230,176	240,400	273,425	69.4	17.7	13.7
Law enforcement dispositions	293,168	302,559	302,421	315,872	340,152	393,790	100.0	34.3	15.8
Released	45,169	42,600	44,588	36,139	39,177	45,923	11.7	1.7	17.2
Other jurisdiction	4,797	4,614	4,758	4,105	4,060	3,354	.9	-30.1	-17.4
Complaint sought	243,202	255,345	253,075	275,628	296,915	344,513	87.5	41.7	16.0

[a]Agency reporting problems account for almost all of the increase recorded in 1983.

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.

TABLE 25
ADULT MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Arrest Offense

Offense	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986		Percent change	
						Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	1,073,313	1,076,136	1,133,367	1,142,802	1,144,927	1,164,811	100.0	8.5	1.7
Assault and battery	45,141	45,071	46,110	47,903	50,747	60,881	5.2	34.9	20.0
Petty theft	73,235	83,044	80,942	80,115	85,779	88,173	7.6	20.4	2.8
Checks and credit cards	2,058	1,960	2,089	1,738	1,661	1,335	.1	-35.1	-19.6
Drug law violations	59,447	69,918	92,579	101,529	105,251	103,067	8.8	73.4	-2.1
Indecent exposure	2,687	2,822	3,013	2,830	2,534	2,443	.2	-9.1	-3.6
Annoying children	1,042	671	599	539	797	583	.1	-44.0	-26.9
Obscene matter	87	33	56	41	42	66	.0	-24.1	57.1
Lewd conduct	5,344	6,175	7,171	7,189	7,360	8,315	.7	55.6	13.0
Prostitution	14,702	15,929	16,562	19,570	19,363	20,825	1.8	41.6	7.6
Drunk	234,610	222,136	219,818	210,490	201,919	195,675	16.8	-16.6	-3.1
Disorderly conduct	12,061	10,546	10,322	11,489	7,683	10,566	.9	-12.4	37.5
Disturbing the peace	13,423	11,411	10,956	10,837	10,346	9,924	.9	-26.1	-4.1
Driving under the influence	321,526	333,775	342,203	341,579	336,579	334,902	28.8	4.2	-.5
Hit-and-run	4,787	5,329	6,053	5,963	6,171	6,773	.6	41.5	9.8
Selected traffic violations	105,310	84,792	102,985	97,942	83,707	84,796	7.3	-19.5	1.3
Gambling	3,691	2,627	2,174	1,864	883	1,673	.1	-54.7	89.5
Nonsupport	1,022	805	790	778	882	852	.1	-16.6	-3.4
All other	173,140	179,092	188,945	200,406	223,123	233,962	20.1	35.1	4.9
Law enforcement dispositions	1,073,313	1,076,136	1,133,367	1,142,802	1,144,927	1,164,811	100.0	8.5	1.7
Released	134,513	149,351	146,039	132,711	132,156	135,064	11.6	.4	2.2
Other jurisdiction	18,309	13,173	14,811	14,087	12,908	21,206	1.8	15.8	64.3
Complaint sought	920,491	913,612	972,517	996,004	999,863	1,008,541	86.6	9.6	.9

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
1985 misdemeanor drunk and drug law violation counts have been revised and do not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 26
JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986
By Category and Arrest Offense

Category and offense	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986		Percent change	
						Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	265,870	243,249	218,126	222,047	230,961	235,880	100.0	-11.3	2.1
Law violations	238,417	219,208	195,609	195,323	205,188	210,603	89.3	-11.7	2.6
Felony-level	93,027	84,436	71,188	68,989	73,521	76,192	32.3	-18.1	3.6
Violent crimes	16,537	14,301	12,321	11,853	12,421	12,541	5.3	-24.2	1.0
Homicide	561	398	286	306	236	296	.1	-47.2	25.4
Forcible rape	584	604	581	556	481	561	.2	-3.9	16.6
Robbery	7,261	6,418	5,367	4,719	5,180	4,924	2.1	-32.2	-4.9
Assault	7,913	6,687	5,902	6,093	6,366	6,583	2.8	-16.8	3.4
Kidnapping	218	194	185	179	158	177	.1	-18.8	12.0
Property crimes	61,932	56,473	45,793	42,497	45,899	46,277	19.6	-25.3	.8
Burglary	35,351	32,846	27,834	25,281	25,976	23,631	10.0	-33.2	-9.0
Theft	15,764	15,046	10,447	9,523	10,416	11,149	4.7	-29.3	7.0
Motor vehicle theft	8,758	6,806	5,974	5,924	7,634	9,791	4.2	11.8	28.3
Forgery, checks, credit cards	1,064	987	771	822	858	865	.4	-18.7	.8
Arson	995	788	767	947	1,015	841	.4	-15.5	-17.1
Drug law violations	6,619	6,160	6,104	7,428	8,977	11,307	4.8	70.8	26.0
Narcotics	1,383	1,285	1,215	2,049	3,468	6,616	2.8	378.4	90.8
Marijuana	3,628	3,220	2,846	3,330	3,398	2,571	1.1	-29.1	-24.3
Dangerous drugs	1,445	1,513	1,811	1,928	2,033	2,032	.9	40.6	.0
Other[a]	163	142	232	121	78	88	.0	-46.0	12.8
All other	7,939	7,502	6,970	7,211	6,224	6,067	2.6	-23.6	-2.5
Misdemeanor-level	145,390	134,772	124,421	126,334	131,667	134,411	57.0	-7.6	2.1
Assault and battery	12,329	11,675	11,447	11,778	12,273	14,503	6.1	17.6	18.2
Petty theft	42,425	41,553	38,207	37,688	39,080	39,495	16.7	-6.9	1.1
Checks and credit cards	71	53	61	76	79	69	.0	-2.8	-12.7
Drug law violations	12,654	12,694	13,879	15,590	15,177	11,749	5.0	-7.2	-22.6
Weapons	1,678	1,369	1,346	1,462	2,135	2,360	1.0	40.6	10.5
Driving under the influence	4,932	4,569	4,064	3,918	3,802	4,350	1.8	-11.8	14.4
Drunk	10,229	8,895	7,688	6,958	6,995	7,842	3.3	-23.3	12.1
Disturbing the peace	4,947	4,462	4,112	4,041	4,112	4,493	1.9	-9.2	9.3
Glue sniffing	2,201	1,504	958	719	713	538	.2	-75.6	-24.5
Malicious mischief	10,891	9,264	7,934	8,886	10,672	10,298	4.4	-5.4	-3.5
Liquor law violations	15,845	12,896	10,816	10,537	10,860	12,844	5.4	-18.9	18.3
All other	27,188	25,838	23,909	24,681	25,769	25,870	11.0	-4.8	.4
Status offenses[b]	27,453	24,041	22,517	26,724	25,773	25,277	10.7	-7.9	-1.9
Law enforcement dispositions	265,870	243,249	218,126	222,047	230,961	235,680	100.0	-11.3	2.1
Handled within department	93,065	84,653	75,333	73,577	75,423	74,484	31.6	-20.0	-1.2
Other agency[c]	2,960	2,375	2,427	4,863	4,791	2,442	1.0	-17.5	-49.0
Juvenile court or probation department	169,845	156,221	140,366	143,607	150,747	158,954	67.4	-6.4	5.4

[a] Agency reporting problems account for almost all of the increase recorded in 1983.
[b] Status offenses include truancy, incorrigible, runaway, and curfew violations.
[c] Design changes in San Diego County Automated Regional Justice Information System caused data fluctuations in the number of juvenile arrestees released to other jurisdictions by the San Diego Police Department in 1984 and 1985.

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.
1985 misdemeanor drunk and drug law violation counts have been revised and do not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 27
FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Sex, age, and race/ethnic group	Total		Total		Felony		Misdemeanor	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	1,769,204	100.0	1,769,204	100.0	469,982	26.6	1,299,222	73.4
Sex								
Male	1,496,035	84.6	1,496,035	100.0	403,300	27.0	1,092,735	73.0
Female	273,169	15.4	273,169	100.0	66,682	24.4	206,487	75.6
Age								
Under 20	365,838	20.7	365,838	100.0	124,938	34.2	240,900	65.8
20-29	767,793	43.4	767,793	100.0	208,355	27.1	559,438	72.9
30 and over	635,573	35.9	635,573	100.0	136,689	21.5	498,884	78.5
Race/ethnic group								
White (not Hispanic)	861,167	48.7	861,167	100.0	183,022	21.3	678,145	78.7
Hispanic	510,726	28.9	510,726	100.0	132,912	26.0	377,814	74.0
Black	322,172	18.2	322,172	100.0	136,769	42.5	185,403	57.5
Other	75,139	4.2	75,139	100.0	17,279	23.0	57,860	77.0

Source: Tables 31 and 35.

TABLE 28
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Category and Arrest Offense by Sex and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Category and offense	Number							Percent						
		Sex		Race/ethnic group					Sex		Race/ethnic group			
	Total	Male	Female	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Black	Other	Total	Male	Female	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Black	Other
TOTAL	469,982	403,300	66,682	183,022	132,912	136,769	17,279	100.0	85.8	14.2	38.9	28.3	29.1	3.7
Violent crimes	191,143	90,795	10,348	33,552	29,361	33,590	4,640	100.0	89.8	10.2	33.2	29.0	33.2	4.6
Homicide	3,032	2,727	305	908	957	1,009	158	100.0	89.9	10.1	29.9	31.6	33.3	5.2
Forcible rape	4,523	4,503	20	1,344	1,379	1,583	217	100.0	99.6	.4	29.7	30.5	35.0	4.8
Robbery	24,929	22,843	2,086	5,330	6,367	12,240	992	100.0	91.6	8.4	21.4	25.5	49.1	4.0
Assault	66,130	58,502	7,628	25,055	19,802	18,106	3,167	100.0	88.5	11.5	37.9	29.9	27.4	4.8
Kidnapping	2,529	2,220	309	915	856	652	106	100.0	87.8	12.2	36.2	33.8	25.8	4.2
Property crimes	187,679	157,308	30,371	77,570	53,313	48,794	8,002	100.0	83.8	16.2	41.3	28.4	26.0	4.3
Burglary	78,089	66,949	11,140	32,944	24,301	17,511	3,333	100.0	85.7	14.3	42.2	31.1	22.4	4.3
Theft	61,899	51,135	10,764	25,198	17,034	17,066	2,601	100.0	82.6	17.4	40.7	27.5	27.6	4.2
Motor vehicle theft	32,234	29,085	3,149	11,384	9,555	9,905	1,390	100.0	90.2	9.8	35.3	29.6	30.7	4.3
Forgery, checks, credit cards	13,381	8,318	5,063	6,922	2,042	3,823	594	100.0	62.2	37.8	51.7	15.3	28.6	4.4
Arson	2,076	1,821	255	1,122	381	489	84	100.0	87.7	12.3	54.0	18.4	23.6	4.0
Drug law violations	131,672	110,978	20,694	46,677	37,151	45,037	2,807	100.0	84.3	15.7	35.4	28.2	34.2	2.1
Narcotics	80,256	68,224	12,032	21,188	21,050	36,054	1,964	100.0	85.0	15.0	26.4	26.2	44.9	2.4
Marijuana	19,938	18,038	1,900	7,388	7,139	5,082	329	100.0	90.5	9.5	37.1	35.8	25.5	1.7
Dangerous drugs	29,915	23,571	6,344	17,371	8,787	3,277	480	100.0	78.8	21.2	58.1	29.4	11.0	1.6
Other	1,563	1,145	418	730	175	624	34	100.0	73.3	26.7	46.7	11.2	39.9	2.2
Sex law violations	8,038	7,738	300	4,123	2,265	1,317	333	100.0	96.3	3.7	51.3	28.2	16.4	4.1
Lewd or lascivious	4,953	4,811	142	2,636	1,482	636	199	100.0	97.1	2.9	53.2	29.9	12.8	4.0
Other	3,085	2,927	158	1,487	783	681	134	100.0	94.9	5.1	48.2	25.4	22.1	4.3
Driving offenses	9,873	8,663	1,210	5,471	3,319	763	320	100.0	87.7	12.3	55.4	33.6	7.7	3.2
Driving under the influence	8,034	7,013	1,021	4,697	2,503	590	244	100.0	87.3	12.7	58.5	31.2	7.3	3.0
Hit-and-run	1,839	1,650	189	774	816	173	76	100.0	89.7	10.3	42.1	44.4	9.4	4.1
All other	31,577	27,818	3,759	15,629	7,503	7,268	1,177	100.0	88.1	11.9	49.5	23.8	23.0	3.7
Weapons	14,915	14,201	714	7,087	4,213	2,984	631	100.0	95.2	4.8	47.5	28.2	20.0	4.2
Escape	1,078	936	142	584	321	141	32	100.0	86.8	13.2	54.2	29.8	13.1	3.0
Bookmaking	810	628	182	243	72	467	28	100.0	77.5	22.5	30.0	8.9	57.7	3.5
Other	14,774	12,053	2,721	7,715	2,897	3,676	486	100.0	81.6	18.4	52.2	19.6	24.9	3.3

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 31.

TABLE 29
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Category and Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee

Category and offense	Number				Percent			
	Total	Under 20	20-29	30 and over	Total	Under 20	20-29	30 and over
TOTAL	469,982	124,938	208,355	136,689	100.0	26.6	44.3	29.1
Violent crimes	101,143	20,801	45,060	35,282	100.0	20.6	44.6	34.9
Homicide	3,032	618	1,382	1,032	100.0	20.4	45.6	34.0
Forcible rape	4,523	961	2,141	1,421	100.0	21.2	47.3	31.4
Robbery	24,929	7,927	11,506	5,496	100.0	31.8	46.2	22.0
Assault	66,130	10,901	28,658	26,571	100.0	16.5	43.3	40.2
Kidnapping	2,529	394	1,373	762	100.0	15.6	54.3	30.1
Property crimes	187,679	68,314	73,879	45,486	100.0	36.4	39.4	24.2
Burglary	78,089	33,563	28,707	15,819	100.0	43.0	36.8	20.3
Theft	61,899	17,613	25,630	18,656	100.0	28.5	41.4	30.1
Motor vehicle theft	32,234	14,341	12,549	5,344	100.0	44.5	38.9	16.6
Forgery, checks, credit cards	13,381	1,827	6,449	5,105	100.0	13.7	48.2	38.2
Arson	2,076	970	544	562	100.0	46.7	26.2	27.1
Drug law violations	131,672	25,127	68,118	38,427	100.0	19.1	51.7	29.2
Narcotics	80,256	14,861	40,802	24,593	100.0	18.5	50.8	30.6
Marijuana	19,938	5,200	10,182	4,556	100.0	26.1	51.1	22.9
Dangerous drugs	29,915	4,903	16,511	8,501	100.0	16.4	55.2	28.4
Other	1,563	163	623	777	100.0	10.4	39.9	49.7
Sex law violations	8,038	2,102	2,201	3,735	100.0	26.2	27.4	46.5
Lewd or lascivious	4,953	1,359	1,147	2,447	100.0	27.4	23.2	49.4
Other	3,085	743	1,054	1,288	100.0	24.1	34.2	41.8
Driving offenses	9,873	1,385	4,714	3,774	100.0	14.0	47.7	38.2
Driving under the influence	8,034	956	3,859	3,219	100.0	11.9	48.0	40.1
Hit-and-run	1,839	429	855	555	100.0	23.3	46.5	30.2
All other	31,577	7,209	14,383	9,985	100.0	22.8	45.5	31.6
Weapons	14,915	4,686	6,680	3,549	100.0	31.4	44.8	23.8
Escape	1,078	222	556	300	100.0	20.6	51.6	27.8
Bookmaking	810	3	93	714	100.0	.4	11.5	88.1
Other	14,774	2,298	7,054	5,422	100.0	15.6	47.7	36.7

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 31.

TABLE 30
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Category and Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee

Category and offense	Number						Percent					
	Total	Under 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40 and over	Total	Under 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40 and over
TOTAL	469,982	935	124,003	208,355	98,701	37,988	100.0	.2	26.4	44.3	21.0	8.1
Violent crimes	101,143	97	20,704	45,060	24,120	11,162	100.0	.1	20.5	44.6	23.8	11.0
Homicide	3,032	0	618	1,382	645	387	100.0	.0	20.4	45.6	21.3	12.8
Forcible rape	4,523	4	957	2,141	990	431	100.0	.1	21.2	47.3	21.9	9.5
Robbery	24,929	22	7,905	11,506	4,372	1,124	100.0	.1	31.7	46.2	17.5	4.5
Assault	66,130	69	10,832	28,658	17,554	9,017	100.0	.1	16.4	43.3	26.5	13.6
Kidnapping	2,529	2	392	1,373	559	203	100.0	.1	15.5	54.3	22.1	8.0
Property crimes	187,679	760	67,554	73,879	33,962	11,524	100.0	.4	36.0	39.4	18.1	6.1
Burglary	78,089	573	32,990	28,707	12,358	3,461	100.0	.7	42.2	36.8	15.8	4.4
Theft	61,899	84	17,529	25,630	13,372	5,284	100.0	.1	28.3	41.4	21.6	8.5
Motor vehicle theft	32,234	18	14,323	12,549	4,112	1,232	100.0	.1	44.4	38.9	12.8	3.8
Forgery, checks, credit cards	13,381	0	1,827	6,449	3,773	1,332	100.0	.0	13.7	48.2	28.2	10.0
Arson	2,076	85	885	544	347	215	100.0	4.1	42.6	26.2	16.7	10.4
Drug law violations	131,672	6	25,121	68,118	29,522	8,905	100.0	.0	19.1	51.7	22.4	6.8
Narcotics	80,256	5	14,856	40,802	18,659	5,934	100.0	.0	18.5	50.8	23.2	7.4
Marijuana	19,938	1	5,199	10,182	3,555	1,001	100.0	.0	26.1	51.1	17.8	5.0
Dangerous drugs	29,915	0	4,903	16,511	6,762	1,739	100.0	.0	16.4	55.2	22.6	5.8
Other	1,563	0	163	623	546	231	100.0	.0	10.4	39.9	34.9	14.8
Sex law violations	8,038	48	2,054	2,201	2,006	1,729	100.0	.6	25.6	27.4	25.0	21.5
Lewd or lascivious	4,953	39	1,320	1,147	1,248	1,199	100.0	.8	26.7	23.2	25.2	24.2
Other	3,085	9	734	1,054	758	530	100.0	.3	23.8	34.2	24.6	17.2
Driving offenses	9,873	0	1,385	4,714	2,303	1,471	100.0	.0	14.0	47.7	23.3	14.9
Driving under the influence	8,034	0	956	3,859	1,960	1,259	100.0	.0	11.9	48.0	24.4	15.7
Hit-and-run	1,839	0	429	855	343	212	100.0	.0	23.3	46.5	18.7	11.5
All other	31,577	24	7,185	14,383	6,788	3,197	100.0	.1	22.8	45.5	21.5	10.1
Weapons	14,915	5	4,681	6,680	2,561	988	100.0	.0	31.4	44.8	17.2	6.6
Escape	1,078	0	222	556	239	61	100.0	.0	20.6	51.6	22.2	5.7
Bookmaking	810	0	3	93	153	561	100.0	.0	.4	11.5	18.9	69.3
Other	14,774	19	2,279	7,054	3,835	1,587	100.0	.1	15.4	47.7	26.0	10.7

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 31.

TABLE 31
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	469,982	403,300	66,682	183,022	151,665	31,357	132,912	118,822	14,090	136,769	118,017	18,752	17,279	14,796	2,483
Under 10	935	858	77	434	393	41	216	202	14	227	210	17	58	53	5
10-19	124,003	110,182	13,821	46,888	40,184	6,704	37,715	34,568	3,147	32,991	29,645	3,346	6,409	5,785	624
20-29	208,355	177,254	31,101	77,597	63,391	14,206	63,075	56,208	6,867	61,462	52,443	9,019	6,221	5,212	1,009
30-39	98,701	82,360	16,341	41,219	33,467	7,752	23,410	20,405	3,005	30,956	25,962	4,994	3,116	2,526	590
40 and over	37,988	32,646	5,342	16,884	14,230	2,654	8,496	7,439	1,057	11,133	9,757	1,376	1,475	1,220	255
Violent crimes	101,143	90,795	10,348	33,552	29,743	3,809	29,361	27,333	2,028	33,590	29,554	4,036	4,640	4,165	475
Under 10	97	90	7	34	30	4	21	21	0	37	34	3	5	5	0
10-19	20,704	18,822	1,882	5,546	4,961	585	6,415	5,979	436	7,540	6,756	784	1,203	1,126	77
20-29	45,060	40,303	4,757	14,347	12,622	1,725	14,197	13,224	973	14,740	12,880	1,860	1,776	1,577	199
30-39	24,120	21,502	2,618	8,936	7,928	1,008	6,181	5,737	444	7,923	6,901	1,022	1,080	936	144
40 and over	11,162	10,078	1,084	4,689	4,202	487	2,547	2,372	175	3,350	2,983	367	576	521	55
Homicide	3,032	2,727	305	908	774	134	957	907	50	1,009	902	107	158	144	14
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	618	586	32	116	102	14	227	216	11	242	236	6	33	32	1
20-29	1,382	1,256	126	359	318	41	481	460	21	474	416	58	68	62	6
30-39	645	554	91	252	208	44	167	153	14	191	165	26	35	28	7
40 and over	387	331	56	181	146	35	82	78	4	102	85	17	22	22	0
Forcible rape	4,523	4,503	20	1,344	1,340	4	1,379	1,377	2	1,583	1,569	14	217	217	0
Under 10	4	4	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
10-19	957	951	6	234	233	1	308	307	1	366	362	4	49	49	0
20-29	2,141	2,134	7	630	629	1	714	713	1	702	697	5	95	95	0
30-39	990	984	6	307	306	1	255	255	0	377	372	5	51	51	0
40 and over	431	430	1	171	170	1	101	101	0	137	137	0	22	22	0
Robbery	24,929	22,843	2,086	5,330	4,708	622	6,367	5,970	397	12,240	11,274	966	992	891	101
Under 10	22	22	0	8	8	0	4	4	0	9	9	0	1	1	0
10-19	7,905	7,352	553	1,438	1,309	129	2,241	2,117	124	3,757	3,493	264	469	433	36
20-29	11,506	10,485	1,021	2,352	2,026	326	2,998	2,808	190	5,809	5,348	461	347	303	44
30-39	4,372	3,944	428	1,170	1,026	144	890	825	65	2,173	1,971	202	139	122	17
40 and over	1,124	1,040	84	362	339	23	234	216	18	492	453	39	36	32	4
Assault	66,130	58,502	7,628	25,055	22,173	2,882	19,802	18,286	1,516	18,106	15,223	2,883	3,167	2,820	347
Under 10	69	63	6	22	19	3	16	16	0	27	24	3	4	4	0
10-19	10,832	9,591	1,241	3,642	3,222	420	3,511	3,224	287	3,049	2,554	495	630	591	39
20-29	28,658	25,213	3,445	10,559	9,286	1,273	9,492	8,764	728	7,391	6,089	1,302	1,216	1,074	142
30-39	17,554	15,525	2,029	6,960	6,178	782	4,702	4,348	354	5,063	4,286	777	829	713	116
40 and over	9,017	8,110	907	3,872	3,468	404	2,081	1,934	147	2,576	2,270	306	488	438	50
Kidnapping	2,529	2,220	309	915	748	167	856	793	63	652	586	66	106	93	13
Under 10	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	392	342	50	116	95	21	128	115	13	126	111	15	22	21	1
20-29	1,373	1,215	158	447	363	84	512	479	33	364	330	34	50	43	7
30-39	559	495	64	247	210	37	167	156	11	119	107	12	26	22	4
40 and over	203	167	36	103	79	24	49	43	6	43	38	5	8	7	1

TABLE 31 - continued
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Property crimes	187,679	157,308	30,371	77,570	63,540	14,030	53,313	46,851	6,462	48,794	40,273	8,521	8,002	6,644	1,358
Under 10	760	693	67	355	319	36	177	165	12	177	163	14	51	46	5
10-19	67,554	59,624	7,930	29,434	25,339	4,095	20,842	19,041	1,801	13,172	11,578	1,594	4,106	3,666	440
20-29	73,879	60,880	12,999	28,577	22,999	5,578	22,314	19,423	2,891	20,583	16,549	4,034	2,405	1,909	496
30-39	33,962	26,790	7,172	14,040	10,805	3,235	7,532	6,233	1,299	11,424	9,061	2,363	966	691	275
40 and over	11,524	9,321	2,203	5,164	4,078	1,086	2,448	1,989	459	3,438	2,922	516	474	332	142
Burglary	78,089	66,949	11,140	32,944	28,019	4,925	24,301	21,279	3,022	17,511	14,881	2,630	3,333	2,770	563
Under 10	573	515	58	258	228	30	145	135	10	131	117	14	39	35	4
10-19	32,990	29,245	3,745	15,919	13,938	1,981	10,282	9,347	935	4,889	4,276	613	1,900	1,684	216
20-29	28,707	24,388	4,319	10,670	9,048	1,622	9,846	8,510	1,336	7,329	6,142	1,187	862	688	174
30-39	12,358	10,037	2,321	4,710	3,737	973	3,170	2,618	552	4,115	3,429	686	363	253	110
40 and over	3,461	2,764	697	1,387	1,068	319	858	669	189	1,047	917	130	169	110	59
Theft	61,899	51,135	10,764	25,198	20,408	4,790	17,034	14,819	2,215	17,066	13,773	3,293	2,601	2,135	466
Under 10	84	79	5	38	36	2	21	19	2	19	19	0	6	5	1
10-19	17,529	15,502	2,027	7,214	6,221	993	5,603	5,136	467	3,593	3,150	443	1,119	995	124
20-29	25,630	20,797	4,833	9,991	7,931	2,060	7,410	6,389	1,021	7,335	5,761	1,574	894	716	178
30-39	13,372	10,439	2,933	5,633	4,342	1,291	2,826	2,306	520	4,549	3,527	1,022	364	264	100
40 and over	5,284	4,318	966	2,322	1,878	444	1,174	969	205	1,570	1,316	254	218	155	63
Motor vehicle theft	32,23-	29,085	3,149	11,384	9,902	1,482	9,555	8,952	603	9,905	8,964	941	1,390	1,267	123
Under 10	18	17	1	3	2	1	2	2	0	11	11	0	2	2	0
10-19	14,323	12,914	1,409	4,614	3,959	655	4,512	4,204	308	4,244	3,877	367	953	874	79
20-29	12,549	11,330	1,219	4,484	3,919	565	3,839	3,636	203	3,893	3,475	418	333	300	33
30-39	4,112	3,708	404	1,680	1,485	195	976	901	75	1,377	1,252	125	79	70	9
40 and over	1,232	1,116	116	603	537	66	226	209	17	380	349	31	23	21	2
Forgery, checks, credit cards	13,381	8,318	5,063	6,922	4,226	2,696	2,042	1,444	598	3,823	2,255	1,568	594	393	201
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	1,827	1,159	668	1,128	721	407	266	187	79	343	182	161	90	69	21
20-29	6,449	3,898	2,551	3,181	1,879	1,302	1,112	787	325	1,857	1,042	815	299	190	109
30-39	3,773	2,324	1,449	1,876	1,126	750	506	358	148	1,244	746	498	147	94	53
40 and over	1,332	937	395	737	500	237	158	112	46	379	285	94	58	40	18
Arson	2,076	1,821	255	1,122	985	137	381	357	24	489	400	89	84	79	5
Under 10	85	82	3	56	53	3	9	9	0	16	16	0	4	4	0
10-19	885	804	81	559	500	59	179	167	12	103	93	10	44	44	0
20-29	544	467	77	251	222	29	107	101	6	169	129	40	17	15	2
30-39	347	282	65	141	115	26	54	50	4	139	107	32	13	10	3
40 and over	215	186	29	115	95	20	32	30	2	62	55	7	6	6	0
Drug law violations	131,672	110,978	20,694	46,677	36,169	10,508	37,151	32,503	4,648	45,037	39,969	5,068	2,807	2,337	470
Under 10	6	6	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
10-19	25,121	21,966	3,155	6,839	5,300	1,539	7,237	6,509	728	10,460	9,649	811	585	508	77
20-29	68,118	57,168	10,950	24,048	18,530	5,518	20,505	17,949	2,556	22,219	19,582	2,637	1,346	1,107	239
30-39	29,522	24,370	5,152	12,268	9,546	2,722	7,205	6,167	1,038	9,366	8,094	1,272	683	563	120
40 and over	8,905	7,468	1,437	3,520	2,791	729	2,204	1,878	326	2,988	2,640	348	193	159	34

TABLE 31 - continued
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Narcotics	80,256	68,224	12,032	21,188	16,298	4,890	21,050	18,367	2,683	36,054	31,907	4,147	1,964	1,652	312
Under 10	5	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
10-19	14,856	13,129	1,727	2,572	1,930	642	3,083	2,741	342	8,805	8,108	697	396	350	46
20-29	40,802	34,451	6,351	10,886	8,256	2,630	11,323	9,936	1,387	17,654	15,484	2,170	939	775	164
30-39	18,659	15,549	3,110	5,975	4,669	1,306	4,924	4,208	716	7,269	6,261	1,008	491	411	80
40 and over	5,934	5,090	844	1,754	1,442	312	1,720	1,482	238	2,322	2,050	272	138	116	22
Marijuana	19,938	18,038	1,900	7,388	6,200	1,188	7,139	6,822	317	5,082	4,727	355	329	289	40
Under 10	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	5,199	4,805	394	1,740	1,513	227	2,119	2,026	93	1,236	1,169	67	104	97	7
20-29	10,182	9,298	884	3,523	2,982	541	3,892	3,756	136	2,622	2,437	185	145	123	22
30-39	3,555	3,092	463	1,599	1,300	299	918	850	68	980	892	88	58	50	8
40 and over	1,001	842	159	525	404	121	210	190	20	244	229	15	22	19	3
Dangerous drugs	29,915	23,571	6,344	17,371	13,201	4,170	8,787	7,180	1,607	3,277	2,823	454	480	367	113
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	4,903	3,905	998	2,462	1,814	648	2,001	1,710	291	358	322	36	82	59	23
20-29	16,511	12,953	3,558	9,378	7,130	2,248	5,220	4,203	1,017	1,664	1,423	241	249	197	52
30-39	6,762	5,329	1,433	4,404	3,380	1,024	1,312	1,074	238	923	783	140	123	92	31
40 and over	1,739	1,384	355	1,127	877	250	254	193	61	332	295	37	26	19	7
Other drug law violations	1,563	1,145	418	730	470	260	175	134	41	624	512	112	34	29	5
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	163	127	36	65	43	22	34	32	2	61	50	11	3	2	1
20-29	623	466	157	261	162	99	70	54	16	279	238	41	13	12	1
30-39	546	400	146	290	197	93	51	35	16	194	158	36	11	10	1
40 and over	231	152	79	114	68	46	20	13	7	90	66	24	7	5	2
Sex law violations	8,038	7,738	300	4,123	3,957	166	2,265	2,210	55	1,317	1,256	61	333	315	18
Under 10	48	46	2	28	28	0	12	10	2	7	7	0	1	1	0
10-19	2,054	1,965	89	978	931	47	591	569	22	415	397	18	70	68	2
20-29	2,201	2,094	107	987	921	66	702	691	11	418	389	29	94	93	1
30-39	2,006	1,944	62	1,085	1,054	31	525	511	14	304	293	11	92	86	6
40 and over	1,729	1,689	40	1,045	1,023	22	435	429	6	173	170	3	76	67	9
Lewd or lascivious	4,953	4,811	142	2,636	2,559	77	1,482	1,449	33	636	610	26	199	193	6
Under 10	39	37	2	23	23	0	10	8	2	6	6	0	0	0	0
10-19	1,320	1,258	62	666	633	33	371	355	16	240	229	11	43	41	2
20-29	1,147	1,107	40	534	508	26	422	417	5	142	134	8	49	48	1
30-39	1,248	1,225	23	683	674	9	366	359	7	142	137	5	57	55	2
40 and over	1,199	1,184	15	730	721	9	313	310	3	106	104	2	50	49	1
Other sex law violations	3,085	2,927	158	1,487	1,398	89	783	761	22	681	646	35	134	122	12
Under 10	9	9	0	5	5	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
10-19	734	707	27	312	298	14	220	214	6	175	168	7	27	27	0
20-29	1,054	987	67	453	413	40	280	274	6	276	255	21	45	45	0
30-39	758	719	39	402	380	22	159	152	7	162	156	6	35	31	4
40 and over	530	505	25	315	302	13	122	119	3	67	66	1	26	18	8

TABLE 31 - continued
FELONY ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Driving offenses	9,873	8,663	1,210	5,471	4,606	865	3,319	3,110	209	763	666	97	320	281	39
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	1,385	1,187	198	785	644	141	476	437	39	83	72	11	41	34	7
20-29	4,714	4,188	526	2,481	2,107	374	1,817	1,716	101	271	237	34	145	128	17
30-39	2,303	2,006	297	1,320	1,112	208	707	661	46	199	167	32	77	66	11
40 and over	1,471	1,282	189	885	743	142	319	296	23	210	190	20	57	53	4
Driving under the influence	8,034	7,013	1,021	4,697	3,935	762	2,503	2,346	157	590	517	73	244	215	29
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	956	810	146	618	507	111	280	255	25	33	28	5	25	20	5
20-29	3,859	3,404	455	2,157	1,814	343	1,389	1,315	74	197	170	27	116	105	11
30-39	1,960	1,702	258	1,154	969	185	580	540	40	165	141	24	61	52	9
40 and over	1,259	1,097	162	768	645	123	254	236	18	195	178	17	42	38	4
Hit-and-run	1,839	1,650	189	774	671	103	816	764	52	173	149	24	76	66	10
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	429	377	52	167	137	30	196	182	14	50	44	6	16	14	2
20-29	855	784	71	324	293	31	428	401	27	74	67	7	29	23	6
30-39	343	304	39	166	143	23	127	121	6	34	26	8	16	14	2
40 and over	212	185	27	117	98	19	65	60	5	15	12	3	15	15	0
All other felonies	31,577	27,818	3,759	15,629	13,650	1,979	7,503	6,815	688	7,268	6,299	969	1,177	1,054	123
Under 10	24	23	1	15	14	1	6	6	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
10-19	7,185	6,618	567	3,306	3,009	297	2,154	2,033	121	1,321	1,193	128	404	383	21
20-29	14,383	12,621	1,762	7,157	6,212	945	3,540	3,205	335	3,231	2,806	425	455	398	57
30-39	6,788	5,748	1,040	3,570	3,022	548	1,260	1,096	164	1,740	1,446	294	218	184	34
40 and over	3,197	2,808	389	1,581	1,393	188	543	475	68	974	852	122	99	88	11
Weapons	14,915	14,201	714	7,087	6,675	412	4,213	4,106	107	2,984	2,808	176	631	612	19
Under 10	5	4	1	2	1	1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	4,681	4,508	173	2,058	1,968	90	1,566	1,535	31	764	719	45	293	286	7
20-29	6,680	6,359	321	3,224	3,023	201	1,898	1,855	43	1,334	1,264	70	224	217	7
30-39	2,561	2,404	157	1,328	1,245	83	538	516	22	613	566	47	82	77	5
40 and over	988	926	62	475	438	37	208	197	11	273	259	14	32	32	0
Escape	1,078	936	142	584	502	82	321	278	43	141	129	12	32	27	5
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	222	201	21	128	111	17	48	45	3	39	38	1	7	7	0
20-29	556	475	81	285	245	40	186	158	28	65	57	8	20	15	5
30-39	239	203	36	130	109	21	72	60	12	32	29	3	5	5	0
40 and over	61	57	4	41	37	4	15	15	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
Bookmaking	810	628	182	243	200	43	72	64	8	467	342	125	28	22	6
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	3	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
20-29	93	47	46	29	19	10	10	9	1	46	14	32	8	5	3
30-39	153	103	50	50	36	14	14	12	2	81	49	33	8	7	1
40 and over	561	475	86	163	144	19	48	43	5	338	278	60	12	10	2
Other	14,774	12,053	2,721	7,715	6,273	1,442	2,897	2,367	530	3,676	3,020	656	486	393	93
Under 10	19	19	0	13	13	0	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
10-19	2,279	1,906	373	1,119	929	190	540	453	87	516	434	82	104	90	14
20-29	7,054	5,740	1,314	3,619	2,925	694	1,446	1,183	263	1,786	1,471	315	203	161	42
30-39	3,835	3,038	797	2,062	1,632	430	636	508	128	1,014	803	211	123	95	28
40 and over	1,587	1,350	237	902	774	128	272	220	52	358	310	48	55	46	9

TABLE 32
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Sex and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense	Number							Percent						
		Sex		Race/ethnic group					Sex		Race/ethnic group			
	Total	Male	Female	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Black	Other	Total	Male	Female	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Black	Other
TOTAL	1,299,222	1,092,735	206,487	678,145	377,814	185,403	57,860	100.0	84.1	15.9	52.2	29.1	14.3	4.5
Assault and battery	75,384	64,065	11,319	36,868	17,647	17,422	3,447	100.0	85.0	15.0	48.9	23.4	23.1	4.6
Petty theft	127,668	82,343	45,325	59,315	36,264	22,207	9,882	100.0	64.5	35.5	46.5	28.4	17.4	7.7
Checks and credit cards	1,404	829	575	917	133	293	61	100.0	59.0	41.0	65.3	9.5	20.9	4.3
Drug law violations	114,816	93,135	21,681	42,084	51,740	18,307	2,685	100.0	81.1	18.9	36.7	45.1	15.9	2.3
Marijuana	30,105	26,862	3,243	17,416	6,030	5,553	1,106	100.0	89.2	10.8	57.9	20.0	18.4	3.7
Other	84,711	66,273	18,438	24,668	45,710	12,754	1,579	100.0	78.2	21.8	29.1	54.0	15.1	1.9
Indecent exposure	2,796	2,592	204	1,677	582	414	123	100.0	92.7	7.3	60.0	20.8	14.8	4.4
Annoying children	636	534	102	333	136	131	36	100.0	84.0	16.0	52.4	21.4	20.6	5.7
Obscene matter	72	56	16	48	7	10	7	100.0	77.8	22.2	66.7	9.7	13.9	9.7
Lewd conduct	9,279	7,382	1,897	4,817	2,163	1,666	633	100.0	79.6	20.4	51.9	23.3	18.0	6.8
Prostitution	21,190	9,149	12,041	9,004	3,871	6,677	1,638	100.0	43.2	56.8	42.5	18.3	31.5	7.7
Drunk	203,517	184,156	19,361	104,528	63,389	26,731	8,869	100.0	90.5	9.5	51.4	31.1	13.1	4.4
Liquor laws	51,522	42,222	9,300	35,320	9,884	3,979	2,339	100.0	81.9	18.1	68.6	19.2	7.7	4.5
Disturbing the peace	14,417	11,853	2,564	7,305	3,542	2,871	699	100.0	82.2	17.8	50.7	24.6	19.9	4.8
Malicious mischief	21,310	19,043	2,267	11,869	4,829	3,523	1,089	100.0	89.4	10.6	55.7	22.7	16.5	5.1
Trespassing	27,886	24,728	3,158	12,410	10,602	3,889	985	100.0	88.7	11.3	44.5	38.0	13.9	3.5
Weapons	13,175	12,160	1,015	5,621	3,915	3,103	536	100.0	92.3	7.7	42.7	29.7	23.6	4.1
Driving under the influence	339,252	301,413	37,839	199,489	110,715	19,407	9,641	100.0	88.8	11.2	58.8	32.6	5.7	2.8
Hit-and-run	7,721	6,460	1,261	4,506	2,316	493	406	100.0	83.7	16.3	58.4	30.0	6.4	5.3
Selected traffic violations	87,080	76,600	10,480	48,468	17,285	17,914	3,413	100.0	88.0	12.0	55.7	19.8	20.6	3.9
Gambling	1,780	1,660	120	128	696	741	215	100.0	93.3	6.7	7.2	39.1	41.6	12.1
All other	178,317	152,355	25,962	93,438	38,098	35,625	11,156	100.0	85.4	14.6	52.4	21.4	20.0	6.3

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 35.

TABLE 33
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee

Offense	Number				Percent			
	Total	Under 20	20-29	30 and over	Total	Under 20	20-29	30 and over
TOTAL	1,299,222	240,900	559,438	498,884	100.0	18.5	43.1	38.4
Assault and battery	75,384	19,655	30,730	24,999	100.0	26.1	40.8	33.2
Petty theft	127,668	50,643	39,010	38,015	100.0	39.7	30.6	29.8
Checks and credit cards	1,404	129	666	609	100.0	9.2	47.4	43.4
Drug law violations	114,816	23,540	58,622	32,654	100.0	20.5	51.1	28.4
Marijuana	30,105	10,701	14,354	5,050	100.0	35.5	47.7	16.8
Other	84,711	12,839	44,268	27,604	100.0	15.2	52.3	32.6
Indecent exposure	2,796	524	1,220	1,052	100.0	18.7	43.6	37.6
Annoying children	636	82	221	333	100.0	12.9	34.7	52.4
Obscene matter	72	9	18	45	100.0	12.5	25.0	62.5
Lewd conduct	9,279	1,505	3,619	4,155	100.0	16.2	39.0	44.8
Prostitution	21,190	2,019	12,411	6,760	100.0	9.5	58.6	31.9
Drunk	203,517	17,644	73,875	111,998	100.0	8.7	36.3	55.0
Liquor laws	51,522	30,754	14,611	6,157	100.0	59.7	28.4	12.0
Disturbing the peace	14,417	5,909	5,126	3,382	100.0	41.0	35.6	23.5
Malicious mischief	21,310	12,100	5,681	3,529	100.0	56.8	26.7	16.6
Trespassing	27,886	8,679	13,356	5,851	100.0	31.1	47.9	21.0
Weapons	13,175	3,654	5,482	4,039	100.0	27.7	41.6	30.7
Driving under the influence	339,252	21,139	156,067	162,046	100.0	6.2	46.0	47.8
Hit-and-run	7,721	1,826	3,499	2,396	100.0	23.6	45.3	31.0
Selected traffic violations	87,080	11,082	51,294	24,704	100.0	12.7	58.9	28.4
Gambling	1,780	189	457	1,134	100.0	10.6	25.7	63.7
All other	178,317	29,818	83,473	65,026	100.0	16.7	46.8	36.5

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 35.

TABLE 34
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age of Arrestee

Offense	Number						Percent					
	Total	Under 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40 and over	Total	Under 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40 and over
TOTAL	1,299,222	2,311	238,589	559,438	305,390	193,494	100.0	.2	18.4	43.1	23.5	14.9
Assault and battery	75,384	197	19,458	30,730	16,597	8,402	100.0	.3	25.8	40.8	22.0	11.1
Petty theft	127,668	1,269	49,374	39,010	23,423	14,592	100.0	1.0	38.7	30.6	18.3	11.4
Checks and credit cards	1,404	0	129	666	399	210	100.0	.0	9.2	47.4	28.4	15.0
Drug law violations	114,816	11	23,529	58,622	26,393	6,261	100.0	.0	20.5	51.1	23.0	5.5
Marijuana	30,105	9	10,692	14,354	4,146	904	100.0	.0	35.5	47.7	13.8	3.0
Other	84,711	2	12,837	44,268	22,247	5,357	100.0	.0	15.2	52.3	26.3	6.3
Indecent exposure	2,796	1	523	1,220	635	417	100.0	.0	18.7	43.6	22.7	14.9
Annoying children	636	1	81	221	168	165	100.0	.2	12.7	34.7	26.4	25.9
Obscene matter	72	0	9	18	21	24	100.0	.0	12.5	25.0	29.2	33.3
Lewd conduct	9,279	5	1,500	3,619	2,349	1,806	100.0	.1	16.2	39.0	25.3	19.5
Prostitution	21,190	0	2,019	12,411	5,171	1,589	100.0	.0	9.5	58.6	24.4	7.5
Drunk	203,517	5	17,639	73,875	59,206	52,792	100.0	.0	8.7	36.3	29.1	25.9
Liquor laws	51,522	8	30,746	14,611	3,750	2,407	100.0	.0	59.7	28.4	7.3	4.7
Disturbing the peace	14,417	46	5,863	5,126	2,239	1,143	100.0	.3	40.7	35.6	15.5	7.9
Malicious mischief	21,310	516	11,584	5,681	2,489	1,040	100.0	2.4	54.4	26.7	11.7	4.9
Trespassing	27,886	131	8,548	13,356	4,032	1,819	100.0	.5	30.7	47.9	14.5	6.5
Weapons	13,175	12	3,642	5,482	2,517	1,522	100.0	.1	27.6	41.6	19.1	11.6
Driving under the influence	339,252	4	21,135	156,067	94,208	67,838	100.0	.0	6.2	46.0	27.8	20.0
Hit-and-run	7,721	0	1,826	3,499	1,295	1,101	100.0	.0	23.6	45.3	16.8	14.3
Selected traffic violations	87,080	1	11,081	51,294	18,292	6,412	100.0	.0	12.7	58.9	21.0	7.4
Gambling	1,780	0	189	457	433	701	100.0	.0	10.6	25.7	24.3	39.4
All other	178,317	104	29,714	83,473	41,773	23,253	100.0	.1	16.7	46.8	23.4	13.0

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 35.

TABLE 35
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	1,299,222	1,092,735	206,487	678,145	558,573	119,572	377,814	337,408	40,406	185,403	149,555	35,848	57,860	47,199	10,661
Under 10	2,311	2,025	286	1,096	964	132	517	449	68	526	459	67	172	153	19
10-19	238,589	191,990	46,599	132,027	104,140	27,887	65,856	56,029	9,827	29,270	22,614	6,656	11,436	9,207	2,229
20-29	559,438	472,907	86,531	275,424	228,678	46,746	184,944	166,907	18,037	77,053	59,203	17,850	22,017	18,119	3,898
30-39	305,390	258,149	47,241	157,663	130,329	27,334	82,621	74,075	8,546	50,332	41,747	8,585	14,774	11,998	2,776
40 and over	193,494	167,664	25,830	111,935	94,462	17,473	43,876	39,948	3,928	28,222	25,532	2,690	9,461	7,722	1,739
Assault and battery	75,384	64,065	11,319	36,868	31,045	5,823	17,647	15,475	2,172	17,422	14,592	2,830	3,447	2,953	494
Under 10	197	175	22	104	92	12	29	27	2	60	53	7	4	3	1
10-19	19,458	15,398	4,060	9,226	7,218	2,008	4,781	3,892	889	4,563	3,538	1,025	888	750	138
20-29	30,730	26,690	4,040	14,628	12,600	2,028	7,730	6,967	763	7,093	6,023	1,070	1,279	1,100	179
30-39	16,597	14,482	2,115	8,190	7,074	1,116	3,501	3,160	341	4,076	3,532	544	830	716	114
40 and over	8,402	7,320	1,082	4,720	4,061	659	1,606	1,429	177	1,630	1,446	184	446	384	62
Petty theft	127,668	82,343	45,325	59,315	38,106	21,209	36,264	24,369	11,895	22,207	13,928	8,279	9,882	5,940	3,942
Under 10	1,269	1,079	190	510	435	75	296	248	48	329	277	52	134	119	15
10-19	49,374	33,223	16,151	24,880	16,600	8,280	13,060	9,164	3,896	7,453	4,707	2,746	3,981	2,752	1,229
20-29	39,010	24,574	14,436	15,541	9,920	5,621	13,546	9,102	4,444	7,332	4,139	3,193	2,591	1,413	1,178
30-39	23,423	14,926	8,497	10,359	6,657	3,702	6,041	3,867	2,174	5,162	3,425	1,737	1,861	977	884
40 and over	14,592	8,541	6,051	8,025	4,494	3,531	3,321	1,988	1,333	1,931	1,380	551	1,315	679	636
Checks and credit cards	1,404	829	575	917	538	379	133	89	44	293	165	128	61	37	24
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	129	83	46	82	46	36	23	19	4	17	12	5	7	6	1
20-29	666	371	295	450	246	204	54	30	24	131	80	51	31	15	16
30-39	399	235	164	232	145	87	40	29	11	113	51	62	14	10	4
40 and over	210	140	70	153	101	52	16	11	5	32	22	10	9	6	3
Drug law violations	114,816	93,135	21,681	42,084	32,013	10,071	51,740	43,558	8,182	18,307	15,378	2,929	2,685	2,186	499
Under 10	11	9	2	5	4	1	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
10-19	23,529	19,444	4,085	9,169	7,234	1,935	11,310	9,571	1,739	2,529	2,216	313	521	423	98
20-29	58,622	46,738	11,884	20,615	15,254	5,361	27,887	23,196	4,691	8,790	7,213	1,577	1,330	1,075	255
30-39	26,393	21,394	4,999	10,388	7,931	2,457	9,909	8,377	1,532	5,426	4,544	882	670	542	128
40 and over	6,261	5,550	711	1,907	1,590	317	2,631	2,411	220	1,560	1,403	157	163	146	17
Marijuana	30,105	26,862	3,243	17,416	15,147	2,269	6,030	5,627	403	5,553	5,083	470	1,106	1,005	101
Under 10	9	7	2	4	3	1	2	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
10-19	10,692	9,377	1,315	6,239	5,316	923	2,494	2,271	223	1,635	1,501	134	324	289	35
20-29	14,354	12,996	1,358	8,206	7,271	935	2,781	2,650	131	2,824	2,578	246	543	497	46
30-39	4,146	3,679	467	2,470	2,127	343	623	584	39	866	795	71	187	173	14
40 and over	904	803	101	497	430	67	130	120	10	226	207	19	51	46	5
Other drug law violations	84,711	66,273	18,438	24,668	16,866	7,802	45,710	37,931	7,779	12,754	10,295	2,459	1,579	1,181	398
Under 10	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	12,837	10,067	2,770	2,930	1,918	1,012	8,816	7,300	1,516	894	715	179	197	134	63
20-29	44,268	33,742	10,526	12,409	7,983	4,426	25,106	20,546	4,560	5,966	4,635	1,331	787	578	209
30-39	22,247	17,715	4,532	7,918	5,804	2,114	9,286	7,793	1,493	4,560	3,749	811	483	369	114
40 and over	5,357	4,747	610	1,410	1,160	250	2,501	2,291	210	1,334	1,196	138	112	100	12
Indecent exposure	2,796	2,592	204	1,677	1,577	100	582	567	15	414	326	88	123	122	1
Under 10	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	523	488	35	347	321	26	90	88	2	61	55	6	25	24	1
20-29	1,220	1,091	129	690	638	52	274	267	7	204	134	70	52	52	0
30-39	635	601	34	369	351	18	140	135	5	102	91	11	24	24	0
40 and over	417	411	6	270	266	4	78	77	1	47	46	1	22	22	0

TABLE 35 - continued
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Annoying children	636	534	102	333	297	36	136	128	8	131	79	52	36	30	6
Under 10	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	81	69	12	40	36	4	15	15	0	22	15	7	4	3	1
20-29	221	161	60	86	69	17	56	52	4	69	32	37	10	8	2
30-39	168	143	25	92	80	12	35	32	3	28	21	7	13	10	3
40 and over	165	160	5	114	111	3	30	29	1	12	11	1	9	9	0
Obscene matter	72	56	16	48	40	8	7	5	2	10	8	2	7	3	4
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	9	8	1	5	5	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
20-29	18	11	7	10	6	4	2	2	0	4	3	1	2	0	2
30-39	21	16	5	14	12	2	3	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	0
40 and over	24	21	3	19	17	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	1
Lewd conduct	9,279	7,382	1,897	4,817	3,963	854	2,163	1,943	220	1,666	934	732	633	542	91
Under 10	5	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
10-19	1,500	1,212	288	576	449	127	437	388	49	349	245	104	138	130	8
20-29	3,619	2,504	1,115	1,668	1,209	459	920	808	112	817	318	499	214	169	45
30-39	2,349	1,941	408	1,286	1,068	218	529	483	46	363	247	116	171	143	28
40 and over	1,806	1,721	85	1,285	1,236	49	276	263	13	135	122	13	110	100	10
Prostitution	21,190	9,149	12,041	9,004	3,803	5,201	3,871	2,602	1,269	6,677	1,668	5,009	1,638	1,076	562
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	2,019	700	1,319	921	274	647	347	252	95	667	125	542	84	49	35
20-29	12,411	4,774	7,637	4,905	1,738	3,167	2,352	1,542	810	4,334	954	3,380	820	540	280
30-39	5,171	2,429	2,742	2,268	1,027	1,241	948	624	324	1,432	445	987	523	333	190
40 and over	1,589	1,246	343	910	764	146	224	184	40	244	144	100	211	154	57
Drunk	203,517	184,156	19,361	104,528	92,351	12,177	63,389	60,296	3,093	26,731	23,679	3,052	8,869	7,830	1,039
Under 10	5	4	1	2	2	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	17,639	15,386	2,253	9,629	8,090	1,539	6,414	5,933	481	926	791	135	670	572	98
20-29	73,875	67,089	6,786	35,127	31,173	3,954	27,234	26,069	1,165	8,254	6,960	1,294	3,260	2,887	373
30-39	59,206	53,193	6,013	30,582	26,895	3,687	16,198	15,358	840	9,600	8,459	1,141	2,826	2,481	345
40 and over	52,792	48,484	4,308	29,188	26,191	2,997	13,540	12,934	606	7,951	7,469	482	2,113	1,890	223
Liquor laws	51,522	42,222	9,300	35,320	28,127	7,193	9,884	8,669	1,215	3,979	3,525	454	2,339	1,901	438
Under 10	8	4	4	7	3	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	30,746	24,755	5,991	23,370	18,252	5,118	5,082	4,522	560	1,218	1,081	137	1,076	900	176
20-29	14,611	12,417	2,194	9,008	7,514	1,494	3,311	2,915	396	1,679	1,477	202	613	511	102
30-39	3,750	3,096	654	1,686	1,368	318	993	816	177	711	633	78	360	279	81
40 and over	2,407	1,950	457	1,249	990	259	497	415	82	371	334	37	290	211	79
Disturbing the peace	14,417	11,853	2,564	7,305	5,982	1,323	3,542	3,000	542	2,871	2,296	575	699	575	124
Under 10	46	34	12	23	18	5	15	8	7	8	8	0	0	0	0
10-19	5,863	4,700	1,163	2,748	2,190	558	1,633	1,323	310	1,170	920	250	312	267	45
20-29	5,126	4,367	759	2,676	2,295	381	1,233	1,088	145	1,003	805	198	214	179	35
30-39	2,239	1,839	400	1,157	930	227	476	423	53	480	393	87	126	93	33
40 and over	1,143	913	230	701	549	152	185	158	27	210	170	40	47	36	11
Malicious mischief	21,310	19,043	2,267	11,869	10,589	1,280	4,829	4,441	388	3,523	3,042	481	1,089	971	118
Under 10	516	487	29	315	301	14	110	101	9	68	62	6	23	23	0
10-19	11,584	10,420	1,164	6,731	5,971	760	2,812	2,593	219	1,443	1,309	134	598	547	51
20-29	5,681	5,066	615	2,950	2,659	291	1,282	1,197	85	1,174	971	203	275	239	36
30-39	2,489	2,177	312	1,263	1,128	135	470	419	51	632	527	105	124	103	21
40 and over	1,040	893	147	610	530	80	155	131	24	206	173	33	69	59	10

TABLE 35 - continued
MISDEMEANOR ARRESTS, 1986
Arrest Offense by Age, Sex, and Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Offense and age	Total			White (not Hispanic)			Hispanic			Black			Other		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Trespassing	27,886	24,728	3,158	12,410	10,360	2,050	10,602	10,135	467	3,889	3,403	486	985	830	155
Under 10	131	117	14	49	38	11	41	40	1	37	35	2	4	4	0
10-19	8,548	7,242	1,306	5,493	4,546	947	1,619	1,402	217	1,110	1,006	104	326	288	38
20-29	13,356	12,360	996	4,010	3,477	533	7,360	7,195	165	1,603	1,372	231	383	316	67
30-39	4,032	3,540	492	1,699	1,400	299	1,340	1,280	60	812	704	108	181	156	25
40 and over	1,819	1,469	350	1,159	899	260	242	218	24	327	286	41	91	66	25
Weapons	13,175	12,160	1,015	5,621	5,107	514	3,915	3,747	168	3,103	2,794	309	536	512	24
Under 10	12	12	0	6	6	0	1	1	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
10-19	3,642	3,376	266	1,391	1,274	117	1,120	1,066	54	961	872	89	170	164	6
20-29	5,482	5,087	395	2,242	2,049	193	1,732	1,662	70	1,285	1,167	118	223	209	14
30-39	2,517	2,280	237	1,234	1,094	140	718	689	29	471	406	65	94	91	3
40 and over	1,522	1,405	117	748	684	64	344	329	15	381	344	37	49	48	1
Driving under the influence	339,252	301,413	37,839	199,489	169,823	29,666	110,715	105,277	5,438	19,407	17,550	1,857	9,641	8,763	878
Under 10	4	4	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
10-19	21,135	18,930	2,205	12,602	10,818	1,784	7,693	7,333	360	453	427	26	387	352	35
20-29	156,067	140,006	16,061	87,200	74,651	12,549	58,401	55,906	2,495	6,354	5,688	666	4,112	3,761	351
30-39	94,208	82,738	11,470	55,240	46,502	8,738	29,608	27,904	1,704	6,272	5,545	727	3,088	2,787	301
40 and over	67,838	59,735	8,103	44,445	37,850	6,595	15,012	14,133	879	6,327	5,889	438	2,054	1,863	191
Hit-and-run	7,721	6,460	1,261	4,506	3,622	884	2,316	2,086	230	493	415	78	406	337	69
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	1,826	1,504	322	1,017	791	226	579	512	67	132	116	16	98	85	13
20-29	3,499	3,039	460	1,919	1,610	309	1,214	1,118	96	201	169	32	165	142	23
30-39	1,295	1,061	234	784	629	155	338	294	44	98	80	18	75	58	17
40 and over	1,101	856	245	786	592	194	185	162	23	62	50	12	68	52	16
Selected traffic violations	87,080	76,600	10,480	48,468	42,515	5,953	17,285	15,760	1,525	17,914	15,300	2,614	3,413	3,025	388
Under 10	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	11,081	10,232	849	7,090	6,540	550	2,155	2,051	104	1,440	1,270	170	396	371	25
20-29	51,294	44,903	6,391	28,504	24,955	3,549	10,881	9,958	923	9,953	8,259	1,694	1,956	1,731	225
30-39	18,292	15,738	2,554	9,577	8,117	1,460	3,159	2,774	385	4,792	4,184	608	764	663	101
40 and over	6,412	5,726	686	3,297	2,903	394	1,089	976	113	1,729	1,587	142	297	260	37
Gambling	1,780	1,660	120	128	94	34	696	679	17	741	724	17	215	163	52
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10-19	189	185	4	6	6	0	22	20	2	133	131	2	28	28	0
20-29	457	439	18	19	13	6	215	213	2	183	179	4	40	34	6
30-39	433	401	32	35	27	8	253	246	7	86	83	3	59	45	14
40 and over	701	635	66	68	48	20	206	200	6	339	331	8	88	56	32
All other	178,317	152,355	25,962	93,438	78,621	14,817	38,098	34,582	3,516	35,625	29,749	5,876	11,156	9,403	1,753
Under 10	104	93	11	69	60	9	15	15	0	14	14	0	6	4	2
10-19	29,714	24,635	5,079	16,704	13,479	3,225	6,662	5,883	779	4,622	3,777	845	1,726	1,496	230
20-29	83,473	71,220	12,253	43,176	36,602	6,574	19,260	17,620	1,640	16,590	13,260	3,330	4,447	3,738	709
30-39	41,773	35,919	5,854	21,208	17,894	3,314	7,922	7,164	758	9,673	8,375	1,298	2,970	2,486	484
40 and over	23,253	20,488	2,765	12,281	10,586	1,695	4,239	3,900	339	4,726	4,323	403	2,007	1,679	328

TABLE 36

DISPOSITIONS OF ADULT FELONY ARRESTS, 1981-1986

Type of Disposition by Number and Percent Distribution

Type of disposition	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Dispositions of felony arrests	205,168	100.0	203,805	100.0	201,158	100.0	210,398	100.0	240,978	100.0	258,832	100.0
Law enforcement releases	21,122	10.3	20,895	10.3	19,006	9.4	20,180	9.6	23,003	9.5	22,773	8.8
Complaints denied	31,312	15.3	37,010	18.2	37,215	18.5	35,498	16.9	39,732	16.5	47,807	18.5
Complaints granted	152,734	74.4	145,900	71.6	144,937	72.1	154,720	73.5	178,243	74.0	188,252	72.7
Misdemeanor	67,664	33.0	62,075	30.5	59,948	29.8	65,844	31.3	77,331	32.1	78,832	30.5
Felony	85,070	41.5	83,825	41.1	84,989	42.2	88,876	42.2	100,912	41.9	109,420	42.3
Lower court dispositions	100,793	49.1	93,960	46.1	92,063	45.8	97,757	46.5	110,109	45.7	113,419	43.8
Dismissed	29,689	14.5	28,593	14.0	28,160	14.0	29,527	14.0	32,799	13.6	34,882	13.5
Acquitted	482	.2	424	.2	309	.2	298	.1	339	.1	281	.1
Convicted	70,622	34.4	64,943	31.9	63,594	31.6	67,932	32.3	76,971	31.9	78,256	30.2
Sentence												
Youth Authority	21	.0	3	.0	5	.0	3	.0	3	.0	1	.0
Probation	21,740	10.6	18,683	9.2	16,257	8.1	16,391	7.8	17,949	7.4	14,839	5.7
Probation with jail	32,417	15.8	33,308	16.3	34,957	17.4	39,114	18.6	45,043	18.7	49,865	19.3
Jail	10,850	5.3	9,870	4.8	10,241	5.1	10,228	4.9	11,574	4.8	11,484	4.4
Fine	5,367	2.6	2,906	1.4	2,004	1.0	2,042	1.0	2,118	.9	1,871	.7
Other	227	.1	173	.1	130	.1	154	.1	284	.1	196	.1
Superior court dispositions	51,941	25.3	51,940	25.5	52,874	26.3	56,963	27.1	68,134	28.3	74,833	28.9
Dismissed	5,019	2.4	4,519	2.2	3,986	2.0	3,858	1.8	3,902	1.6	4,132	1.6
Acquitted	922	.4	921	.5	829	.4	770	.4	670	.3	667	.3
Convicted	46,000	22.4	46,500	22.8	48,059	23.9	52,335	24.9	63,562	26.4	70,034	27.1
Sentence												
Death	36	.0	38	.0	34	.0	27	.0	16	.0	21	.0
Prison	13,971	6.8	15,122	7.4	16,677	8.3	18,094	8.6	21,421	8.9	24,218	9.4
Youth Authority	1,907	.9	1,252	.6	464	.2	331	.2	225	.1	171	.1
Probation	4,821	2.3	4,919	2.4	5,017	2.5	5,091	2.4	4,978	2.1	4,434	1.7
Probation with jail	23,234	11.3	23,474	11.5	24,540	12.2	27,260	13.0	35,197	14.6	39,529	15.3
Jail	1,224	.6	1,152	.6	926	.5	944	.4	950	.4	912	.4
Fine	63	.0	36	.0	28	.0	26	.0	20	.0	28	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	438	.2	353	.2	357	.2	547	.3	678	.3	721	.3
State hospital[a,b]	294	.1	141	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other	12	.0	13	.0	16	.0	15	.0	77	.0	0	.0

[a]Confined to state hospital as a mentally disordered sex offender.

[b]Section 6300 of the Welfare and Institutions Code for mentally disordered sex offenders was repealed in 1981, effective January 1982.

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.

Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.

TABLE 37
ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1981-1986
By Type of Disposition

Type of disposition	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	205,168	100.0	203,805	100.0	201,158	100.0	210,398	100.0	240,978	100.0	258,832	100.0
Law enforcement releases	21,122	10.3	20,895	10.3	19,006	9.4	20,180	9.6	23,003	9.5	22,773	8.8
Complaints denied	31,312	15.3	37,010	18.2	37,215	18.5	35,498	16.9	39,732	16.5	47,807	18.5
Dismissed, acquitted	36,112	17.6	34,457	16.9	33,284	16.5	34,453	16.4	37,710	15.6	39,962	15.4
Convicted	116,622	56.8	111,443	54.7	111,653	55.5	120,267	57.2	140,533	58.3	148,290	57.3

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Source: Table 36.

TABLE 38
ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS, 1986
Arrest Offense Category by Type of Disposition

Type of disposition	Arrest offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	258,832	100.0	62,221	100.0	97,463	100.0	75,056	100.0	24,092	100.0
Law enforcement releases	22,773	8.8	6,992	11.2	9,023	9.3	5,655	7.5	1,103	4.6
Complaints denied	47,807	18.5	15,943	25.6	11,650	12.0	15,581	20.8	4,633	19.2
Dismissed, acquitted	39,962	15.4	9,632	15.5	11,776	12.1	15,571	20.7	2,983	12.4
Convicted	148,290	57.3	29,654	47.7	65,014	66.7	38,249	51.0	15,373	63.8

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.

TABLE 39
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1981-1986
By Convicted Offense Category and Type of Sentence

Convicted offense category and type of sentence	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL CONVICTIONS	116,622	100.0	111,443	100.0	111,653	100.0	120,267	100.0	140,533	100.0	148,290	100.0
State Institutions[a]	16,667	14.3	16,909	15.2	17,537	15.7	19,002	15.8	22,343	15.9	25,132	16.9
Probation[b]	32,230	27.6	26,730	24.0	23,452	21.0	23,719	19.7	25,426	18.1	21,368	14.4
Probation with jail	55,651	47.7	56,782	51.0	59,497	53.3	66,374	55.2	80,240	57.1	89,394	60.3
Jail	12,074	10.4	11,022	9.9	11,167	10.0	11,172	9.3	12,524	8.9	12,396	8.4
Violent crime convictions	21,289	100.0	19,015	100.0	17,397	100.0	17,586	100.0	19,968	100.0	23,528	100.0
State Institutions[a]	6,760	31.8	6,499	34.2	5,993	34.4	5,792	32.9	6,551	32.8	6,737	28.6
Probation[b]	3,843	18.1	3,025	15.9	2,489	14.3	2,456	14.0	2,542	12.7	2,800	11.9
Probation with jail	9,077	42.6	8,244	43.4	7,791	44.8	8,245	46.9	9,610	48.1	12,597	53.5
Jail	1,609	7.6	1,247	6.6	1,124	6.5	1,093	6.2	1,265	6.3	1,394	5.9
Property crime convictions	50,415	100.0	53,202	100.0	53,342	100.0	56,073	100.0	63,006	100.0	62,015	100.0
State Institutions[a]	7,264	14.4	7,706	14.5	8,018	15.0	8,662	15.4	9,818	15.6	10,308	16.6
Probation[b]	9,820	19.5	10,377	19.5	9,327	17.5	9,395	16.8	10,181	16.2	7,755	12.5
Probation with jail	27,930	55.4	29,604	55.6	30,396	57.0	32,619	58.2	37,116	58.9	38,133	61.5
Jail	5,401	10.7	5,515	10.4	5,601	10.5	5,397	9.6	5,891	9.3	5,819	9.4
Drug law violation convictions	15,832	100.0	14,884	100.0	17,112	100.0	20,706	100.0	28,788	100.0	35,913	100.0
State Institutions[a]	1,123	7.1	1,271	8.5	1,775	10.4	2,332	11.3	3,491	12.1	5,577	15.5
Probation[b]	5,398	34.1	3,787	25.4	3,426	20.0	3,486	16.8	3,673	12.8	3,211	8.9
Probation with jail	7,728	48.8	8,456	56.8	10,289	60.1	12,990	62.7	19,442	67.5	24,889	69.3
Jail	1,583	10.0	1,370	9.2	1,622	9.5	1,898	9.2	2,182	7.6	2,236	6.2

[a]State institutions include prison, Youth Authority, and California Rehabilitation Center. State hospital is included from 1981-1982.
[b]Probation includes straight probation, fine, and other (no sentence given and sentence suspended).
Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.
Source: Tables 41-46.

TABLE 40
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1986
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	148,290	100.0	23,528	100.0	62,015	100.0	35,913	100.0	26,834	100.0
State Institutions[a]	25,132	16.9	6,737	28.6	10,308	16.6	5,577	15.5	2,510	9.4
Probation[b]	21,368	14.4	2,800	11.9	7,755	12.5	3,211	8.9	7,602	28.3
Probation with jail	89,394	60.3	12,597	53.5	38,133	61.5	24,889	69.3	13,775	51.3
Jail	12,396	8.4	1,394	5.9	5,819	9.4	2,236	6.2	2,947	11.0

[a]State institutions include prison, Youth Authority, and California Rehabilitation Center.
[b]Probation includes straight probation, fine, and other (no sentence given and sentence suspended).
Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Source: Table 46.

TABLE 41
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1981
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	116,622	100.0	21,289	100.0	50,415	100.0	15,832	100.0	29,086	100.0
Lower court	70,622	60.6	9,678	45.5	28,675	56.9	8,342	52.7	23,927	82.3
Youth Authority	21	.0	2	.0	18	.0	0	.0	1	.0
Probation	21,740	18.6	2,770	13.0	7,079	14.0	2,143	13.5	9,748	33.5
Probation with jail	32,417	27.8	5,188	24.4	16,130	32.0	2,862	18.1	8,237	28.3
Jail	10,850	9.3	1,376	6.5	4,795	9.5	1,453	9.2	3,226	11.1
Fine	5,367	4.6	333	1.6	623	1.2	1,811	11.4	2,600	8.9
Other	227	.2	9	.0	30	.1	73	.5	115	.4
Superior court	46,000	39.4	11,611	54.5	21,740	43.1	7,490	47.3	5,159	17.7
Death	36	.0	36	.2	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	13,971	12.0	5,718	26.9	6,062	12.0	987	6.2	1,204	4.1
Youth Authority	1,907	1.6	925	4.3	858	1.7	63	.4	61	.2
Probation	4,821	4.1	724	3.4	2,070	4.1	1,340	8.5	687	2.4
Probation with jail	23,234	19.9	3,889	18.3	11,800	23.4	4,866	30.7	2,679	9.2
Jail	1,224	1.0	233	1.1	606	1.2	130	.8	255	.9
Fine	63	.1	4	.0	10	.0	31	.2	18	.1
California Rehabilitation Center	438	.4	29	.1	315	.6	72	.5	22	.1
State hospital[a]	294	.3	50	.2	11	.0	1	.0	232	.8
Other	12	.0	3	.0	8	.0	0	.0	1	.0

[a]Confined to state hospital as a mentally disordered sex offender.

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime and all other counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 42
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1982
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	111,443	100.0	19,015	100.0	53,202	100.0	14,884	100.0	24,342	100.0
Lower court	64,943	58.3	7,967	41.9	31,043	58.3	6,397	43.0	19,536	80.3
Youth Authority	3	.0	1	.0	2	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Probation	18,683	16.8	2,171	11.4	7,602	14.3	1,711	11.5	7,199	29.6
Probation with jail	33,308	29.9	4,540	23.9	17,858	33.6	2,914	19.6	7,996	32.8
Jail	9,870	8.9	1,049	5.5	4,965	9.3	1,198	8.0	2,658	10.9
Fine	2,906	2.6	193	1.0	581	1.1	546	3.7	1,586	6.5
Other	173	.2	13	.1	35	.1	28	.2	97	.4
Superior court	46,500	41.7	11,048	58.1	22,159	41.7	8,487	57.0	4,806	19.7
Death	38	.0	38	.2	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	15,122	13.6	5,839	30.7	6,856	12.9	1,166	7.8	1,261	5.2
Youth Authority	1,252	1.1	563	3.0	599	1.1	35	.2	55	.2
Probation	4,919	4.4	644	3.4	2,142	4.0	1,485	10.0	648	2.7
Probation with jail	23,474	21.1	3,704	19.5	11,746	22.1	5,542	37.2	2,482	10.2
Jail	1,152	1.0	198	1.0	550	1.0	172	1.2	232	1.0
Fine	36	.0	2	.0	11	.0	15	.1	8	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	353	.3	28	.1	247	.5	70	.5	8	.0
State hospital[a]	141	.1	30	.2	2	.0	0	.0	109	.4
Other	13	.0	2	.0	6	.0	2	.0	3	.0

[a]Confined to state hospital as a mentally disordered sex offender.

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime and all other counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 43
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1983
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	111,653	100.0	17,397	100.0	53,342	100.0	17,112	100.0	23,802	100.0
Lower court	63,594	57.0	7,300	42.0	31,280	58.6	6,568	38.4	18,446	77.5
Youth Authority	5	.0	0	.0	5	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Probation	16,257	14.6	1,806	10.4	6,654	12.5	1,480	8.6	6,317	26.5
Probation with jail	34,957	31.3	4,418	25.4	18,888	35.4	3,443	20.1	8,208	34.5
Jail	10,241	9.2	946	5.4	5,220	9.8	1,446	8.5	2,629	11.0
Fine	2,004	1.8	120	.7	483	.9	186	1.1	1,215	5.1
Other	130	.1	10	.1	30	.1	13	.1	77	.3
Superior court	48,059	43.0	10,097	58.0	22,062	41.4	10,544	61.6	5,356	22.5
Death	34	.0	34	.2	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	16,677	14.9	5,757	33.1	7,550	14.2	1,652	9.7	1,718	7.2
Youth Authority	464	.4	175	1.0	241	.5	23	.1	25	.1
Probation	5,017	4.5	543	3.1	2,149	4.0	1,735	10.1	590	2.5
Probation with jail	24,540	22.0	3,373	19.4	11,508	21.6	6,846	40.0	2,813	11.8
Jail	926	.8	178	1.0	381	.7	176	1.0	191	.8
Fine	28	.0	6	.0	6	.0	10	.1	6	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	357	.3	27	.2	222	.4	100	.6	8	.0
Other	16	.0	4	.0	5	.0	2	.0	5	.0

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime and all other counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 44
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1984
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	120,267	100.0	17,586	100.0	56,073	100.0	20,706	100.0	25,902	100.0
Lower court	67,932	56.5	7,660	43.6	33,176	59.2	7,780	37.6	19,316	74.6
Youth Authority	3	.0	0	.0	3	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Probation	16,391	13.6	1,799	10.2	6,658	11.9	1,578	7.6	6,356	24.5
Probation with jail	39,114	32.5	4,833	27.5	20,943	37.3	4,289	20.7	9,049	34.9
Jail	10,228	8.5	934	5.3	5,000	8.9	1,742	8.4	2,552	9.9
Fine	2,042	1.7	86	.5	540	1.0	155	.7	1,261	4.9
Other	154	.1	8	.0	32	.1	16	.1	98	.4
Superior court	52,335	43.5	9,926	56.4	22,897	40.8	12,926	62.4	6,586	25.4
Death	27	.0	27	.2	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	18,094	15.0	5,642	32.1	8,143	14.5	2,130	10.3	2,179	8.4
Youth Authority	331	.3	91	.5	189	.3	22	.1	29	.1
Probation	5,091	4.2	557	3.2	2,151	3.8	1,723	8.3	660	2.5
Probation with jail	27,260	22.7	3,412	19.4	11,676	20.8	8,701	42.0	3,471	13.4
Jail	944	.8	159	.9	397	.7	156	.8	232	.9
Fine	26	.0	3	.0	9	.0	10	.0	4	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	547	.5	32	.2	327	.6	180	.9	8	.0
Other	15	.0	3	.0	5	.0	4	.0	3	.0

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime and all other counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 45
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1985
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	140,533	100.0	19,968	100.0	63,006	100.0	28,788	100.0	28,771	100.0
Lower court	76,971	54.8	8,834	44.2	37,593	59.7	9,001	31.3	21,543	74.9
Youth Authority	3	.0	0	.0	2	.0	0	.0	1	.0
Probation	17,949	12.8	1,895	9.5	7,600	12.1	1,481	5.1	6,973	24.2
Probation with jail	45,043	32.1	5,712	28.6	23,867	37.9	5,298	18.4	10,166	35.3
Jail	11,574	8.2	1,096	5.5	5,504	8.7	1,999	6.9	2,975	10.3
Fine	2,118	1.5	105	.5	532	.8	193	.7	1,288	4.5
Other	284	.2	26	.1	88	.1	30	.1	140	.5
Superior court	63,562	45.2	11,134	55.8	25,413	40.3	19,787	68.7	7,228	25.1
Death	16	.0	16	.1	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	21,421	15.2	6,431	32.2	9,261	14.7	3,279	11.4	2,450	8.5
Youth Authority	225	.2	63	.3	126	.2	19	.1	17	.1
Probation	4,978	3.5	505	2.5	1,933	3.1	1,935	6.7	605	2.1
Probation with jail	35,197	25.0	3,898	19.5	13,249	21.0	14,144	49.1	3,906	13.6
Jail	950	.7	169	.8	387	.6	183	.6	211	.7
Fine	20	.0	2	.0	7	.0	9	.0	2	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	678	.5	41	.2	429	.7	193	.7	15	.1
Other	77	.1	9	.0	21	.0	25	.1	22	.1

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.
Property crime and all other counts have been revised and may not agree with previously published data.

TABLE 46
ADULT FELONY ARRESTEES CONVICTED, 1986
Convicted Offense Category by Type of Sentence

Type of sentence	Convicted offense category									
	Total		Violent crimes		Property crimes		Drug law violations		All other	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	148,290	100.0	23,528	100.0	62,015	100.0	35,913	100.0	26,834	100.0
Lower court	78,256	52.8	12,058	51.2	36,396	58.7	9,787	27.3	20,015	74.6
Youth Authority	1	.0	0	.0	0	.0	1	.0	0	.0
Probation	14,839	10.0	2,169	9.2	5,662	9.1	1,263	3.5	5,745	21.4
Probation with jail	49,865	33.6	8,470	36.0	24,886	40.1	6,284	17.5	10,225	38.1
Jail	11,484	7.7	1,260	5.4	5,451	8.8	2,023	5.6	2,750	10.2
Fine	1,871	1.3	140	.6	355	.6	191	.5	1,185	4.4
Other	196	.1	19	.1	42	.1	25	.1	110	.4
Superior court	70,034	47.2	11,470	48.8	25,619	41.3	26,126	72.7	6,819	25.4
Death	21	.0	21	.1	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Prison	24,218	16.3	6,627	28.2	9,786	15.8	5,318	14.8	2,487	9.3
Youth Authority	171	.1	39	.2	88	.1	35	.1	9	.0
Probation	4,434	3.0	470	2.0	1,689	2.7	1,723	4.8	552	2.1
Probation with jail	39,529	26.7	4,127	17.5	13,247	21.4	18,605	51.8	3,550	13.2
Jail	912	.6	134	.6	368	.6	213	.6	197	.7
Fine	28	.0	2	.0	7	.0	9	.0	10	.0
California Rehabilitation Center	721	.5	50	.2	434	.7	223	.6	14	.1
Other	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or subtotals because of rounding.
Annual data include dispositions processed through April of the following year and selected for the report file.

TABLE 47
STATUS OF ADULTS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1981-1986
Type of Supervision and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Type of supervision	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
TOTAL	234,612	251,903	283,205	318,427	346,269	375,364	60.0	8.4
State supervision[a]	48,397	55,809	64,439	73,685	84,767	97,111	100.7	14.6
Institutions	32,966	37,600	41,642	45,685	52,747	62,128	88.5	17.8
Prison	28,528	33,951	38,464	42,219	48,749	58,090	103.6	19.2
Youth Authority[b]	2,589	2,022	1,668	1,928	2,397	2,489	-3.9	3.8
California Rehabilitation Center	739	689	909	1,145	1,362	1,394	88.6	2.3
State hospital (mentally disordered sex offender)	1,110	938	601	393	239	155	-86.0	-35.1
Parole caseload	15,431	18,209	22,797	28,000	32,020	34,983	126.7	9.3
Prison	11,079	14,157	19,133	24,543	29,061	32,646	194.7	12.3
Youth Authority	3,107	3,283	3,016	2,641	2,054	1,432	-53.9	-30.3
California Rehabilitation Center (outpatient)	1,245	769	648	816	905	905	-27.3	.0
Local supervision	186,215	196,094	218,766	244,742	261,502	278,253	49.4	6.4
County and city jails and camps[c]	33,652	39,085	42,211	47,329	51,053	57,639	71.3	12.9
Sentenced	15,275	19,212	22,350	23,922	26,186	28,594	87.2	9.2
Not sentenced	18,377	19,843	19,861	23,407	24,867	29,045	58.1	16.8
County jails	25,438	29,241	31,546	35,272	39,183	45,348	78.3	15.7
Sentenced	8,711	11,022	13,635	14,236	15,949	18,803	115.9	17.9
Not sentenced	16,727	18,219	17,911	21,036	23,234	26,545	58.7	14.3
City jails	1,449	1,275	1,365	1,304	1,326	1,574	8.6	18.7
Sentenced	104	113	123	133	386	129	24.0	-66.6
Not sentenced	1,345	1,162	1,242	1,171	940	1,445	7.4	53.7
County and city camps	6,765	8,569	9,300	10,753	10,544	10,717	58.4	1.6
Sentenced	6,460	8,077	8,592	9,553	9,851	9,662	49.6	-1.9
Not sentenced	305	492	708	1,200	693	1,055	245.9	52.2
Active probation caseload[a]	152,563	157,009	176,555	197,413	210,449	220,614	44.6	4.8
Superior court	64,632	67,300	72,152	75,562	81,921	87,194	34.9	6.4
Lower court	87,931	89,709	104,403	121,851	128,528	133,420	51.7	3.8
Rate per 100,000 population at risk								
Total	1,322.1	1,384.5	1,525.9	1,686.0	1,803.5	1,903.4	44.0	5.5
State supervision	272.7	306.7	347.2	390.2	441.5	492.4	80.6	11.5
Institutions	185.8	206.7	224.4	241.9	274.7	315.0	69.5	14.7
Parole/outpatient caseload	87.0	100.1	122.8	148.3	166.8	177.4	103.9	6.4
Local supervision	1,049.4	1,077.8	1,178.7	1,295.9	1,362.0	1,411.0	34.5	3.6
County and city jails and camps	189.6	214.8	227.4	250.6	265.9	292.3	54.2	9.9
Active probation caseload	859.7	863.0	951.3	1,045.3	1,096.1	1,118.7	30.1	2.1

[a]Population or caseload count on December 31 of each year.
[b]Under Welfare and Institutions Code 1731.5(c), Department of Corrections commitments under the age of 21 can be transferred to the custody of the Youth Authority. In 1986, there were 1,416 inmates housed in the Youth Authority under 1731.5(c) WI.
[c]One-day count taken each year on the fourth Thursday in September.
Note: Rates may not add to the total or subtotal because of rounding.
Source: Prison, parole, and California Rehabilitation Center data are provided by the California Department of Corrections, mentally disordered sex offender data by the California Department of Mental Health, and Youth Authority data by the California Department of the Youth Authority.

TABLE 48
STATUS OF ADULTS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL SUPERVISION, 1981-1986
Percent Distribution of Type of Supervision

Type of supervision	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
State supervision	20.6	22.2	22.8	23.1	24.5	25.9
Local supervision	79.4	77.8	77.2	76.9	75.5	74.1
State supervision[a]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Institutions	68.1	67.4	64.6	62.0	62.2	64.0
Prison	58.9	60.8	59.7	57.3	57.5	59.8
Youth Authority	5.3	3.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.6
California Rehabilitation Center	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4
State hospital (mentally disordered sex offender)	2.3	1.7	.9	.5	.3	.2
Parole caseload	31.9	32.6	35.4	38.0	37.8	36.0
Prison	22.9	25.4	29.7	33.3	34.3	33.6
Youth Authority	6.4	5.9	4.7	3.6	2.4	1.5
California Rehabilitation Center (outpatient)	2.6	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.1	.9
Local supervision	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
County and city jails and camps[b]	18.1	19.9	19.3	19.3	19.5	20.7
Sentenced	8.2	9.8	10.2	9.8	10.0	10.3
Not sentenced	9.9	10.1	9.1	9.6	9.5	10.4
County jails	13.7	14.9	14.4	14.4	15.0	16.3
Sentenced	4.7	5.6	6.2	5.8	6.1	6.8
Not sentenced	9.0	9.3	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.5
City jails	.8	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6
Sentenced	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.0
Not sentenced	.7	.6	.6	.5	.4	.5
County and city camps	3.6	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.0	3.9
Sentenced	3.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.5
Not sentenced	.2	.2	.3	.5	.3	.4
Active probation caseload[a]	81.9	80.1	80.7	80.7	80.5	79.3
Superior court	34.7	34.3	33.0	30.9	31.3	31.3
Lower court	47.2	45.7	47.7	49.8	49.1	47.9

[a]Population or caseload count on December 31 of each year.
[b]One-day count taken each year on the fourth Thursday in September.
Notes: Percent distributions were calculated from data presented in Table 47.
Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.
Source: Prison and California Rehabilitation Center data are provided by the California Department of Corrections, mentally disordered sex offender data by the California Department of Mental Health, and Youth Authority data by the California Department of the Youth Authority.

TABLE 49
ADULT PROBATION ACTIVE CASELOADS ON DECEMBER 31, 1981-1986
Type of Court

Year	Total		Superior court		Lower court	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1986	220,614	100.0	87,194	39.5	133,420	60.5
1985	210,449	100.0	81,921	38.9	128,528	61.1
1984	197,413	100.0	75,562	38.3	121,851	61.7
1983	176,555	100.0	72,152	40.9	104,403	59.1
1982	157,009	100.0	67,300	42.9	89,709	57.1
1981	152,563	100.0	64,632	42.4	87,931	57.6
Percent change in number						
1981 to 1986	44.6		34.9		51.7	
1985 to 1986	4.8		6.4		3.8	

TABLE 50
ADULTS PLACED ON AND REMOVED FROM PROBATION, 1981-1986
Type of Court and Reason for Removal
Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Type of court and reason for removal	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
Placed on probation														
Total	92,207	100.0	98,028	100.0	103,622	100.0	103,575	100.0	111,529	100.0	126,252	100.0	36.9	13.2
Superior court	33,115	35.9	34,429	35.1	38,089	36.8	42,014	40.6	47,053	42.2	54,403	43.1	64.3	15.6
Lower court	59,092	64.1	63,599	64.9	65,533	63.2	61,561	59.4	64,476	57.8	71,849	56.9	21.6	11.4
Removed from probation														
Total	90,691	100.0	93,712	100.0	94,700	100.0	86,636	100.0	96,944	100.0	116,140	100.0	28.1	19.8
Superior court	30,183	33.3	31,572	33.7	33,734	35.6	36,889	42.6	40,727	42.0	49,120	42.3	62.7	20.6
Lower court	60,508	66.7	62,140	66.3	60,966	64.4	49,747	57.4	56,217	58.0	67,020	57.7	10.8	19.2
Terminated	59,001	65.1	60,199	64.2	59,403	62.7	48,654	56.2	55,272	57.0	66,263	57.1	12.3	19.9
Superior court	18,261	20.1	19,108	20.4	20,040	21.2	19,624	22.7	21,279	21.9	23,906	20.6	30.9	12.3
Lower court	40,740	44.9	41,091	43.8	39,363	41.6	29,030	33.5	33,993	35.1	42,357	36.5	4.0	24.6
Violated	27,657	30.5	29,701	31.7	30,321	32.0	32,253	37.2	36,208	37.3	42,575	36.7	53.9	17.6
Superior court	10,114	11.2	10,799	11.5	11,371	12.0	15,240	17.6	17,251	17.8	21,451	18.5	112.1	24.3
Lower court	17,543	19.3	18,902	20.2	18,950	20.0	17,013	19.6	18,957	19.6	21,124	18.2	20.4	11.4
Other[a]	4,033	4.4	3,812	4.1	4,976	5.3	5,729	6.6	5,464	5.6	7,302	6.3	81.1	33.6
Superior court	1,808	2.0	1,665	1.8	2,323	2.5	2,025	2.3	2,197	2.3	3,763	3.2	108.1	71.3
Lower court	2,225	2.5	2,147	2.3	2,653	2.8	3,704	4.3	3,267	3.4	3,539	3.0	59.1	8.3
Rate per 100,000 population at risk														
Total adults placed on probation	519.6		538.8		558.3		548.4		580.9		640.2		23.2	10.2
Superior court	186.6		189.2		205.2		222.5		245.1		275.9		47.9	12.6
Lower court	333.0		349.6		353.1		326.0		335.8		364.3		9.4	8.5

[a]"Other" includes transfers of jurisdiction from one county to another, deaths, sentences vacated, appeals, etc.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals and rates may not add to the total because of rounding.

TABLE 51
ADULTS COMMITTED TO PRISON, CALIFORNIA REHABILITATION CENTER, AND YOUTH AUTHORITY, 1981-1986
Type of Commitment and Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk

Type of commitment	Number						Percent						Percent change	
	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	19,290	20,023	23,078	23,544	28,555	32,028	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	66.0	12.2
Newly received from court	17,482	17,739	19,861	19,515	23,475	26,217	90.6	88.6	86.1	82.9	82.2	81.9	50.0	11.7
Parolees/outpatients returned with new commitment	1,808	2,284	3,217	4,029	5,080	5,811	9.4	11.4	13.9	17.1	17.8	18.1	221.4	14.4
Prison	15,601	18,163	21,559	21,532	25,906	29,322	86.1	90.7	93.4	91.5	90.7	91.6	76.6	13.2
Newly received from court	14,901	15,932	18,401	17,552	20,864	23,532	77.2	79.6	79.7	74.4	73.1	73.5	57.9	12.8
Parolees returned with new commitment	1,700	2,231	3,158	3,980	5,042	5,790	8.8	11.1	13.7	16.9	17.7	18.1	240.6	14.8
California Rehabilitation Center[a]	695	744	815	876	1,075	1,181	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	69.9	9.9
Newly received from court	668	722	800	875	1,068	1,176	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	76.0	10.1
Outpatients returned with new commitment	27	22	15	1	7	5	.1	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	--	--
Youth Authority	1,994	1,116	704	1,136	1,574	1,525	10.3	5.6	3.0	4.8	5.5	4.8	-23.5	-3.1
Newly received from court[b]	1,913	1,085	660	426	308	247	9.9	5.4	2.9	1.8	1.1	.8	-87.1	-19.8
Newly received from court, 1731.5(c) WI[c]	--	--	--	662	1,235	1,262	--	--	--	2.8	4.3	3.9	--	2.2
Parolees returned with new commitment[d]	81	31	44	48	31	16	.4	.2	.2	.2	.1	.0	-80.2	--
Rate per 100,000 population at risk														
Total	108.7	110.1	124.3	124.7	148.7	162.4							49.4	9.2
Prison	93.6	99.8	116.2	114.0	134.9	148.7							58.9	10.2
California Rehabilitation Center	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.6	6.0							53.8	7.1
Youth Authority	11.2	6.1	3.8	6.0	8.2	7.7							-31.3	-6.1

[a] Includes civil narcotic addicts newly received from court with a felony charge and returned from outpatient status with a new felony charge.
[b] Includes first commitments of adults from criminal courts.
[c] Under Welfare and Institutions Code 1731.5(c), persons sentenced to the Department of Corrections and transferred to the custody of the Youth Authority.
[d] Includes commitments of adults from criminal court who had previous Youth Authority commitments and who may have been under Youth Authority jurisdiction at the time of the new commitment.

Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals and rates may not add to the total because of rounding.
Dash indicates either not applicable or percent changes from one given year to a subsequent year are not calculated when the given base year number is less than 50.
Unit of count for prison and California Rehabilitation Center is persons received by the California Department of Corrections.
Unit of count for Youth Authority is persons coming under their jurisdiction from criminal court.

Sources: California Department of Corrections, Offender Information Services, Policy and Planning Division; and California Department of the Youth Authority.

TABLE 52
LAW ENFORCEMENT DISPOSITIONS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1981-1986
Sex of Arrestee and Disposition by Offense Level

Sex of arrestee, disposition, and offense level	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change 1981-1986	Percent change 1985-1986
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
TOTAL	265,870	100.0	243,249	100.0	218,126	100.0	222,047	100.0	230,961	100.0	235,880	100.0	-11.3	2.1
Male	211,847	79.7	193,184	79.4	172,160	78.9	173,620	78.2	181,517	78.6	185,406	78.6	-12.5	2.1
Female	54,023	20.3	50,065	20.6	45,966	21.1	48,427	21.8	49,444	21.4	50,474	21.4	-6.6	2.1
Handled within department	93,065	35.0	84,653	34.8	75,333	34.5	73,577	33.1	75,423	32.7	74,484	31.6	-20.0	-1.2
To other agency[a]	2,960	1.1	2,375	1.0	2,427	1.1	4,863	2.2	4,791	2.1	2,442	1.0	-17.5	-49.0
Referred to juvenile court or probation department	169,845	63.9	156,221	64.2	140,366	64.4	143,607	64.7	150,747	65.3	158,954	67.4	-6.4	5.4
Felony	93,027	100.0	84,436	100.0	71,188	100.0	68,989	100.0	73,521	100.0	76,192	100.0	-18.1	3.6
Handled within department	21,977	23.6	18,708	22.2	14,856	20.9	13,851	20.1	15,044	20.5	15,546	20.4	-29.3	3.3
To other agency[a]	1,062	1.1	837	1.0	871	1.2	1,546	2.2	1,503	2.0	922	1.2	-13.2	-38.7
Referred to juvenile court or probation department	69,988	75.2	64,891	76.9	55,461	77.9	53,592	77.7	56,974	77.5	59,724	78.4	-14.7	4.8
Misdemeanor	145,390	100.0	134,772	100.0	124,421	100.0	126,334	100.0	131,667	100.0	134,411	100.0	-7.6	2.1
Handled within department	55,329	38.1	51,554	38.3	46,980	37.8	43,861	34.7	46,285	35.2	45,294	33.7	-18.1	-2.1
To other agency[a]	1,304	.9	1,144	.8	1,062	.9	2,457	1.9	2,380	1.8	1,092	.8	-16.3	-54.1
Referred to juvenile court or probation department	88,757	61.0	82,074	60.9	76,379	61.4	80,016	63.3	83,002	63.0	88,025	65.5	-.8	6.1
Status offenses	27,453	100.0	24,041	100.0	22,517	100.0	26,724	100.0	25,773	100.0	25,277	100.0	-7.9	-1.9
Handled within department	15,759	57.4	14,391	59.9	13,497	59.9	15,865	59.4	14,094	54.7	13,644	54.0	-13.4	-3.2
To other agency[a]	594	2.2	394	1.6	494	2.2	860	3.2	908	3.5	428	1.7	-27.9	-52.9
Referred to juvenile court or probation department	11,100	40.4	9,256	38.5	8,526	37.9	9,999	37.4	10,771	41.8	11,205	44.3	.9	4.0

[a]Design changes in the San Diego County Automated Regional Justice Information System caused data fluctuations in the number of juvenile arrestees released to other jurisdictions by the San Diego Police Department in 1984 and 1985.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 53
NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENTS, 1981-1986
Source of Referral, Disposition, and Sex

Source of referral, type of disposition, and sex	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	139,205	100.0	126,181	100.0	116,893	100.0	113,522	100.0	120,468	100.0	124,838	100.0	-10.3	3.6
Source of referral														
Law enforcement	128,127	92.0	115,595	91.6	107,158	91.7	103,599	91.3	109,702	91.1	112,542	90.2	-12.2	2.6
Schools	1,215	.9	1,201	1.0	1,214	1.0	1,458	1.3	1,893	1.6	2,170	1.7	78.6	14.6
Parents	654	.5	705	.6	666	.6	556	.5	487	.4	403	.3	-39.3	-17.2
Other and unknown	9,199	6.6	8,680	6.9	7,855	6.7	7,909	7.0	8,386	7.0	9,723	7.8	5.7	15.9
Disposition														
Closed, transferred	76,140	54.7	67,607	53.6	59,728	51.1	57,444	50.6	61,022	50.7	65,632	52.6	-13.8	7.6
Informal probation	17,441	12.5	15,411	12.2	15,313	13.1	15,769	13.9	17,654	14.7	17,363	13.9	-.4	-1.6
Petition filed	45,624	32.8	43,163	34.2	41,852	35.8	40,309	35.5	41,792	34.7	41,843	33.5	-8.3	.1
Sex														
Male	109,063	78.3	98,246	77.9	90,400	77.3	87,440	77.0	92,699	76.9	96,001	76.9	-12.0	3.6
Female	30,142	21.7	27,935	22.1	26,493	22.7	26,082	23.0	27,769	23.1	28,837	23.1	-4.3	3.8

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 54
JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF NEW PETITIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition

Type of disposition	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	45,624	100.0	43,163	100.0	41,852	100.0	40,309	100.0	41,792	100.0	41,843	100.0	-8.3	.1
Dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court	11,428	25.0	10,376	24.0	9,133	21.8	9,011	22.4	8,970	21.5	9,593	22.9	-16.1	6.9
Dismissed, transferred	11,053	24.2	10,063	23.3	8,921	21.3	8,861	22.0	8,807	21.1	9,440	22.6	-14.6	7.2
Remanded to adult court	375	.8	313	.7	212	.5	150	.4	163	.4	153	.4	-59.2	-6.1
Non-ward probation[a]	2,770	6.1	2,337	5.4	2,122	5.1	2,047	5.1	2,178	5.2	2,012	4.8	-27.4	-7.6
Formal probation	30,805	67.5	29,890	69.2	30,097	71.9	28,785	71.4	30,231	72.3	29,698	71.0	-3.6	-1.8
Committed to Youth Authority	621	1.4	560	1.3	500	1.2	466	1.2	413	1.0	540	1.3	-13.0	30.8

[a]Includes both 654 and 725a Welfare and Institutions Codes.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.

TABLE 55
JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF NEW PETITIONS, 1986
Offense Level by Type of Disposition

Type of disposition	Total		Offense level					
			Felony		Misdemeanor		Status offenses	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	41,843	100.0	25,715	100.0	15,387	100.0	741	100.0
Dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court	9,593	22.9	5,352	20.8	3,985	25.9	256	34.5
Non-ward probation[a]	2,012	4.8	929	3.6	1,073	7.0	10	1.3
Formal probation	29,698	71.0	18,929	73.6	10,294	66.9	475	64.1
Committed to Youth Authority	540	1.3	505	2.0	35	.2	0	.0

[a]Includes both 654 and 725a Welfare and Institutions Codes.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 56
PROBATION DEPARTMENT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT REFERRALS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition
54 Counties[a]

Type of disposition	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	23,150	100.0	26,364	100.0	25,756	100.0	24,266	100.0	25,848	100.0	26,871	100.0	16.1	4.0
Closed, transferred	5,563	24.0	6,254	23.7	6,050	23.5	5,225	21.5	5,820	22.5	6,065	22.6	9.0	4.2
Informal probation[b]	—	—	212	.8	238	.9	187	.8	205	.8	254	.9	—	23.9
Petition filed	17,587	76.0	19,898	75.5	19,468	75.6	18,854	77.7	19,823	76.7	20,552	76.5	16.9	3.7

[a]Data are not available for Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties for 1981-1986 and Alameda County for 1981-1984; therefore all data shown are for 54 counties only.
[b]Data are not available for 1981.

TABLE 57
JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1981-1986
Type of Disposition
54 Counties[a]

Type of disposition	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	17,587	100.0	19,898	100.0	19,468	100.0	18,854	100.0	19,823	100.0	20,552	100.0	16.9	3.7
Dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court	2,870	16.3	2,856	14.4	2,888	14.8	2,646	14.0	2,914	14.7	3,068	14.9	6.9	5.3
Dismissed, transferred	2,754	15.7	2,744	13.8	2,804	14.4	2,574	13.7	2,870	14.5	3,019	14.7	9.6	5.2
Remanded to adult court	116	.7	112	.6	84	.4	72	.4	44	.2	49	.2	-57.8	11.4
Non-ward probation[b]	130	.7	241	1.2	225	1.2	181	1.0	194	1.0	177	.9	36.2	-8.8
Formal probation	13,615	77.4	15,810	79.5	15,300	78.6	15,173	80.5	15,757	79.5	16,386	79.7	20.4	4.0
Committed to Youth Authority	972	5.5	991	5.0	1,055	5.4	854	4.5	958	4.8	921	4.5	-5.2	-3.9

[a]Data are not available for Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties for 1981-1986 and Alameda County for 1981-1984; therefore all data shown are for 54 counties only.
[b]Includes both 654 and 725a Welfare and Institutions Codes.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 or to subtotals because of rounding.

TABLE 58
JUVENILE COURT DISPOSITIONS OF SUBSEQUENT PETITIONS, 1986
Offense Level by Type of Disposition
54 Counties[a]

Type of disposition	Total		Offense level					
			Felony		Misdemeanor		Status offenses	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	20,552	100.0	6,176	100.0	14,221	100.0	155	100.0
Dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court	3,068	14.9	787	12.7	2,254	15.8	27	17.4
Non-ward probation[b]	177	.9	46	.7	127	.9	4	2.6
Formal probation	16,386	79.7	4,741	76.8	11,521	81.0	124	80.0
Committed to Youth Authority	921	4.5	602	9.7	319	2.2	0	.0

[a]Data for Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties are not included.
[b]Includes both 654 and 725a Welfare and Institutions Codes.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 59
JUVENILE PROBATION CASELOAD, 1981-1986
Type of Probation

Type of probation	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL[a]	54,609	100.0	60,612	100.0	67,236	100.0	71,386	100.0	78,812	100.0	61,644	100.0	12.9	-21.8
Informal	6,742	12.3	7,430	12.3	6,999	10.4	7,291	10.2	8,543	10.8	6,332	10.3	-6.1	-25.9
Non-ward	1,142	2.1	1,105	1.8	1,132	1.7	1,132	1.6	1,242	1.6	1,376	2.2	20.5	10.8
Formal	46,725	85.6	52,077	85.9	59,105	87.9	62,963	88.2	69,027	87.6	53,936	87.5	15.4	-21.9

[a]Cases pending court actions are not included. One-day count taken on December 31 of each year.
Notes: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
In 1986, a new survey form was developed by BCS to collect juvenile probation caseload data (see Data Limitations).

TABLE 60
JUVENILES IN COUNTY-OPERATED DETENTION FACILITIES, 1981-1986
Type of Facility by Sex

Type of facility by sex	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986		Percent change	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	7,092	100.0	7,508	100.0	7,542	100.0	8,252	100.0	8,474	100.0	8,598	100.0	21.2	1.5
Nonsecure	2,275	32.1	2,252	30.0	2,605	34.5	2,600	31.5	2,675	31.6	2,791	32.5	22.7	4.3
Secure	4,817	67.9	5,256	70.0	4,937	65.5	5,652	68.5	5,799	68.4	5,807	67.5	20.6	.1
Male	6,283	88.6	6,759	90.0	6,672	88.5	7,219	87.5	7,484	88.3	7,624	88.7	21.3	1.9
Female	809	11.4	749	10.0	870	11.5	1,033	12.5	990	11.7	974	11.3	20.4	-1.6
Nonsecure	2,275	100.0	2,252	100.0	2,605	100.0	2,600	100.0	2,675	100.0	2,791	100.0	22.7	4.3
Male	2,164	95.1	2,169	96.3	2,501	96.0	2,456	94.5	2,516	94.1	2,537	90.9	17.2	.8
Female	111	4.9	83	3.7	104	4.0	144	5.5	159	5.9	254	9.1	128.8	59.7
Secure	4,817	100.0	5,256	100.0	4,937	100.0	5,652	100.0	5,799	100.0	5,807	100.0	20.6	.1
Male	4,119	85.5	4,590	87.3	4,171	84.5	4,763	84.3	4,968	85.7	5,087	87.6	23.5	2.4
Female	698	14.5	666	12.7	766	15.5	889	15.7	831	14.3	720	12.4	3.2	-13.4

Note: One-day count taken on the fourth Thursday in September.

TABLE 61
FIRST COMMITMENTS TO CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY FROM JUVENILE COURT, 1981-1986

	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	Percent change	
							1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL[a]	2,170	2,231	2,231	2,128	2,213	2,326	7.2	5.1

[a]Includes juveniles committed to CYA for the first time and juveniles who, after discharge, have received another commitment for a subsequent offense.
Source: California Department of the Youth Authority.

TABLE 62
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86
Agency and Expenditures by Fiscal Year
(Data Shown in Thousands of Dollars)

Agency	Fiscal year						Percent change	
	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86	1980/81-1985/86	1984/85-1985/86
TOTAL[a]	$4,362,811	$4,954,317	$5,355,311	$5,878,081	$6,679,904	$7,486,696	71.6	12.1
Law enforcement	2,400,827	2,741,479	2,981,519	3,256,388	3,591,614	3,888,570	62.0	8.3
California Highway Patrol	295,087	308,135	305,840	345,922	402,971	432,520	46.6	7.3
Police departments	1,530,328	1,798,388	1,969,917	2,140,203	2,380,733	2,582,084	68.7	8.5
Sheriffs' departments	565,706	623,688	693,159	754,452	790,189	853,411	50.9	8.0
California State Police	9,706	11,268	12,603	15,811	17,721	20,555	111.8	16.0
Prosecution	231,873	260,176	280,884	307,483	343,958	383,142	65.2	11.4
Public defense	84,066	96,737	111,941	119,559	138,085	157,113	86.9	13.8
Courts	274,266	316,690	349,700	374,582	435,454	487,530	77.8	12.0
Superior	111,509	130,039	146,439	156,194	164,298	188,057	68.6	14.5
Municipal	152,276	174,065	190,079	204,914	255,924	283,663	86.3	10.8
Justice	10,481	12,586	13,182	13,474	15,232	15,810	50.8	3.8
Court-related	131,561	151,848	166,324	176,512	227,007	265,463	101.8	16.9
Constables and marshals	44,602	52,524	57,979	62,834	118,394	134,585	201.7	13.7
Court reporters and transcripts	1,710	2,130	1,849	1,729	8,936	16,172	845.7	81.0
County clerks	62,552	70,524	75,227	75,489	85,078	89,138	42.5	4.8
Grand juries	2,240	2,479	2,559	2,661	3,134	3,321	48.3	6.0
Law libraries	216	132	177	156	44	0	-100.0	-
All other[b]	20,241	24,059	28,533	33,643	11,421	22,247	9.9	94.8
Corrections	1,240,218	1,387,387	1,464,943	1,643,557	1,943,786	2,304,878	85.8	18.6
Jail and rehabilitation	262,392	309,547	346,363	387,353	461,347	536,707	104.5	16.3
Probation departments	354,931	380,006	390,493	408,482	433,196	476,602	34.3	10.0
Department of Corrections	400,813	463,274	496,387	604,271	778,317	990,064	147.0	27.2
Youth Authority	222,082	234,560	231,700	243,451	270,926	301,505	35.8	11.3

[a]Expenditures include salaries and employee benefits, services, and supplies. Monies spent for building construction or derived from federal and state grants are not included.
[b]Includes cost for Juvenile Justice Commission, Delinquency Prevention Commission, jurors and interpreters, examination of the insane, juvenile court referees, jury commissioners, and other court-related expenses.
Notes: In Fiscal Year 1984/85 the State Controller's Office revised its method of data collection which impacted various subcategories.
As a result of additional information, 1984/85 California State Police, prosecution, superior court, municipal court, constables and marshals, court reporters and transcripts, and county clerks have been revised from previously published data.
Expenditure data for the Department of Justice and other regulatory agencies are not included.
Dash indicates that the percent has not been calculated because the base number is less than 50.
Sources: State of California Governor's Budget.
Annual Report of Financial Transactions Concerning Cities and Counties in California, State Controller's Office.

TABLE 63
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86
Dollar and Inflation-Adjusted Expenditures by Fiscal Year
(Data Shown in Thousands of Dollars)

Agency	Fiscal year						Percent change	
	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86	1980/81-1985/86	1984/85-1985/86
Dollar expenditures	$4,362,811	$4,954,317	$5,355,311	$5,878,081	$6,679,904	$7,486,696	71.6	12.1
Inflation-adjusted expenditures	$2,418,936	$2,553,930	$2,602,045	$2,723,456	$2,934,218	3,160,627	30.7	7.7

Note: Inflation-adjusted expenditures have been calculated according to the State and Local Implicit Price Deflator. Fiscal year 1973/74 was used as the base year.

TABLE 64
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY EXPENDITURES, FISCAL YEARS 1980/81-1985/86
By Type of Agency

Type of agency	1980/81		1981/82		1982/83		1983/84		1984/85		1985/86	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	$4,362,811	100.0	$4,954,317	100.0	$5,355,311	100.0	$5,878,081	100.0	$6,679,904	100.0	$7,486,696	100.0
Law enforcement	2,400,827	55.0	2,741,479	55.3	2,981,519	55.7	3,256,388	55.4	3,591,614	53.8	3,888,570	51.9
Prosecution	231,873	5.3	260,176	5.3	280,884	5.2	307,483	5.2	343,958	5.1	383,142	5.1
Public defense	84,066	1.9	96,737	2.0	111,941	2.1	119,559	2.0	138,085	2.1	157,113	2.1
Courts and court-related	405,827	9.3	468,538	9.5	516,024	9.6	551,094	9.4	662,461	9.9	752,993	10.1
Courts	274,266	6.3	316,690	6.4	349,700	6.5	374,582	6.4	435,454	6.5	487,530	6.5
Court-related	131,561	3.0	151,848	3.1	166,324	3.1	176,512	3.0	227,007	3.4	265,463	3.5
Corrections	1,240,218	28.4	1,387,387	28.0	1,464,943	27.4	1,643,557	28.0	1,943,786	29.1	2,304,878	30.8

Notes: Data shown in thousands of dollars.
Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 62.

TABLE 65
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1981-1986
By Agency

Agency and personnel	Year						Percent change	
	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1981-1986	1985-1986
TOTAL	102,350	104,931	107,057	110,568	115,349	119,698	16.9	3.8
Law enforcement	69,420	71,352	72,618	74,536	74,629	76,576	10.3	2.6
Sworn								
Number	49,985	51,194	52,111	53,044	52,189	53,606	7.2	2.7
Percent	72.0	71.7	71.8	71.2	69.9	70.0		
Civilian								
Number	19,435	20,158	20,507	21,492	22,440	22,970	18.2	2.4
Percent	28.0	28.3	28.2	28.8	30.1	30.0		
Police departments	38,310	39,375	39,570	40,348	41,638	42,389	10.6	1.8
Sworn	28,103	28,869	28,846	29,113	29,778	30,421	8.2	2.2
Civilian	10,207	10,506	10,724	11,235	11,860	11,968	17.3	.9
Sheriffs' departments	22,909	23,453	24,305	25,345	23,985	25,153	9.8	4.9
Sworn	16,305	16,584	17,211	17,630	16,026	16,885	3.6	5.4
Civilian	6,604	6,869	7,094	7,715	7,959	8,268	25.2	3.9
California Highway Patrol	7,052	7,306	7,480	7,580	7,660	7,687	9.0	.4
Sworn	4,916	5,044	5,308	5,522	5,609	5,531	12.5	-1.4
Civilian	2,136	2,262	2,172	2,058	2,051	2,156	.9	5.1
Other law enforcement agencies[a]	1,149	1,218	1,263	1,263	1,346	1,347	17.2	.1
Sworn	661	697	746	779	776	769	16.3	-.9
Civilian	488	521	517	484	570	578	18.4	1.4
Prosecution	7,184	7,407	7,460	7,686	8,072	8,474	18.0	5.0
Attorneys	2,068	2,102	2,144	2,282	2,420	2,540	22.8	5.0
Investigators	875	896	898	883	917	957	9.4	4.4
Clerical and all other	4,241	4,409	4,418	4,521	4,735	4,977	17.4	5.1
Public defense	1,929	1,972	1,992	2,013	2,179	2,286	18.5	4.9
Attorneys	1,212	1,235	1,255	1,262	1,361	1,430	18.0	5.1
Investigators	241	237	241	243	256	275	14.1	7.4
Clerical and all other	476	500	496	508	562	581	22.1	3.4
Courts	1,393	1,410	1,451	1,473	1,502	1,540	10.6	2.5
Superior	726	731	755	757	777	789	8.7	1.5
Judgeship	628	641	655	655	677	687	9.4	1.5
Auxiliary[b]	98	90	100	102	100	102	4.1	2.0
Municipal	569	584	609	634	642	668	17.4	4.0
Judgeship	487	499	515	523	529	547	12.3	3.4
Auxiliary[b]	82	85	94	111	113	121	47.6	7.1
Justice - Judgeship	98	95	87	82	83	83	-15.3	.0
Corrections	22,424	22,790	23,536	24,860	28,967	30,822	37.5	6.4
Probation departments	9,460	9,031	9,025	9,687	11,803	12,122	28.1	2.7
Probation officers	6,046	5,243	5,359	5,535	5,436	5,670	-6.2	4.3
All other	3,414	3,788	3,666	4,152	6,367	6,452	89.0	1.3
Department of Corrections	8,462	9,215	10,136	10,965	12,827	14,292	68.9	11.4
Correctional officers	4,405	4,906	5,484	6,064	7,206	7,709	75.0	7.0
Parole officers	441	414	408	508	619	679	54.0	9.7
Guidance, counseling, and all other	3,616	3,895	4,244	4,393	5,002	5,904	51.6	18.0
Youth Authority	4,502	4,544	4,375	4,208	4,337	4,408	-2.1	1.6
Correctional officers	714	753	715	682	754	747	4.6	-.9
Parole officers	448	445	425	373	371	347	-22.5	-6.5
Guidance, counseling, and all other	3,340	3,346	3,235	3,153	3,212	3,314	-.8	3.2

[a]The California State Police, University of California, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, and Bay Area Rapid Transit are included in the "Other law enforcement agencies" category.
[b]In order to permit meaningful comparisons of workload, full-time court commissioners and referees employed by courts were included as auxiliary judicial positions. This treatment assumes that these court officers were available to handle matters which would have otherwise required the full-time effort of an equivalent number of judges.

Notes: One-day count of personnel taken June 30 with the exception of police departments, sheriffs' departments, California Highway Patrol, and University of California Police which were taken October 31.
Personnel in Department of Justice and other regulatory agencies are not included.
In 1985, a new survey form was developed by BCS to collect probation department data. Because of the new data collection method, additional classifications may be included in the "All other" category.
As a result of additional information, 1982 and 1983 prosecution data, 1984 prosecution and probation department data, and 1985 law enforcement, prosecution, public defense, and probation department data have been revised from previously published data.

Sources: State of California Governor's Budget. Annual Report of the Administrative Office of the California Courts, California Judicial Council. Salary Survey of California Probation Departments, Department of the Youth Authority. California Public Defender, District Attorney, and Law Enforcement Personnel and Probation Personnel (1984, 1985, and 1986) Surveys, Bureau of Criminal Statistics.

TABLE 66
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME PERSONNEL, 1981-1986
By Type of Agency

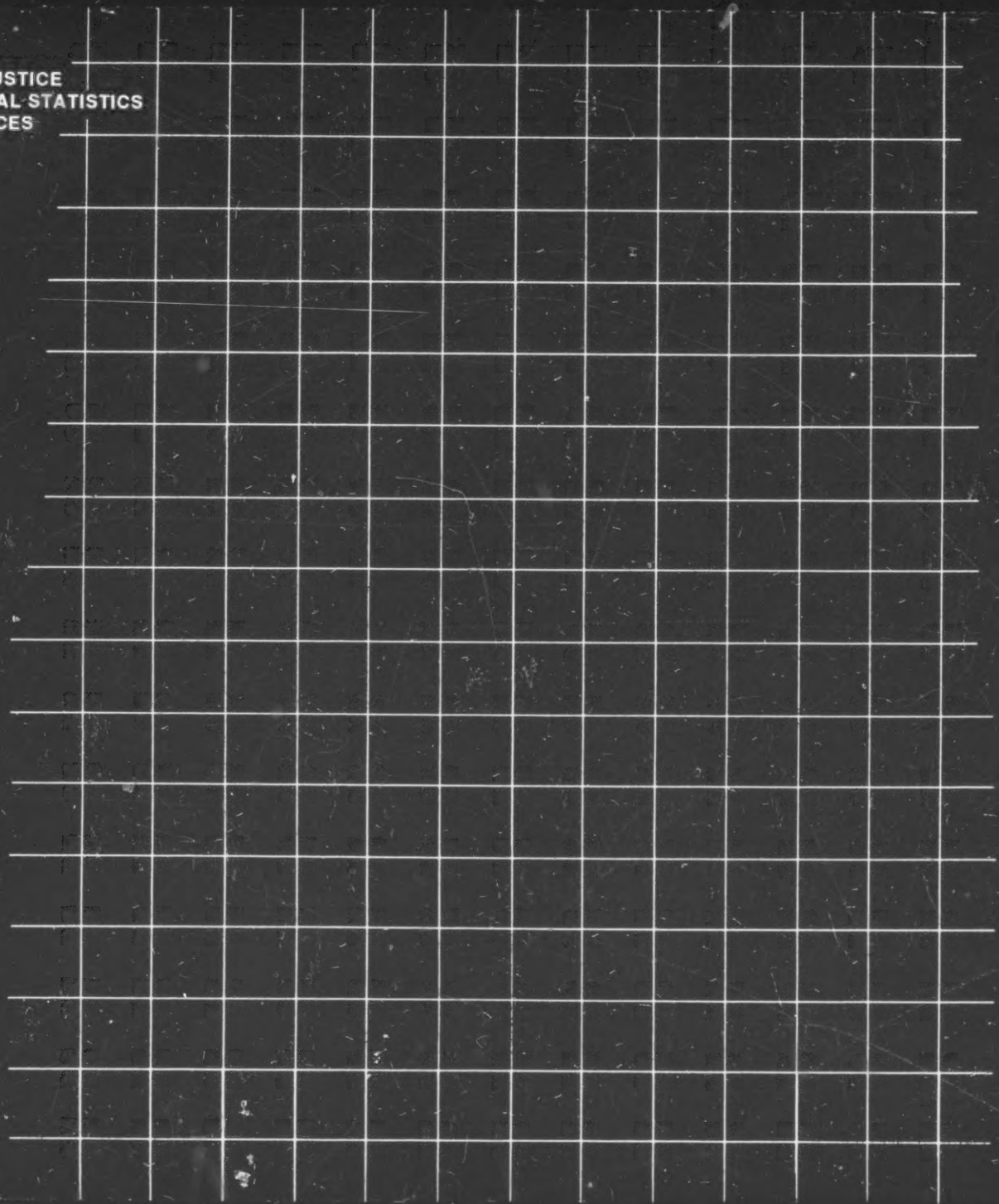
Type of agency	1981		1982		1983		1984		1985		1986	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	102,350	100.0	104,931	100.0	107,057	100.0	110,568	100.0	115,349	100.0	119,698	100.0
Law enforcement	69,420	67.8	71,352	68.0	72,618	67.8	74,536	67.4	74,629	64.7	76,576	64.0
Prosecution	7,184	7.0	7,407	7.1	7,460	7.0	7,686	7.0	8,072	7.0	8,474	7.1
Public defense	1,929	1.9	1,972	1.9	1,992	1.9	2,013	1.8	2,179	1.9	2,286	1.9
Courts	1,393	1.4	1,410	1.3	1,451	1.4	1,473	1.3	1,502	1.3	1,540	1.3
Corrections	22,424	21.9	22,790	21.7	23,536	22.0	24,860	22.5	28,967	25.1	30,822	25.7

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.
Source: Table 65.

TABLE 67
POPULATION ESTIMATES, 1981-1986

Year	Total	Population at risk		
		Total[a]	Adult[b]	Juvenile[c]
1986	26,980,800	22,616,101	19,720,387	2,895,714
1985	26,365,100	22,053,576	19,200,335	2,853,241
1984	25,622,000	21,757,477	18,886,160	2,871,317
1983	25,174,000	21,470,619	18,559,647	2,910,972
1982	24,724,000	21,163,158	18,194,173	2,968,985
1981	24,196,000	20,768,326	17,745,509	3,022,817

[a]Total population at risk, 10 years of age and older.
[b]Adult population, 18 years of age and older.
[c]Juvenile population, 10-17 years of age.
Notes: These population estimates are provided by the Population Research Unit of the California Department of Finance.
Each year, minor adjustments are made in the population estimates. The adjustments have a minimal effect on crime and arrest rates.
Crime rates are based on the total population; arrest rates are based on the population at risk.

State of California
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS
and SPECIAL SERVICES
4949 BROADWAY
P.O. BOX 903427
SACRAMENTO, CA
94203-4270

BULK RATE
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT 660
SACRAMENTO, CA